THE PREACHER'S MAGAZINE
J. B. Chapman, Editor

(Silver Jubilee Anniversary Number)
"Go Forward" (Exodus 14:15)

October, 1933 -- Vol. 8 -- No. 10

Published monthly by the Nazarene Publishing House, 2923 Troost Ave., Kansas City, Mo., maintained by and in the interest of the Church of the Nazarene. Subscription price $1.00 a year. Entered as second class matter at the Post Office at Kansas City. Mo. Acceptance for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in Section 1103, Act of October 3, 1917, authorized December 30, 1925.

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Digital Edition 12-06-09
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The big purpose of the plan for celebrating the twenty-fifth anniversary of the organization of the Church of the Nazarene is of course to promote the work of God in connection with the church -- there is a certain amount of utilitarianism in the project. Now and then some provincial person will tell you that denominationalism is passing and that the day of tabernacles and of independent movements is dawning.

But the fact is that almost all the people who attend church and are church members and church supporters are supporters of denominations -- the independents are negligible from the statistical point of view. Of course there is not so much narrow sectarianism as there once was, but that is a widely different thing to denominationalism.

Whenever someone bewails the fact that churches and denominations cool off and run their course and become unwieldly machines which hinder the efficiency of the work of God more than they help, they should be given answer that, comparatively speaking, movements that gather about individuals are much shorter-lived and much more prodigal of influence and money. The idea that some individual can run a church more efficiently and economically than a denomination with its wroughtout leaders can do it falls down at the critical point -- it is not true.

Not everyone possesses that "gall" or bigotry or whatever it is that makes it possible for a preacher to prey upon the community and gain a following upon the basis that he himself "is some great one" and that people should follow just because he is willing to lead. The most dependable people of the community know that a movement that has sound doctrine for its nucleus and which espouses a program of service and a system of methods that can go on when present leaders drop out is safer than the "sand in the rope," one-man (or one-woman) movements of the land. And one can be consistent and still advertise the virtues of a people and of a movement.

But not every occasion is a proper one for exploiting a denomination. One has to bide his time for such an opportunity. The Church of the Nazarene is comparatively new in the field of Protestant bodies, and it would help us in our task if the public generally knew more about us. At least we believe we bear acquaintance, and that those who know us better like us more. In many places where we have a struggling class the surrounding community does not know that there are almost two thousand churches like the one they see here, and that many of these churches are functioning in a very efficient manner. The community does not know of our wide reaching organization, our splendid literature, our schools and colleges, our great foreign missionary enterprise, and our wonderful success in growth and propagation. If the community were informed on these matters it would be more affected by the efforts of the struggling class in its midst.
Well, this rounding out of twenty-five years of denominational life and activity gives us the occasion to inform those about us about ourselves, without the necessity of "going out of our way" to do it. Just as Easter is the time to preach on the resurrection, this is the time to advertise the Church of the Nazarene. Source material is available, newspaper space is being furnished us, there is a sort of psychology of publicity on hand of which we should make use. Many of us will live long enough yet to make some observations. So I am going to suggest that the pastor who makes the fullest use of the present occasion will gain for himself the fullest field for evangelism and matriculation into membership during the next five or ten years.

There are several ways in which the preacher can use the present occasion to advantage.

1. He can make much of his announcements. He can take a minute now and then in his public services to announce that the whole denomination is observing the month of November as a time to celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Church of the Nazarene, and, incidentally, why they are celebrating, and, in general, what particular things the church seeks to emphasize: as the doctrine, experience and life of holiness, and world-wide propagation of pentecostal piety, etc. This announcement, carefully prepared and tactfully given can amount to a sermonette that will be quite effective.

2. He can make special arrangements for the distribution of the celebration literature, and find excuse for giving it to many people in the fact that this is a special occasion.

3. He can prepare himself for weaving in an unusual number of illustrations and incidents especially connected with the founding and development of the denomination, taking care always to connect his stories and incidents with the church of today. This indirect advertising is the best advertising one can give.

4. The live, wide-awake pastor can make this an occasion for asking larger space in the local newspapers. He can call upon the editor and explain to him the purpose and manner of the celebration and get some general and specific publicity that would not be possible at another time. The live pastor will hand the editor of the local paper some notes telling about the origin and growth of the denomination, in what vicinities it has its greatest strength, where it has missionary work, and something about its organization in the local community and the plans of the local church for revivals, erection of buildings, etc. Nazarene news will really be news during the celebration -- people will want to know.

5. Some preachers will use the celebration Sabbaths as occasions for preaching on specific denominational themes. This will require careful preparation, and this preparation may suggest the giving of other brief addresses both in our churches and otherwise. I plan to give my special Silver Anniversary address
frequently during both October and November. Some ministerial associations may invite our pastors to present our cause, and this is always a good thing to do, for the attitude of the preachers of the community restricts or enlarges our opportunity.

6. The celebration gives the preacher his opportunity to raise his denominational budgets, to push the special denominational Jubilee offering, and to put his local financial house in order. Anything Nazarene should be easier done during this special season -- the general foundation for the plea has already been laid. This is no time for the preacher to be restrictive and narrow. Push the whole program, local, district and general, and encourage the people to do something unusual in the way of Nazarene propaganda. The general denominational program has been lagging during the times of economic distress through which we have been and are passing, but this special occasion should start a flow of liberality that will put the General Treasury on its feet and start us on a program of expansion. And experience proves that when the whole denomination does well every unit is benefited and the local morale is improved.

There will not be another anniversary as suitable as this for another quarter of a century, and not many who are active in the ministry now will be here to utilize that occasion -- we cannot successfully celebrate just any anniversary, and one local church or district cannot celebrate successfully. It takes a united plan like the present to make a success.

We are trying to furnish useful material and suggestions in the present issue of The Preacher's Magazine. But the live preacher will reach out for grain that has not been thrashed. We trust no preacher will be satisfied with shallow verbosity, such as merely identifying the church name in the Scriptures, but that he will go after fundamental distinctions and show that there is really a "cause."

Perhaps the caution is not needed, but I feel I should at least suggest that we must by all means avoid invidious comparisons with other churches and forbid attacks upon other churches. Ours is not a negative movement, and we do not gain anything by fighting other churches. Leave the other churches alone. Even if they attack us, do not retaliate, do not often answer. Stick to fundamentals and to positive arguments. But with it all, let us pray and labor to the end that at Christmas time 1933 the Church of the Nazarene will be better known than ever before and that it will be worthy of the publicity received, and that it may continue its program of evangelization without abatement.

I have just recently become the owner of the Thompson New Chain Reference Bible, and I believe it is the best arrangement of the kind I have ever seen. It is, first of all, a Bible with the Authorized text complete. Then the marginal references are very convenient, and the helps in the back constitute a veritable library. If you have not examined this wonderful volume I hope you will do so soon.

* * * * * * *
Brother Christensen, a layman, who was in Brooklyn when Dr. Bresee came East in interest of the union of holiness forces which finally resulted in the organization of the Church of the Nazarene, told me that after Dr. Bresee preached once, William Howard Hoople said to his friends and associates, "If we cannot unite with a man like that, God have mercy on us." It was the clean, stalwart character of those early leaders that enabled them to rise above local differences and stand together for the preservation and prosecution of God's work.

*     *     *

Dr. Bresee possessed very much of the mind and heart of the poet. It would be interesting to glean from his published writings the many striking things he said. And he always spoke straightforwardly. His gems of thought were incidental. We are all familiar with his, "We are debtors to every man to give him the gospel in the same measure as we have received it," and, "It is still morning in the Church of the Nazarene, and the sun never goes down in the morning." But there are many others well worth digging out.

*     *     *

Dr. Bresee showed rare wisdom when he deliberately planned to take his work apart, sharing the superintendency with others, shifting the editorship and school presidency to others, asking for boards to administer the principal interests of the church, and refusing the suggestion which was made at the General Assembly of 1911 that he be elected General Superintendent for life. His wisdom brought about a situation which made it possible for the church to go right on with its vision and mission when he was called away, early in the life of the church, to heaven. And following the order which he indicated, the Church of the Nazarene has always refused to become a one man or a few men's church.

*     *     *

Writing and editing are tasks which must largely be done "by faith." For it is not possible to see the audience and know how they are receiving you. But the fact that so many preachers keep renewing for The Preacher's Magazine year after year, and the fact that so many answer our call for soliciting subscriptions help us a great deal. Now and then one thinks to write a word or so to the editor. Just now a note from Pastor Walter Fisher of Beaumont, Texas, reads as follows: "I have just finished rereading your editorial, 'The Measure of the Man.' This one editorial is worth the price of the subscription. I believe it will help me to grow to be a bigger man than I have been hitherto."

*     *     *
The Layman Company is now putting out its Tithing pamphlets in four-page Bulletin form, printed on two inside pages only, other two pages blank, for local material. The cost will give a saving of at least $5 a week to any pastor who uses four-page bulletins in his Sunday services. A good opportunity for five or ten weeks of tithe education without expense or special distribution. Thirty-two subjects to choose from. Sample set, 15 cents. Prices 40 cents a 100; $3.00 a 1,000.

Please give your denomination, also please mention The Preacher's Magazine. The Layman Company, 730 Rush Street, Chicago, Ill.

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03 -- EARLY NAZARENE LEADERS -- Compiled By E. D. Messer

(Abridged biographical sketches of early Nazarene leaders taken from Vol. 6 of The Young People's Journal, 1931, and Girvin's biography of Phineas F. Bresee, "A Prince in Israel.")

PHINEAS F. BRESEE, was born December 31, 1838. As a boy Dr. Bresee worked on his father's farm and improved his mind as opportunity afforded by attending school and by private study. Phineas F. Bresee had it in him to improve his mind and did so with the result that later, under God's leadership and blessing, he reached the front rank of leadership in the modern holiness movement.

In 1856, during a protracted meeting held in the little Methodist church of which his parents were members, he was converted. Rev. E. A. Girvin gives this account in the doctor's own words of his conversion: "I went and he (that is, the Methodist preacher) preached. I thought he never would get through and give me a chance to go to the altar, but he did finally, after preaching and exhorting. Nobody had been to the altar up to that time in the meeting, but he gave a chance and I went immediately and others followed. The meeting continued until Sunday. I think this was Friday night. On Sunday... after the morning service they had a class meeting, which was the custom in those early days; and it was during that class meeting that I was converted, and I realized that the peace of God came into my soul at that class meeting."

In 1883 Dr. Bresee moved with his family to Los Angeles, California. His abilities were immediately recognized for he was soon installed as pastor of the Fort Street Methodist Church which became later the First Methodist Church. While pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Los Angeles, Dr. Bresee came
into the full enjoyment of entire sanctification. As a result of this he said, "There came into my ministry a new element of spiritual life and power. People began to come into the blessing of full salvation." In 1886 Dr. Bresee became pastor of the First Methodist Church of Pasadena where he did a notable work in evangelism. He took into the Pasadena church during his four years there a thousand persons, either by letter or on probation.

The stimulating personality and remarkable leadership qualities of Phineas F. Bresee were marked even in a denomination whose attitude toward holiness was too often one of repression and antagonism. Given a church environment of warm friendliness toward holiness that same personality and those same leadership traits, under the anointing of the Holy Spirit, would take wings and lead on to greater heights of spiritual conquest. And just that took place; In the early part of 1894 this opportunity presented itself. Some Christian workers, having come into the possession of a trust sufficient to open up a downtown mission work, interested Dr. Bresee in the project. Land was bought and a good-sized auditorium was erected. In engaging in this work Dr. Bresee had thought that the Methodists would permit him to remain a full member of the conference, or at least have a supernumerary relation. The conference, however, did not act favorably on either of these suggestions and he was compelled to accept what was known as a location, which meant that he was no longer a member of the conference.

The new work in which Dr. Bresee engaged was known as Peniel Hall situated on Main Street near Second Street, Los Angeles. Considerable blessing attended his work but, after approximately a year there, he felt it expedient to withdraw, which he did.

This was now 1895 and Dr. Bresee, out of conference relationship, had no visible ministerial work ahead of him. But almost immediately a door for service opened. Many of the people who had gathered about him in the mission hall now rallied about him and after much prayer it was decided to rent a hall and open a new work downtown.

Accordingly a little group of earnest holiness people met in a hall on the first Sunday in October, 1895, with glad hearts and great rejoicing. On the third Sunday in October, 1895, the work was organized and one hundred pledged their loyalty as charter members. The charter membership list was kept open for a short time at the end of which 135 persons had enrolled. The Church of the Nazarene was launched. - - J Proctor Knott.

* * *

JOHN N. SHORT was for a period of half a century linked with the holiness movement of the East, and particularly of New England, in all of its varied phases. First in the Methodist Episcopal Church he was led into the experience of entire sanctification and became at once a vigorous and highly intelligent exponent of this
precious truth. For a number of years he had charge of the holiness meetings at Asbury Grove Campmeeting, Hamilton, Mass., where he was eminently successful in kindling and keeping hot the sacred flame of New Testament piety.

As time went on it became apparent to Brother Short that he could best serve the interests of the holiness movement under different auspices; hence his decision to withdraw from the church of his spiritual nativity. He then affiliated first with the Evangelical Association, and later with the Association of Pentecostal Churches of America. During the entire period of his association with this latter group, which, as all of our readers probably are aware, was united in 1907 with the Church of the Nazarene in the West, he served the pastorate of our church in Cambridge, Mass. For a number of years the congregation worshiped in a hail; but finally a beautiful little church was erected, which Brother Short had the joy of seeing entirely free of debt.

Brother Short's service to our church can never be properly estimated. He added strength and courage to the movement in the early formative period of its history, and it is due largely to the influence of his ministry and example that our Eastern work has attained the stability for which it is justly honored.

When the courtship between the Eastern and Western churches 'began, it was most natural that Brother Short together with Rev. A. B. Riggs and H. N. Brown, should be chosen as fraternal representatives to visit the Nazarenes of the Pacific Coast. These brethren, happily characterized as the "Three Wise Men from the East," attended the Nazarene Assembly in California in 1906, and thus paved the way for the union of 1907 in Chicago.

*     *     *

EDWARD F. WALKER, was born January 20, 1852. In June, of 1871, a holiness tent meeting was being conducted in San Francisco, by those great exemplars of sanctification, John S. Inskip, John A. Wood and William McDonald. Edward Walker was attracted to the tent, thinking it contained some kind of show. There he heard such preaching that his soul was stirred to its depths and on June 3rd he was soundly saved. With hand clenching his handkerchief he had gone forward to the mourner's bench where he fell a sinner but rose redeemed. Soon after his conversion he was sanctified and felt a desire to preach. Not having the education necessary he felt the need of preparation, and an old steamboat captain by the name of French, hearing of the young man's desire, furnished the required funds for his course in the University of the Pacific at San Jose, California. Edward spent two years at the university.

Edward E. Walker was licensed as a local preacher on December 4, 1873, by the California Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church. His first charge after leaving the university was at Santa Cruz. Here he met and married on April 6, 1875,
Miss Eliza Ann Bennett, the daughter of Thomas Norton Bennett and Sarah Hannah Bennett.

Dr. Walker had long been a friend of the Church of the Nazarene and in 1908 he joined the church and immediately took his place, as Dr. Bresee said, in the front row, and that a very short row. His rare gifts as a preacher as well as a theological writer were recognized and used by the church. He became editor of the Pentecostal Bible Teacher and for many years furnished his wonderful comments on the Sunday school lessons through this periodical.

He served as pastor of First Church, Pasadena, and then First Church, Los Angeles. At the General Assembly of the church in 1911, held in Nashville, Tennessee, he was elected General Superintendent, which office he held until his death, he being re-elected at the General Assembly held at Kansas City in 1915. In 1914 he made a fraternal visit to the Pentecostal Churches of Scotland, holding meetings in several of the churches of that body, which has since become an integral part of our denomination.

Dr. Walker served as president in two of our Nazarene colleges -- Olivet and Pasadena. His manifold duties and cares of office told upon his strength and after a serious illness, when he seemed to be recovering, he was stricken and died on May 6, 1918.

Dr. Walker was perhaps the greatest theologian in the Church of the Nazarene. The editor of the Herald of Holiness, writing of Dr. Walker in the issue of May 22, 1918, said, "He was scholarly, and refined, and unctuous -- a rare combination indeed, his scholarship did not lessen his tremendous earnestness, or his directness of endeavor for immediate results in his ministry.

He was simple and brotherly and had a kind word for all.

* * *

JAMES O. MCCLURKAN was born in the western part of the state of Tennessee. His father, Rev. John McClurkan, was a Cumberland Presbyterian preacher .... a man of scholarly habits. Every sacrifice was made that the children might have the benefits of the country school. James was the bookworm of the family. When prayers were over and lessons learned the sleepy children would seek their beds, all but James. He lingered to pore over one of the precious books, or to read aloud to his father. These hours of reading laid the foundation of a large knowledge and a love of learning which was to mean much to him in his life work.

When still very young he made his way to the altar to seek Jesus as his Savior. He was only a boy, not very strong looking, quiet and shrinking in his manner. Who could have thought that a great soul-winner was kneeling there in the straw? Who could tell what the pen was going to do in those slim fingers? Who
could foresee that in after years the zeal in this boy’s heart would kindle others until the influence would reach out to lands across the seas?

The Lord knew, and knocked for an entrance into this young heart. And the boy answered, putting his whole trust in Jesus as his Savior.

From that hour he reckoned that he was no longer his own. He belonged to another, who at great price, that of His own blood, had bought his soul from death.

He continued to study, and to do his work in the fields, and when he had reached the age of nineteen was admitted to the presbytery.

He married at the age of twenty-one, and after serving a pastorate in Texas, was called to California. It was here that he heard the doctrine of sanctification preached.

He was the pastor of a church which was being built up on deeply spiritual lines. People were being saved in his services. But he did not hesitate to go to the altar, preacher though he was, to seek a deeper experience.

Up to this time he had been possessed with a passion for souls, but after his baptism with the Holy Ghost God gave him a vision of a lost world and a power in his ministry and leadership such as he had never known before.

He was now called to the evangelistic field. Instead of a large congregation in one state, God opened the way for him to preach to multitudes in over thirty states.

Churches in many denominations were opened to him, but he was not satisfied with this. He carried the flaming message to people gathered in brush arbors, in tents, warehouses, in the by-ways of the slums and under the open skies.

In the providence of God he was finally led to Nashville, Tennessee, where perhaps the larger part of his life work was done, and its early promise fulfilled.

It was here, after a winter’s evangelistic campaign, the Pentecostal Mission was organized with a board of sanctified, Spirit-filled laymen, who stood loyally behind him and shared his labors.

One of the results of Brother McClurkan’s ministry in many states had been the call of a large number of young people to preach the gospel at home or in foreign fields.

Most of them had but little means to spend in educating and training themselves for this work, and the burden had lain so heavy upon his heart that he felt led of God to establish the Bible and literary school now known as Trevecca College.
His ministers and students were organized into bands which held cottage prayer meetings, visited the poor, ministered to the rich, preached in the streets and held regular services in the workhouse and jail. Summer tent campaigns covered the city, then the state, and extended to adjacent states. Thousands of people were saved, and sanctified or reclaimed, and as a result, all through this section Pentecostal Mission bands were organized -- inspired with but one burning desire, to get the gospel to men everywhere.

At the time of Brother McClurkan's home-going in 1914, thirty missionaries were on the field in five foreign countries, and a large number of preachers and evangelists were at work in this country.

It was this organization, known as the Pentecostal Mission, which united with the Church of the Nazarene in 1915, and is now a part of the church.

*     *     *

B. F. HAYNES, the first editor-in-chief of the Herald of Holiness, cast his lot with the newly launched Church of the Nazarene a few days before the General Assembly which convened at Nashville, Tennessee, in 1911.

It was in his later maturity that Dr. Haynes came to us and his service to the church spanned a brief decade, yet the church will always be the gainer from his ripe wisdom, stern probity, and intense passion for the truth of God.

While Dr. Haynes did not receive academic degrees, yet he was a scholar of wide learning and a profound thinker. As college president and instructor in Tennessee, and at Olivet and Peniel, he put his impress upon many who were to become leaders in the cause of Christ and the Church of the Nazarene.

Dr. Haynes was a born bishop -- a bishop in ability and training; a bishop in all but election. As pastor of Old McKendree, the greatest church in Southern Methodism, he proved himself a master preacher. Yet his great service to the cause of Christ lies rather in his work as editor. It was his good fortune to receive the very best of training for that exalted position, that is, in the practical workings of a country newspaper office. As editor of the conference organ, the Tennessee Methodist, the name of Dr. Haynes became one of the best known in Southern Methodism. So it was that when, shortly after his uniting with the Church of the Nazarene, the General Assembly at Nashville decided to establish a general church organ, the Herald of Holiness, Dr. Haynes was the outstanding one in mind of all to head the editorial staff. To this great work he gave the remaining years of his life. His editorials are classics, not only of chaste, vigorous, illuminative English, but of scriptural doctrine so clear, so complete, that they deserve to be preserved to future generations as authoritatively setting forth the fundamentals of the Church of the Nazarene.
WILLIAM HOWARD HOOPLE! The name always stirs memories in the hearts of those who knew him; memories which are pleasant to recall; memories of a great-hearted man; of a personality which refused to be denied. He first saw the light of day in the town of Herkimer, N. Y., August 6, 1868, "out soon after his birth the family moved to New York City, which ever after was his permanent home. He was converted during the great Moody revival meetings in Brooklyn, N. Y., which were held in the Y. M. C. A. during January of 1886. While the workers were singing that great altar song, "Just As I Am Without One Plea," this young man at the age of eighteen gave his heart to God. The evangelistic stamp of the Moody revival was never lost by him, and this fervor and zeal he ever after carried with him in all of his work. He became a very prosperous business man and practiced praying in his office. In 1893, while thus having devotions in his office, the Holy Spirit came into his heart and sanctified him wholly. Immediately he started to work for the Lord, and became a great soul winner for Jesus.

At once he launched out into the preaching of the message of holiness, gathering around him a nucleus of people who built what is now known as the Utica Avenue Church of the Nazarene, in Brooklyn, N. Y. He was ordained in this church under the old Pentecostal Association of the East. He served successfully here as pastor for ten years. He was then called to be pastor of the John Wesley Church of the Nazarene, of Brooklyn, N. Y., the people at that time worshiping in a store building. "Surroundings such as these are always too small for a big man." A man with a vision such as his could never tolerate anything but the biggest and best for God, and so with the aid of a loyal constituency he built the John Wesley church, locating it at the corner of Sumpter Street and Saratoga Avenue. It became the largest church in the East in the Pentecostal Association under his ministry which lasted approximately thirteen years.

It was during his pastorate at Utica Avenue that the Pentecostal Churches of America were formally organized into a denomination, December, 1895'. It was also at this church that the basis of union was accomplished with the Church of the Nazarene of the West in the spring of 1907.

He was a great singer, having a fine, deep, powerful voice. If he couldn't accomplish his purpose in any other way, he sang his way through.

When war was declared against Germany Brother Hoople could not remain on this side, when he saw an opportunity of serving his country and helping the boys in their moral life and comforting them in their illness and loneliness. He went out to France under the Y. M. C. A. in May of 1917 and worked incessantly at the front. He would speak in barns, buildings that had been shot almost to pieces, from the tail end of wagons and auto trucks. His great voice led them many times in singing the old hymns that reminded them of home and sacred things. He won the
hearts of thousands of those laddies, until he was commonly known among the regiment as "Pop." While serving in the war he was gassed and never fully recovered from it. It was this that finally caused his death on September 29, 1922, when he left us for the "glory world" that he had sung so much about. It will be interesting to know that his last words were, "Jesus is my best friend."

* * *

CLARENCE E. CORNELL. One of the outstanding pastors of the Church of the Nazarene in its early years was Rev. Clarence E. Cornell. Moreover he was a successful evangelist, a writer of ability and a natural leader of men. Withal he was affable, optimistic and a good mixer in the best sense of that expression.

Born in East Bethlehem Township, Washington County, Pennsylvania, on May 11, 1862, he was the first son of John and Elizabeth Cornell. His father worked hard as a farm hand and his mother's health broke down leaving her an invalid for years while Clarence was but a small boy. Thus, like many other boys who have risen to places of great usefulness, Clarence did not begin life in luxury, but what is vastly more important, he had pious parents. He relates how he was prevented from taking the downward course leading to destruction. "I owe my deliverance largely to my pious parents and a Methodist preacher by the name of Rev. Charles L. E. Cartwright. He came to the little Methodist church; was a particular friend of young people and interested in them; held a revival in which about twenty-five young people were converted and I was one of the number. 'Getting religion' changed my life and gave me a new viewpoint. I became a Christian at the age of eighteen .... From the time of my conversion I was inspired to make something of myself.

Brother Cartwright put me to work in the church and gave me my first job passing out hymnbooks. He gave me every advantage in training the young converts and helping them to stand."

In 1893 Brother Cornell was sanctified under the preaching of Rev. James S. Reager in Scoville Ave. Methodist Church of Cleveland, Ohio. At the age of thirty-six he felt called to preach and became a lay-evangelist. For nearly ten years he labored as an evangelist and had large success in winning souls to Christ.

In 1906 he was called to the pastorate of the First Church of the Nazarene in Chicago and entered upon a glorious ministry characterized by constant revival. Thus in 1907 he was the pastor-host of the great General Assembly in Chicago which witnessed the amalgamation of the association of Pentecostal Churches of America with the Church of the Nazarene which was the beginning of the various mergers of holiness denominations that made for a stronger and larger holiness movement.
In 1911 Brother Cornell was called to the "Mother Church," the First Church of the Nazarene, Los Angeles, to succeed Dr. P. F. Bresee. For seven years he labored there with large results.

At the close of this notable pastorate a report in the Los Angeles Times described the results in these words: "During the seven years' labor there 871 members have united with this church, and it has given in the aggregate $130,000 for religious work."

In 1918 Brother Cornell took the pastorate of the First Church of the Nazarene in Pasadena. After four years of devoted work with the Pasadena church Brother Cornell served for three years as pastor of the church in Ontario, California, during which time he suffered a physical collapse from which he never fully recovered. He passed away January 10, 1929.

* * *

WILLIAM COLUMBUS WILSON was a man of innate courtesy and refinement. Moreover these qualities were beautified by deep spirituality.

He was born in Hopkins County, Kentucky, December 22, 1866. His father, J. C. Wilson, had served in the Union Army as a captain but later settled on a farm. Thus, in the peaceful yet busy simplicity of farm life the son "Lummie" or "Lum" as his associates called him, was reared to manhood.

Early in life he was much interested in religion for he says in some notes he wrote of his youth, "From my early childhood I was very much impressed religiously, and was often under conviction. If anyone spoke about the judgment, or if there was a death in the community, or even:public worship and religious songs, I was much affected."

On October 30, 1886, Brother Wilson was married to Miss Eliza Jones, a devoted Christian. To this union four children were born. The spiritual training and Christian ideals of the Wilson home did not fail to impress the children. One, Hallie, went home to heaven. Two others are well-known today in the holiness movement -- Evangelist Guy Wilson and Rev. Mrs. Bertha Wilson Lillenas.

On May 14, 1888, he was sanctified and thenceforth an impression which he already had that he should preach became greater. He attended a school at Bremen, Kentucky, for a time and then entered I he pastoral work of the Methodist Church. His first charge was the Greenville circuit consisting of four churches, one of which he organized.

In September, 1893, his wife died and after a little time he entered the evangelistic field, later, however, he returned to the pastoral work. He was a full
salvation evangelist but got a hearing even if he had to secure a tent or engage a courthouse as a place of meeting.

In June, 1896, Brother Wilson was married to Miss Sarah Ragsdale, of Paducah, Kentucky, and to this union five children were born, four of whom are still living. A son, Mallalieu, is well known among Nazarenes, having been one of the assistant secretaries at the last General Assembly and also a professor at Bethany-Peniel College for some time.

After engaging in pastoral or evangelistic work for some years Brother Wilson united with the Church of the Nazarene. This was about 1903. In April, 1905, he came to California, went to Long Beach, held a six weeks' revival, organized a Church of the Nazarene there and became its pastor. Subsequently he served the Upland church and Pasadena First Church as pastor.

In 1911 he was elected District Superintendent of the Southern California District which he served most acceptably and ably for four years. Three expressions printed on his letterheads reflected the type of man he was: "Be Punctual," "Be Courteous," "Be Prayerful." There was something about his personality that commanded respect. It is not strange that the Fourth General Assembly (1915) laid its hands upon him and set him apart as one of the General Superintendents. The following was written by Brother Wilson on the occasion of his accepting the high office: "The work I must take up calls for heroism, self-denial, and deeper devotion to God and the church. We believe in world-wide evangelism, and that the quickest way to accomplish this is by organizing and fostering the work of holiness as we go, building strong centers, so as to reach the people of our own nation with a message of deliverance from the bondage of sin."

Little did the General Assembly realize that the swift-winged messenger would take the newly elected General Superintendent to heaven within three months of his election. But such was true. He held two Texas District Assemblies and opened a third assembly when, due to illness, he was compelled to return to his home in Pasadena, California. On December 19, 1915, he finished his course on this earth and went to be with Jesus. His going, which followed so closely upon that of Dr. P. F. Bresee, was a great blow to the church. He was yet a young man, being only forty-nine years of age.

Only one who had lived out and out for Christ could say from his heart these words which Brother Wilson said in a parting message: "I am going home to be forever with the Lord; Jesus has never failed me and is not failing me now. There is not a cloud in the sky; but everything is clear."

*   *   *
CHARLES B. JERNIGAN. Organization has been God's plan for permanency. Charles B. Jernigan recognized this and under opposition by friend and foe undertook the organization of a holiness church in the Southwest. Later his organization became part of the present Church of the Nazarene. A brief account of his activities are here related by Charles A. McConnell.

Yesterday I was asked, "Who would you say, was the outstanding person in the raising up of the holiness movement in the Southwest? Unhesitatingly I replied, "H. C. Morrison." With the same assurance would I name Charles B. Jernigan as the outstanding builder of the structure that became the Church of the Nazarene in the Southwest. In the states of Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, New Mexico and Arizona, he was largely responsible for the organization of the scattered holiness groups into a unified body. In the Southern states east of the Mississippi River his influence was weighty for "organized holiness."

By the fall of 1899 so great was the number of consecrated men and women who had been forced out of the membership of the churches of many of the denominations in Texas, that Jernigan, with others, issued a call for the unchurched holiness people of the state to meet at the newly established college near Greenville, to discuss the feasibility of organizing a church home for the outcasts.

After much discussion and very earnest warnings from prominent pastors, presiding elders, and college faculty members, who, while professing the despised "second blessing" yet retained their church affiliations, it was voted that the organization of a holiness church was a much too serious matter to be undertaken.

But Jernigan sensed a need, and even then had a vision that was to grow into reality in less than a decade. He called a meeting at his home for that night, and there seven persons united to form the Texas Holiness Association. The following year this was incorporated under state charter, C. B. Jernigan, E. C. DeJernett, and one other (C. A. McConnell -- Editor) being the incorporaters. This association functioned in every particular, and was recognized by the state and by the railway officials, as an ecclesiastical denomination.

Many of the prominent workers in the Association clung to the idea that the holiness movement was God's call to the churches, and therefore was, and would remain, "interdenominational." Jernigan, Chapman, Mary Lee Harris (Cagle), Neely, and others associated with them, with clearer understanding, knew that the denominations as such would never allow the holiness movement to "inter," and began to build and to unite embryonic denominations, until the great day at Pilot Point, in 1908, when these small holiness churches, together with the Holiness Association, became the Southern branch of the Church of the Nazarene.

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04 -- SOME PRESENT DAY NAZARENE LEADERS -- E. D. Messer
H. F. REYNOLDS, General Superintendent Emeritus, was the first ordained elder to become associated with the organized holiness churches of the East. He has served for a longer period in the General Superintendency of the Church of the Nazarene than any other of our General Superintendents. He is also the first one of our General Superintendents to attain unto an emeritus relation.

He was born May 12, 1854, at Lyons, near Chicago, Illinois. He was converted at the age of twenty, and at twenty one began active Christian work as superintendent of a Sunday school. His first pastorate was at Bondville, Vermont, in 1879. During this pastorate he was sanctified. He was ordained by Bishop Hurst, in 1886, and held various Methodist pastorates until 1892. Three years were spent in evangelistic work. Then from 1895 to 1907 he served as Foreign Missions Secretary of the Association of Pentecostal Churches of America.

Was elected: General Superintendent with Dr. Bresee when the Pentecostal Churches of America and the Church of the Nazarene were united at Chicago in 1907.

From the time of his election in 1907 to 1919 he was General Secretary of the General Foreign Missions Board, giving general supervision to the foreign mission work of the church. He traveled around the world three times in the interest of missions, setting in order our missionary work in Mexico, Japan, China, Eastern and Western India, South Africa, Palestine, Syria, Central America, British West Indies, and Nova Scotia.

Since being elected to emeritus relation by the 1932 General Assembly he has not ceased to be active in service, refusing to relax or let up, though now past the age of seventy-nine.

*     *     *

JOHN W. GOODWIN, General Superintendent since 1916, was born in North Berwick, Maine, March 13, 1869. Was converted in June, 1886, and began preaching in 1890. It was ordained in 1893. In 1905 he became associated with Dr. Bresee and placed his membership in First Church, Los Angeles.

Dr. Goodwin's first work in the Church of the Nazarene was in Pasadena, California, in 1905. After leaving Pasadena he was instrumental in effecting the organization of a Church of the Nazarene in San Diego, and in Whittier, California.

He was then elected District Superintendent of the Southern California District and served in that capacity three years. He then spent two years in helping finance Pasadena College. Then Dr. Bresee sent him to Oakland to look after the work there. Following this he was called to the pastorate of the church at San
Diego, and was serving in that capacity when in 1916 the General Church called him to the General Superintendency, he being chosen, with Dr. Williams, to fill the vacancies caused by the deaths of General Superintendents Bresee and Wilson. Each General Assembly since has conferred this honor upon him.

A diligent student from the beginning, Dr. Goodwin graduated from Olivet College, doing the work amid the pressing duties of the superintendency. Pasadena College granted him the D. D. degree. Under the leadership of this godly man and his colleagues the church has grown almost beyond one's fondest conceptions—from thirty thousand to one hundred thousand members.

His pen has always been active. His outstanding early book was "Living Signs and Wonders." His little booklet, "Storehouse Tithing," has done much to popularize this type of stewardship in our denomination. His latest work, "The Secret Place," brings its readers a little nearer to God. He writes as he has lived, with a strong mystical tinge.

Of all the present leaders of the denomination he was the most actively associated with Dr. Bresee, and when he was elected to fill the vacancy due to the founder's death, many said that the "mantle of the man Who made the denomination had fallen upon his shoulders."

* * *

ROY T. WILLIAMS, General Superintendend since 1916, was born in Many, Louisiana, in 1883. He was saved and sanctified at an early age. He graduated from Peniel College in 1905, and spent a number of years in the teaching profession. When twenty-eight years of age he was elected president of his alma mater, which position he resigned in two years to enter the evangelistic field. He was a delegate to the Third General Assembly in 1911, at Nashville, Tennessee. He acted as special evangelist at the next General Assembly in 1915, at Kansas City, Missouri, where he received a number of votes for General Superintendent. Upon the deaths of General Superintendents Bresee and Wilson he, with Dr. John W. Goodwin, was elected General Superintendent. He is now serving in his seventeenth year in this capacity.

Dr. Williams' pen is fluent, which according to his time is always busy. His first book was "The Perfect Man," a character study of those qualities which go to make a successful man, which marked him as a coming writer. "Temptation," a later book, has been placed in the ministerial course of study. His work "Sanctification, the Ethics and Experience," carefully delineates the power and beauty of this phase of holiness. His volume on missions, wherein he outlines his recent trip around the world in surveying missionary conditions with Dr. Goodwin, gives in vivid pictures the appalling conditions of the heathen in those lands where the church is laboring.

As a speaker Dr. Williams is logical and graphic to the highest pitch. His evangelistic fervor has not in the least abated during the strenuous years of
superintendency from the high tide which characterized him in the springtime of his career.

Wherever young people are to be addressed or advised, he stands among those most often called upon. His lectures to ministers set him apart as a brother to the preacher, and an expert diagnostician of the conditions and qualities which make for ministerial success.

A pioneer of Nazarene-ism, his popularity does not wane as the second generation of Nazarenes appears.

* * *

JAMES B. CHAPMAN, a pioneer of the holiness movement, was born in Illinois, August 30, 1884. He was converted at the age of fifteen under the preaching of Rev. R. L. Averill in a tent meeting, and began preaching at once. During the first year of his ministry he preached more than 200 times and saw scores converted under his ministry. He was a member of the Holiness Church of Christ, which organization coming into the Church of the Nazarene in 1908 completed the union, thus creating what is now known as the Church of the Nazarene.

When only twenty-four years of age Dr. Chapman was elected college president. He spent six years evangelizing and in pioneer work.

In 1920 he was appointed Assistant Editor of the Herald of Holiness to serve with Dr. Haynes who was then in ill health. The General Assembly of 1923 elected him as editor. He held this position until 1928 when he was elected to the office of General Superintendent.

In addition to his arduous duties as General Superintendent he edits The Preacher's Magazine, which he founded in 1920.

Dr. Chapman is a great and fluent writer, yet he never writes his sermons. He speaks extemporaneously and without notes.

He is the youngest General Superintendent, yet by no means is he a novice in the church. In thirty-two years he has preached more than 11,000 times, averaging more than 340 sermons a year.

* * *

H. ORTON WILEY, Editor of the Herald of Holiness, was born in Marquette, Nebraska, November 15, 1877. He graduated from the Oregon State Normal School in 1898, and received his A.B. degree in 1910 from the University of the Pacific. He earned his S.T.M. from the Pacific School of Religion in 1916, and in 1929, he was granted the S. T. D. by the same institution.
He united with the Church of the Nazarene in 1901, and began preaching in 1902. He was ordained by Dr. Bresee in 1905.

In 1910 he served as dean of Pasadena College, and for a number of years was president of the same institution, until 1916, when he severed his relation to take the presidency of Northwest Nazarene College, at Nampa, Idaho, which position he held for ten years, when he returned to Pasadena to again take the presidency of Pasadena College. After serving three years more at Pasadena he was elected Editor of the Herald of Holiness in 1928, but due to the pressing needs of the college he served as president and also as editor for one year, until his successor was chosen.

Since 1915 Dr. Wiley has been secretary of the General Board of Education. He has trained more than five hundred Christian workers, and from this group three college presidents have come. The late Floyd W. Nease, Dr. Orval J. Nease and Fred Shields. One-third of the missionaries of the church have been trained under him.

The General Assembly of 1923 appointed Dr. Wiley Church Theologian. Since that time he has devoted much of his attention to the preparation of a treatise on Christian doctrine, which work is about completed.

Dr. Wiley is ripe in scholarship, sound in theology, sterling in character and his contribution to the Church of the Nazarene shall never cease to bring forth good results in the years to come.

* * *

E. P. ELLYSON was converted when a child. He graduated from the Friends school at Damascus, Ohio. He also spent one year in the Cleveland Bible Institute. Was ordained in 1893, and served three years in the pastorate and one in evangelistic work, then became the founder and superintendent of the Christian Workers Training School, which later became incorporated with Central Holiness University, now known as John Fletcher College, of Oskaloosa, Iowa.

In 1893, Dr. Ellyson was married to Miss Emily Soul, of Dunham, Quebec, Canada, who has been a constant assistant to him in his work.

Dr. Ellyson was second president of Peniel College, at Peniel, Texas, serving in that position for five years.

While president of Peniel College, in the spring of 1908 Dr. Ellyson and others invited Dr. Bresee to visit Peniel and to organize a Church of the Nazarene, at which time Dr. Ellyson became a member. And at the General Assembly of 1908 at Pilot Point, Texas, he was elected one of the General Superintendents of the Church of the Nazarene to serve with Dr. Bresee and Dr. Reynolds.
Having accepted the presidency of Pasadena College, at Pasadena, California, Dr. Ellyson and others thought that the duties there were so many and so exacting that he could not perform them and also look after the General Superintendency, so he declined re-election in 1911. He was again elected General Superintendent in 1915, but declined it and continued in school work at Olivet, Illinois; Nashville, Tennessee; and Hutchinson, Kansas.

The General Assembly of 1923 elected Dr. Ellyson as Editor-in-Chief of our Sunday school publications, in which capacity he has served until now.

* * *

D. SHELBY CORLETT, General Secretary of the N. Y. P. S., was converted at an early age, and united with the Church of the Nazarene in 1910. He was ordained in 1919. His father and two brothers are also ministers in the Church of the Nazarene.

He is a graduate of Pasadena College, and has spent six years in successful pastorates and about two years in evangelistic work. Because of his success as a preacher and marked ability as a leader among young people, he was elected in 1923 as General Secretary of the N. Y. P. S. His success in this capacity is shown by the phenomenal growth and development of this branch of our work.

In 1926 he started The Young People's Journal, which has proved to be a great blessing to the N. Y. P. S. and is an invaluable asset to the church.

Since the fall of 1931 he has filled the position of Executive Secretary of the Department of Home Missions and Evangelism.

His services are also in constant demand for conventions among the young people, as well as for revival and campmeeting work.

He was the wise choice of the Board of General Superintendents as Executive Secretary of the Silver jubilee Anniversary Committee, to promote the celebration of this, our twenty-fifth anniversary.

* * *

ERNEST J. FLEMING, General Church Secretary, united with the Church of the Nazarene in January, 1909. He served as pastor of our church at Stockton, Illinois, the following five years. In September, 1909, at the Chicago-Central District Assembly, over which Dr. Bresee presided, his elders orders from the Apostolic Holiness Union were recognized. He was elected secretary of that assembly, which office he held until 1912, when by division of the district his membership was
transferred to the Iowa District, of which district he was secretary for several years,
and during which time he held a one year's pastorate at Chariton, Iowa.

In the fall of 1914 he became associated with Rev. H. S. Hester in carrying on
the holiness school at Des Arc, Missouri.

In September, 1915, he accepted a call to the pastorate at Racine, Wisconsin,
which pastorate he served four years, during which time the present church
building was erected.

In the summer of 1919 upon the death of General Secretary Fred H. Mendell,
Brother Fleming was appointed by the Board of General Superintendents to fill the
vacancy. He served as pastor of the church at Grand Rapids, Michigan, from
September, 1919, to September, 1920, and then moved to Kansas City, where he
has continued to serve the church in the capacity of General Church Secretary until
the present time, having been elected at the General Assemblies of 1923, 1028 and
1932.

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JOSEPH GRANT MORRISON, General Treasurer and Foreign Missions
Secretary, was born at Oskaloosa, Iowa, in 1871. He moved to the Dakotas in 1873.
Was converted at the age of sixteen. After working his way through college he
entered the ministry at the age of twenty-two.

For more than twenty-five years he was the champion of Wesleyan holiness
in the Middle Northwest. Under his leadership many holiness bands were generated
and fostered. A splendid company of Spirit-filled preachers rallied to his standard
and fought with him on the spiritual battlefield. His work in what was known as "The
Layman's Movement" will still be bearing fruit after Dr. Morrison has crossed the
great divide.

It was Dr. Morrison himself who finally led this "movement" into the Church
of the Nazarene, when he with some twenty other preachers and fully one thousand
people united with the Church of the Nazarene in 1922.

He was District Superintendent of the Minneapolis District almost four years.
Was president of Northwest Nazarene College one year. Served as Stewardship
Secretary and Assistant Foreign Missions Secretary one year. Since 1928 he has
served as Foreign Missions Secretary, and in 1932 was elected General Treasurer.

In addition to his many arduous duties as above outlined Dr. Morrison has
given to us through the printed page as Editor of The Other Sheep and through
contributed articles to the Herald of Holiness many excellent things to stimulate our
faith, and two most excellent books, "Our Lost Estate" and "Achieving Faith."
MERVEL LUNN, Manager of the Nazarene Publishing House, was born October 5, 1886, at Kenosha, Wisconsin. Was converted in 1907 and sanctified wholly in 1913. He joined the Church of the Nazarene in 1912 at Denver, Colorado, and was employed by the Nazarene Publishing House in 1913, serving as bookkeeper, auditor and assistant manager until March, 1922, when he was appointed General Manager. He also served as General Treasurer of the church from 1926 until the last General Assembly when, because of the ever increasing demand of the Publishing House upon his time, it became necessary for him to resign as General Treasurer.

The Publishing House has made most gratifying progress through all the years he has been in charge, but especially so during the years of the depression. Truly God's hand led in the wise selection of this good man to establish the great work of our Publishing House.

SUSAN N. FITKIN, President of the Woman's General Missionary Council. At the Third General Assembly of the Church of the Nazarene the work of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society was formally accepted. At the second quadrennial meeting a council of women was elected, Mrs. Fitkin being elected president. She has been re-elected at each succeeding meeting since.

Through the years the work of foreign missions has claimed her interest and attention. She has personally visited Europe, Africa, British West Indies and Old Mexico in the interest of foreign missions.

A resume of the early work of the W. F. M. S. and of her visits to the various foreign fields is given in her book "Grace Much More Abounding."

Under her efficient leadership the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society has made itself a force for God in the Church of the Nazarene in carrying on our great foreign missionary program. At the close of 1932 there were enrolled in the Society 26,602 members, and during that year they raised for the general fund $89,272.00.

When we depend upon education, we get what education can do. When we depend upon organization, we get what organization can do. When we depend upon man, we get what man can do. But when we depend upon prayer, we get what God can do. -- A. C. Dixon.

"Christ loved the church and gave himself for it." Do we love him sufficiently to give ourselves for His Church?
Ministerial Relief

The union was completed in October, 1908 -- twenty-five years ago. Many of the men and women who helped to promote the early days of the Church of the Nazarene have passed to their eternal home. Others, many of them, are still with us, hovering in the regions of old age infirmity.

From 1908 to 1919 the church was so busy getting under motion that it gave no constructive thought to the care of the aged minister. A beginning was first made in 1919. From 1919 to 1933 the sum of $80,000 has been expended in directly assisting 135 ministers, widows and deaconesses. Of this number about 35 have received temporary aid and the remaining number permanent aid. Ninety-nine ministers, thirty-one widows, four deaconesses, and one retired missionary have been assisted. Death has claimed 33 from the ranks of this family.

The amounts paid have varied according to the years of service rendered by the minister during his ministry in the church. From time to time it has been necessary to scale down the grants but at no time has permanent relief been wholly withheld. The relief checks are sent regularly each month and can be depended upon for food, clothes, shelter and other necessaries of life. There is no room for luxuries; only barest necessities.

Besides the actual support outlined in the preceding paragraph, the Department of Ministerial Relief has labored earnestly to create interest in the care and comfort of the worn out minister and the minister's widow. A pension plan has received the approval and adoption of the General Assembly for operation in the church. This plan when made operative will remove the care of the aged veterans of the cross from an uncertain benevolence to a basis of assurance of support. It has taken twenty-five years to bring the matter of assured support for the aged ministers to an issue in the church, now let us devote the next twenty-five years to its earnest promotion.

"Speak to the Church of the Nazarene that it go forward with the Ministers' Pension Plan."

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Home Missions

A general survey of the home missionary project in the Church of the Nazarene will likely include the whole growth and increase in the United States, Canada and the British Isles. At the completion of the anion in 1908 there were reported a total of 228 organized churches, of which number 47 came originally
from the eastern branch, 52 from the western branch in 1907, to which had been added 37 during the year preceding the Pilot Point Assembly, and 92 came from the southern branch. From this most humble beginning there have arisen a total of 1963 churches (1932). Making due allowance for the number added by the uniting of the Pentecostal Mission and the British Isles churches in 1915, we can safely say that there has been an average increase of 65 churches a year during the past 25 years of our history. All of these churches represent home missionary activity in its more general view. There is no way of making statistical summaries in this field.

The first definite action looking toward a general home missionary program was taken by the General Assembly of 1919, by the election of a Board of nine members to have oversight of home missionary work, and an offering of $100,000 was subscribed. During the quadrennium following an extensive program of evangelism was launched and much good accomplished. Churches at Minneapolis, Minnesota; Detroit, Michigan; Carthage, Missouri; and other places bear testimony to this good work. District Superintendents were given assistance in support, tents were purchased and placed in the field, coast-to-coast conventions were held in the interests of home missionary evangelism, and a world-wide, simultaneous revival was put on throughout the church.

From 1923 to 1933 the work of general home missions has been carried on under the oversight of the Department of Home Missions of the General Board. Support has been given to District Superintendents of home mission districts, tents have been purchased and put to work in the fields, campaigns having in view the organization of churches have been held, anti churches organized. These home missionary projects have increased in numbers, extended their saving influences, and raised multiplied thousands of money for kingdom purposes.

Approximately $150,000 has been raised and expended for general home mission work since 1919.

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The Mutual Benefit Society

The Mutual Benefit Society organized in 1916 as a means of furnishing a benefit not exceeding $1,000 at the death of a member, the Mutual Benefit Society has accomplished a work in the ranks of the Church of the Nazarene not to be duplicated by any similar organization. Its membership has been limited to members of the Church of the Nazarene only.

The Mutual Benefit Society has sustained a death loss of 678 on which benefits amounting to more than $650,000 have been paid. In many a family this money has made possible a suitable burial that would have otherwise been humanly impossible. In many cases it has paid doctors' and hospital bills in addition. In most cases there have been several hundred dollars for other purposes
after all the necessary bills have been paid. In not a few instances the assurance of the benefit has enabled loved ones to provide comforts, medicine and surgical care to assuage the suffering and pain of the dying otherwise financially impossible.

Through this ministry the Mutual Benefit Society has fed, clothed and sheltered lonely widows, fatherless children, and needy relatives. It has helped pay debts of long years standing when there seemed no way to meet them, thus saving the debtor's reputation. It has paid off mortgages on homes, on parsonages, and on churches. It has clothed and fed orphaned children, and in some cases provided for their education in Christian schools. It has made possible added facilities for the care of unfortunate girls and unmarried mothers and their children. It has kept missionaries on the field and preached the gospel to the heathen. Its ministry has been as broad as the earthly human needs of the beneficiaries to whom the benefits were paid. All this has been done without pecuniary profit to any member, director or officer, by uniting our combined streams of self-help and benevolence under a systematic plan of action. Thousands of our people have been protected at actual cost when other protection would have been impossible.

The work of the Mutual Benefit Society is being continued on a more substantial basis by the Nazarene Mutual Benevolent Association, duly incorporated and under state supervision.

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Church Extension

The work of church extension was instituted by the General Assembly of 1911. It was designed to raise money and with it aid local churches to secure church buildings by lending the funds to such churches at a moderate rate of interest and terms that could be met while carrying forward their local programs. The service rendered by the Church Extension office has been somewhat enlarged to include several other needful lines.

The first loan was made to the church at Coleman, Texas, in 1919, amounting to $300. Altogether, about 150 loans have been made aggregating $150,000. These funds have been the means, not only of securing new church buildings, but of saving many other churches from foreclosure and loss. Several of our outstanding churches of today owe their existence to the help received from church extension funds.

The work of church extension is very closely allied to that of home missions. Home missions provides the resources for launching an evangelistic campaign which results in an organized church. One of the foremost needs of that new church is a church building in which to worship and carry on its varied activities. Church extension assists that newly organized congregation to build or purchase the building.
In the years that follow these churches are instrumental in the salvation of many souls, in the calling of workers whose labors bless the world, and in raising large sums of money to carry the gospel to the regions beyond. There is no system of tabulating the results of means expended in church extension work. Only the Divine Accountant can do so.

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The Best Way

Says the Evangelical Visitor, "Not long ago a Hindu woman was converted, chiefly by hearing the Word of God read. She suffered very much persecution from her husband. One day a missionary asked her, 'When your husband is angry and persecutes you, what do you do?' She replied, 'Well, sir, I cook his food better; when he complains, I sweep the floor cleaner; and when he speaks unkindly, I answer him mildly. I try, sir, to show him that when I became a Christian I became a better wife and a better mother.'

"The consequences of this was that, while the husband could withstand all the missionary said, he could not withstand the practical preaching of his wife, and gave his heart to God with her."

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06 -- HISTORICAL AND BIOGRAPHICAL LITERATURE ON THE CHURCH OF THE NAZARENE AND ITS FOUNDERS -- P. H. Lunn

The following description of available historical and biographical literature is prepared with the thought that during this Jubilee Anniversary many preachers may appreciate information as to what source material is obtainable for lectures, addresses, also articles prepared for publication in bulletins and newspapers.

Ranking first among the publications dealing with the history, doctrines, government and policy of the Church of the Nazarene is the "Church Manual," revised and published following each quadrennial General Assembly. It is carefully indexed and constitutes a comprehensive reference book of the history, government, doctrines and ritual of the church (price 50 cents).

Another book of inestimable value, not only to members and friends of the church, but to all wishing to make a thorough study of the church, its early leaders and the various organizations and movements which merged into the Church of the Nazarene, is "A History of the Church of the Nazarene" by J. B. Chapman, D. D. (price 50 cents).
A vest-pocket size booklet, 3x5 inches, 32 pages, has been prepared especially for those who want something fairly comprehensive and at the same time attractive, to distribute to any who are interested in the church, its doctrines and its activities. This booklet contains a brief history of the church, a statistical report and articles on the different departments of the church, such as Foreign Missions, Sunday schools, ministerial relief, Young People's Societies, etc. It is attractively bound in colored cardboard. The title of this booklet is "The Church of the Nazarene" (priced at 5 cents a copy; 100 or more at 3 cents each).

For general distribution, house to house canvassing, etc., we have prepared an inexpensive eight-page circular, "The Church of the Nazarene, What It Is and What It Stands For." This circular contains a brief history of the church, a statement of doctrine, ordinances and polity; also statements and figures showing the growth of the church since its organization. The last page is blank so that a special imprint of any local church may be printed or stamped thereon (prices: 100 for 50 cents; 1,000 for $3.75. Special imprint on last page $1.75 extra for each 1,000).

A most excellent tract for distribution is one written by Dr. J. B. Chapman, "Who Is a Nazarene?" a four-page tract in which some of the characteristics of a true member of the Church of the Nazarene are pointed out (prices: 12 for 5 cents; 100 for 25 cents).

We also have had printed a one-page tract, "What We Believe," which contains the doctrinal statement of the church as given in the Church Manual (price, 100 for 15 cents).

In the biographical literature of the church the outstanding volume is, "A Prince in Israel," the biography of Rev. Phineas F. Bresee written by E. A. Girvin. This book gives a detailed account of the founding of the western branch of what is now the Church of the Nazarene. It is a large volume of 463 pages, profusely illustrated (the price has been reduced from $2.50 to $2.00).

Another interesting biography of Dr. Bresee is Dr. A. M. Hills, "P. F. Bresee, The Life Sketch of a Great Soul." This is a brief biography giving the high points in the career of one of our sainted founders (price 25 cents).

Rev. H. D. Brown has contributed still another biographical sketch of Dr. Bresee. This book confines itself more especially to incidents in the early ministry of Dr. Bresee -- facts that are not found in the other biographical writings (price 25 cents).

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07 -- FACTS AND SUGGESTIONS FOR MISSIONARY SUNDAY -- J. G. Morrison
The work of missions of course had its beginning in the spread of holiness in the homeland. And now at the end of twenty-five years the Church of the Nazarene has:

1. Missions in twelve fields: Africa, Argentina, Brava, British West Indies, China, Central America, India, Japan, Mexico, Peru, Palestine and Syria.

2. Approximately 75 missionaries.

3. 400 native preachers and workers.

4. 10,000 believers.

The beginnings in the various fields were as follows:

1. Rev. and Mrs. M. D. Wood, Misses Lillian Sprague and Carrie Taylor and Fred Wiley, sent out by our people of New England and New York, arrived in Bombay, India, in January 1898, and opened work which later became the nucleus for our mission in Western India.

2. John J. Diaz founded our mission in Cape Verde Islands in 1901.


4. Misses Lillian Pool and Lula Williams went to Japan and commenced our work in 1907.

5. Rev. and Mrs. H. F. Schmelzenbach opened in Africa in 1911.

6. Rev. and Mrs. Peter Kiehn and Miss Glennie Sims and Miss Ida Vieg went to China in 1914.

7. Rev. and Mrs. J. T. Butler and Mrs. Emma Goodwin went to Guatemala, in Central America in 1901, G. G. Anderson and Miss Daisy Ifert in 1902 and R. S. Anderson and wife in 1904.

8. Roger Winans and wife became our missionaries in Peru in 1917.

9. Rev. and Mrs. Frank Ferguson and Rev. and Mrs. Carlos H. Miller opened our work in Argentina in 1919.


12. Rev. J. I. Hill entered the British West Indies in 1926.

There are approximately ten millions of people in the particular fields assigned to the Church of the Nazarene. It requires approximately a quarter of a million dollars to sustain our foreign missionary program at its present level. Reinforcement is needed now in every field. Replacement of sick and retiring missionaries is an absolute emergency at the present time.

There are a number of instances in which we have reason to take courage:

1. We have very choice fields in every nation which we have entered.

2. God has given us the highest type of men and women to serve us as missionary representatives in these lands.

3. The number of conversions has been quite gratifying.

4. In a number of fields the native people are forging ahead toward self-support, and the native preachers are proving themselves capable of self-direction.

5. And perhaps the most significant fact of all is the wonderful interest our people in the homeland have in the work in foreign fields and the wonderful manner in which they are ready to cooperate in prayer and self-sacrifice for the purpose of sending the gospel to those who have never heard it.

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08 -- THE SUNDAY SCHOOL -- E. P. Ellyson

From its beginning the Church of the Nazarene has been somewhat interested in the Sunday school. The work began as an evangelistic movement, with campmeetings, tent meetings, holiness conventions and missions. This type of work gave no place for the Sunday school. But as soon as churches began to be organized the need of the Sunday school was realized. In connection with most of these churches Sunday schools were established. But so far as organization was concerned these were quite separate from the church organization. When the union of churches that gave us our present Church of the Nazarene was made the Sunday school was recognized. However its only organized connection with the church was a local Sunday School Committee with no particular authority or duties and no requirement to report. This committee simply lost itself in a Sunday school board formed from the Sunday school itself. Not until the General Assembly of 1923 was there any general Sunday school department, and not until 1928 was there any district arrangements. But now we have the Sunday school work an organic part of the church locally -- the local Church School Board, in the district -- The District Church School Board, in the General Board -- the Department of Church Schools. The general and district hoards are functioning effectively but the local board is not
working so well. Where it is understood and used it is a great help. As we become acquainted with its place it will become more and more effective.

Leadership Training work was introduced into our church after the 1923 General Assembly. At first the course must be arranged, the textbooks selected and other arrangements made. As a result this work did not get under much headway until after the General Assembly of 1928. Since this time it has been growing rapidly. We now have a high class standard Leadership Training course of twelve units which is being offered in institutes, classes and by correspondence. Over 3300 persons have registered for this work and 5356 credits have been issued since 1930. As a result our teaching and administrative work is being much improved. This means we are doing better work.

Twenty-five years ago the total enrollment in our Sunday schools was 7,780. There were no Vacation or Weekday Bible schools and no Leadership Training. Today we have an enrollment of 225,000 and many Vacation Bible schools and cooperate in some weekday schools. We have had an average annual gain of 4,688. Our smallest gain was 539 in 1917, and our largest gain 24,879 in 1931.

Twenty-five years ago we had no Sunday school literature of our own. We were using publications from the Methodists, Free Methodists and Pentecostal Herald. In 1907 we bought the Pentecostal Quarterly from the Pentecostal Herald and with the first quarter of 1908 began its publication under our own name. This is now our Advanced Quarterly. Other publications have been added from time to time until we have the following with the circulation indicated as reported at the last Board meeting.

- Advanced Quarterly -- 60,000
- Junior Quarterly -- 32,000
- Leaflets -- 58,000
- Children's Worker -- 4,500
- Junior Joys -- 29,000
- Intermediate-Senior Quarterly -- 26,000
- Home Department Quarterly -- 6,250
- Teacher's Journal -- 11,250
- Youth's Comrade -- 40,000
- Sunshine -- 20,500
Last year 19,167 conversions and 9,089 joining the church were reported from the Sunday schools. $44,748 was raised for the General Budget.

We have 1,863 schools in the home land and 167 in the mission fields.

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09 -- SUGGESTIONS TO PASTORS FOR SILVER JUBILEE ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION

Sunday, October 29 -- Rally Day

Scripture text for the anniversary is -- "Speak unto the people that they go forward" (Exod. 14:15).

Take this opportunity to introduce the program for the anniversary to your people. Study the entire program carefully. Work into this program all you can that will be helpful to your local church.

This first Sunday is a Special Anniversary Rally Day. It is our purpose to rally all of our forces -- all departments and members -- for the entire Anniversary Celebration.

Special goals -- Two Hundred Thousand in attendance in Nazarene Sunday Schools. Fifty Thousand attending N. Y. P. S. services. Each local church must have an attendance of Fifty Per Cent above their average attendance in order to reach this goal. Plans must be laid early in order to reach this goal.

Make This A Local Church Day

Review the history of your local church -- tell of its membership, gains or losses in the past years. Review your opportunities in the community and city -- for Sunday school, for evangelism, for reaching new people.

Emphasize that we are not only celebrating the first twenty-five years in the history of our church, but that we are also entering upon a new cycle of twenty-five years. What will the next twenty-five years mean to your church?

Make good use of the text. Emphasize the command to "go forward." Read also Deut. 1:6-8. Show that life is not static -- we are either making progress or retrograding. A church cannot remain static and please God.

Set reasonable goals for accomplishment by your local church. Challenge your membership to advancement along the following lines: deeper devotion to
God as individuals, set a goal for the number of souls to be won to Christ within a given time; a goal for church membership, for Sunday school gains, and definite objectives for W. M. S. and N. Y. P. S. organizations to reach. We cannot rest in what we have accomplished we must "Go Forward."

Sunday, November 5 -- Church Appreciation Day

The purpose of this day is to increase appreciation for the Church of the Nazarene; its doctrines, its standards, its history and its work.

Review briefly the history of the church since its organization in 1908. A statement concerning the various smaller organizations which merged to form our present church would be helpful.

We are not a branch from any other church, we are not organized around any ordinance, we are organized for the promotion and conservation of the doctrine and experience of entire sanctification.

Emphasize the necessity for such a church. Show how God has blessed the Church of the Nazarene as she has stayed true to the standard of holiness.

We desire through a greater appreciation for the Church of the Nazarene on the part of our newer members and friends, to enlist them to a more loyal support of the church. Not merely a financial support, but their life and talents given in service for God and the church, their enthusiastic support of our program, local, district and general.

Sunday November 12 -- Deeper Personal Devotion

The purpose of this day is to encourage our people to a deeper relationship with God and to a life of deeper devotion. Our challenge is -- "We must go deeper as individual members if we would go farther as a church."

Use the text, "Go forward" (Exod. 14:15) and emphasize the importance of "going forward" in our devotion to God.

The day will begin with a "Sunrise Prayermeeting." Advertise this prayermeeting well. Urge your people to come. The entire Church of the Nazarene will be meeting God in prayer at sunrise on this day. Spend at least one hour in this prayermeeting.

The bulletin issued for this day states the goals for this day. Incorporate these goals in your messages. If properly observed, this day for the deepening of our personal devotion to God could be the outstanding day of the anniversary celebration. It may mark a new epoch in the lives of individual members and of the entire church.
Sunday, November 19 -- Missionary Anniversary

It may be well to use the same text as that used last Sunday -- Exod. 14:15. Emphasize that we must "Go Forward" in missionary work.

Familiarize yourself with the missionary work of our church. With the various locations of our mission stations. Mention briefly the history and accomplishments made in these fields. All of this may be secured from the Missionary Headquarters, or from information issued for this purpose.

It is estimated that there are ten million people living in the mission fields restricted to our church. These fields belong to our church, if they ever have the gospel they must receive it from the missionaries and native workers of the Church of the Nazarene. So far only a few million of these people have been touched with the gospel message, and only a small percentage have accepted the message. Endeavor to lay upon the hearts of your people that it is their responsibility to do their best to reach these people.

How many of these ten million should we win to Christ within the next twenty-five years? That will depend upon how we support our missionary cause, upon the prayers of our people at home, and upon the faithful efforts of our missionaries and native workers in those fields.

There is no question that the secret of our remarkable growth in home fields is due to the fact that our church from its origin has been characterized with a missionary spirit. A missionary church will work to reach the needy at home while they pray and give to reach those abroad.

Sunday November 26 -- Jubilee Thanksgiving Service

Our purpose is to make this Sunday a day of thanksgiving and praise to God for the Church of the Nazarene. To praise Him for His blessings upon the church, for His work through the church. Praise Him for our missionary work and its advancement, for the progress made in our home lands, for our institutions -- schools, publishing house, etc. -- for the valuable contribution they have made to the spreading of the gospel.

In the United States this is our annual Thanksgiving Sunday -- the Sunday preceding our annual Thanksgiving Day. It has been our custom for years to have a Thanksgiving Offering for General Budget purposes. This offering will be taken as usual. We are endeavoring to receive One Hundred Thousand Dollars from our entire church on that day, an average of one dollar a church member. Your Sunday School, W. M. S., and N. Y. P. S. will assist in this offering. Make this offering a part of your thanksgiving and praise to God for the church.
The pastor will do well to plan wisely, pray much, and depend upon the leadership and blessing of the Holy Spirit to make this Jubilee Thanksgiving Service a success. It will be twenty-five years before we have another opportunity to have such a celebration. So let us improve the opportunity.

The religion we live is the only religion we have, no matter how much we profess.

It costs to follow Jesus Christ, but it costs more not to follow Him.

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10 -- AN APPEAL TO OUR PREACHERS SUNDAY, NOVEMBER TWENTY-SIXTH, WILL BE A GREAT NAZARENE DAY -- J. G. Morrison

It's the culmination of the church's Twenty-fifth Jubilee Celebration. The leaders of the church have asked that on that day each congregation shall gather a loyal love offering for its world-wide evangelistic program.

The church leaders are begging our pastors and people to gather up on that date an average of one dollar a member.

1. Let us do it out of keen gratitude to God for bringing the Church of the Nazarene -- our church -- our holiness church -- into existence two and a half decades ago. What a blessing it has been to each one connected with it.

2. Let us do it because of what God has wrought in the twenty-five fleeting years -- constituting a mere handful of folks who "were no people," into a great army for His name, whose tread can be felt in every state.

3. Let us do it because of our heart interest in the work our Master is now accomplishing on Nazarene mission fields. From nothing, or next to nothing, twenty-five years ago, we have, by His grace, and the sacrifice of our missionary heroes over there, built a foreign church of fully ten thousand adherents. It must be supported. The work must not lag. Our victories yonder must continue.

4. Let us do it because the three years' economic storm has piled up deficits over against every feature of our Nazarene world wide program. Our Home Missions and Church Extension funds have practically ceased to reach the General Treasury. The old preacher veterans are now ground down to the fragments of a pitiable payment. The Headquarters officials and help are all cut to a minimum, while in foreign missions:

The school in Peru is dying for lack of support. The little holiness paper El Cristiano is suspended in Guatemala, also Spanish Sunday school literature.
Japan is struggling to hold the fields where new churches have been planted. A great harvest calls for the gathering, which cannot be reaped.

China is shriveling down, down, down because of inadequate remittances. Sister Ida Vieg is in a hospital subject to great expense.

India is keenly threatened with sickness for lack of vacation funds. Missionaries all are overworked.

In Jerusalem Sister A. H. Kauffman had a narrow escape in sickness and the hospital expenses are unpaid.

In Japan Sister William Eckel almost died and her medical and hospital expenses form a sad deficit.

In Africa Sister Maud Cretors has suffered a collapse and has surgical and medical bills accumulating. The Fitkin Memorial Hospital staff is overworked and must have two nurses. The Portuguese East Africa buildings are not yet saved from possible loss.

All fields need reinforcements, replacements, repairs, restoration of courage and spiritual enthusiasm. The home church alone can do this.

O pastors, Nazarene people of God, will you not rally on November 26 and lift the oppression of stagnation from our Home Mission efforts; lift the burden of starvation from our old veteran, worn out preachers; lift the hospital deficits, the sickness expenses, the furlough needs, the reinforcement emergencies from our foreign fields? The church keenly needs one hundred thousand dollars November 26th.

This is a critical emergency. God has amazingly blessed us since 1907. Unless, in gratitude and joy for His leadership and blessing in the past two decades and a half, we lay in November a generous offering of a dollar a member on His altars as a hearty love offering to Jesus our Lord, will He be wholly pleased?

Let us fully please Him! -- J. G. Morrison, General Treasurer.

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11 -- BE STRONG -- E. M. Vaught -- (Joshua 1:6, 7, 9, 18)

I. Be strong in the Savior, who only has strength (Psa. 24:8).

II. Be strong in the Truth, and only go its length (Rev. 22:18).
III. Be strong in His Righteousness, purest of all (1 Cor. 5:21).

IV. Be strong through Obedience whatever befall (John 2:5).

V. Be strong in your Nothingness, He is enough (1 Cor. 12:10).

VI. Be strong in His Gentleness, it will not "puff" (Psa. 18:35).

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The best remedy for a sick church is to put it on a missionary diet.

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Love never asks how much must I do, but how much can I do?

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12 -- A HISTORICAL INTERLUDE -- Olive M. Winchester
(Isaiah Chaps. 36 -- 39)

After the words of warning had been sounded out to Judah and Jerusalem for her sin and iniquity interspersed with words of hope that the day of consolation would come when her glory would be restored through the salvation of a remnant, then the prophet stops in the midst of his prophesying and gives three outstanding historical incidents which reveal to us how great was Isaiah's influence. We see him standing beside kings giving words of encouragement and consolation, also words of warning.

A Foreign Invasion

The most stirring of the three historical incidents is the account of the invasion of Sennacherib in 701 B.C. In the chapters preceding many of the prophecies had centered around this invasion. We have the coming of the Assyrian announced as a judgment upon Judah and we have a poetic description of his approach; now we hear the story in prose narrative. But the coming of Assyria had more than one lesson couched in its happening. While on the one hand Assyria was "the rod of indignation" in the hand -- of Jehovah against Judah, on the other hand the invasion of the tyrant's forces and their repulsion represented an old-time battle, the waging of war between force and faith.

Speaking of the moral hidden, yet apparent, George Adam Smith says, "The whole moral of Isaiah's prophesying is here flung into a duel between champions of the two tempers, which we have seen in perpetual conflict throughout his book. The two tempers are -- on Isaiah's side an absolute and unselfish faith in God, Sovereign of the world and Savior of His people; on the side of the Assyrians a
bare, brutal confidence in themselves, in human cleverness and success, a
vaunting contempt of righteousness and of pity. The main interest of Isaiah's books
has consisted in the way these tempers oppose each other, and alternately
influence the feeling of the Jewish community. That interest is now to culminate in
the scene which brings near such thorough representatives of the two tempers as
Isaiah and Rabshakeh, with the crowd of wavering Jews between. Most strikingly,
Assyria's last assault is not of force, but of speech, delivering upon faith the subtle
arguments of the worldly temper; and as strikingly, while all official religion and
power of state stand helpless against them, their arguments are met by the bare
word of God. In this mere statement of the situation, however, we perceive that
much more than the quarrel of a single generation is being decided. This scene is a
parable of the everlasting struggle between faith and force, with doubt and despair
between them."

As the scene is brought before us we see Rabshakeh, the title for the king's
chief emissary, standing by the conduit of the upper pool, the very spot where
Isaiah had gone forth to meet Ahaz some years before. The location would seem to
be near the city of Jerusalem so that those of the citizens who were on the wall
could hear all that was spoken. As he waited there, representatives of Hezekiah, the
king, went forth to meet him, Eliakim who was over the king's household, Shebna
the scribe and Joash, the recorder. The army was encamped at Lachish, a fortress
in the Shephelah, which was situated on the road to Egypt.

When the emissaries of Hezekiah, the king, appeared then began Rabshakeh
in taunting language to upbraid and suggest that there must be some source of
confidence on which Hezekiah relied that he stood in defiance against the great
king of Assyria. With some degree of plausibility he suggested that it might be that
he was relying upon Egypt. As we have followed the course of the prophecies, we
have seen that there was a party in Judah which entered into a covenant to go down
to Egypt for help, but this did not include Hezekiah. Rabshakeh, however, would not
differentiate one party of nobles in Judah from the other. Then again he offers the
thought that the king of Judah may be relying upon Jehovah their God, but at the
same time with his confused understanding of Jewish religious worship he seeks to
destroy confidence in such trust by suggesting that Hezekiah has taken away his
altars, referring to the altars of the high places which were held sacred in the eyes
of all the heathen nations. Adding to these taunts he throws out insinuations as to
the weakness of their military strength and finally climaxes his daring by
proclaiming, "Jehovah said unto me, Go up against his land, and destroy it."

Knowing that all such charges would disquiet the minds of the people and
engender fear, Eliakim with his fellow emissaries entreated Rabshakeh that he
speak to them in the Syrian language and not in the Jews' language in the ears of
all the people, but the more defiantly did he cry out and that too calling unto the
people who were sitting on the wall exhorting them not to let Hezekiah deceive
them that Jehovah would deliver them; none of the gods of the other nations had
been able to deliver their people from the hands of his master, neither would
Jerusalem be delivered; but the people in obedience to the king's command held their peace and made no answer to the Assyrian envoy.

When the challenge of the Assyrian emissaries reached Hezekiah, he put on sackcloth and went unto the house of the Lord; moreover he sent the Jewish messengers to Isaiah to entreat him to pray. With the calmness of repose of faith characteristic of the great prophet, he returns word, "Thus shall ye say to your master, Thus saith Jehovah, Be not afraid of the words that thou hast heard, wherewith the servants of the king of Assyria have blasphemed. Behold, I will put a spirit in him, and he shall return unto his own land; and I will cause him to fall by the sword in his own land."

In the mean time Rabshakeh had returned to the king of Assyria who had changed his position from Lachish to Libnah, because the word had reached him that the king of Ethiopia had come out to fight against him. When this exigency arose, fearing lest the Ethiopian king was coming with a larger force than the one which he had met and defeated before and that it would be poor policy to leave a strong fortress like the city of Jerusalem in the rear, he decided to make another assault on the city through force of words of defiance and contempt, so he sends a letter to Hezekiah warning him that if he is trusting in his God to deliver him at this time, he should remember that other gods have not been able to deliver their devotees. Upon receiving the letter the king went unto the house of the Lord and spreading it out began to pray that Jehovah might hear all the words of defiance against His holy name and that he would stretch forth His mighty arm and save them.

As the king thus prayed before the Lord, the undaunted prophet sent word that whereas the king of Assyria had thrown out his taunts and had looked with contempt upon the city of Zion, the city of God, the daughter of Jerusalem would call forth, "Whom hast thou defied and blasphemed? and against whom hast thou exalted thy voice and lifted up thine eyes on high? even against the Holy One of Israel .... Therefore thus saith Jehovah concerning the king of Assyria, He shall not come unto this city, nor shoot an arrow there, neither shall he come before it with shield, nor cast up a mound against it. By the way that he came, by the same shall he return, and he shall not come unto this city, saith Jehovah. For I will defend this city to save it, for mine own sake, and for my servant David's sake."

Then we read the culmination of the incident, that there was smitten in the camp of the Assyrians one hundred and eighty-five thousand. It was a section of the country in which the pestilence raged; other armies of later date suffered from its fatal power; this was the means in the hands of the angel of the Lord used to decimate the Assyrian host. With so many of his soldiers lying dead around him, the king decided to desert the field of battle and returned home. There he met the unhappy fate of being slain by his own sons; such was the inglorious end of one who defied Jehovah of hosts.
Lord Byron has given us a description of this event in poetic form:

"The Assyrian came down like the wolf on the fold,
And his cohorts were gleaming in purple and gold:
And the sheen of their spears was like stars on the sea,
When the blue wave rolls nightly on deep Galilee.

"Like the leaves of the forest when summer is green,
That host with their banners at sunset were seen;
Like the leaves of the forest when autumn hath blown,
That host on the morrow lay withered and strown.

"For the Angel of Dearth spread his wings on the blast,
And breathed on the face of the foe as he passed,
And the eyes of the sleepers waxed deadly and chill,
And their hearts but once heaved, and forever grew still.

"And there lay the steed with his nostril all wide,
But through it there rolled not the breath of his pride;
And the foam of his gasping lay white on the turf,
And cold as the spray of the rock-beaten surf.

"And there lay the rider distorted and pale,
With the dew on his brow, and the rust on his mail:
And the tents were all silent, the banners alone,
The lances unlifted, the trumpet unblown.

"And the widows of Ashur are loud in their wail,
And the idols are broken in the temple of Baal;
And the might of the Gentile, unsmote by the sword,
Hath melted like snow in the glance of the Lord."

An Afflicted King

We have seen the king of Judah surrounded by the enemy, we have seen the intrepid faith of Isaiah, the prophet. As the next historical incident is presented to us, we see the same individuals as the chief personages and we also see circumstances of somewhat like nature. This time the king is again under trial of affliction, yet it is not through the menace of a foe but by disease, even the prophet had said unto him that he would die. He had been a righteous king; it would seem that his work was not yet finished, that his nation needed him; the world was still in turmoil and might break with its fury upon the little nation of the Jews, yet he must die. Again he retreats to prayer, calling to remembrance before Jehovah that he had walked before Him in truth. Once more his prayer is heard and the word of assurance comes that he will not die, but fifteen years shall be added unto his life as evidence of which the sun would return ten steps on the dial of Ahaz.
For a poetic description of this event we need turn to no other than the king himself. In the writing he gives us a picture of the darkness that lay out beyond death to the Hebrew mind. In giving a title to the chapter Smith forms it, "An Old Testament Believer's Sick-bed; or the Difference Christ has Made." This would seem to be an appropriate title, for we hear the wail as he looks out:

"My dwelling is removed, and is carried away from me as a shepherd's tent: I have rolled up, like a weaver, my life; he will cut me off from the loom: From day even unto night wilt thou make an end of me."

Then we hear the pæan of praise as once again he sees hope of life:

"The living, the living, he shall praise thee, as I do this day: The father to the children shall make known thy truth. Jehovah is ready to save me: Therefore we will sing my songs with stringed instruments All the days of our life in the house of Jehovah."

A King Reproved

As we come to the third historical incident we find appearing before us the same leading persons, king Hezekiah and the prophet Isaiah, this time under a little different relationship. There is also introduced the king of Babylon.

Although Assyria was the dominant world power during this period, yet on two occasions Babylon had been able to assert its autonomy under the able ruler, Merodach-Baladan. In the reign of Sargon he had been able to maintain his independence for twelve years and in the reign of Sennacherib for six months. He did this by forming alliances with the enemies or restive subject nations under the Assyrian dominance. Evidently the mission of Merodach-baladan to Judah at this time was for some such purpose as this.

Veiling his real motive, Merodach sent messengers and a present to Hezekiah ostensibly as a gratulation upon his recovery. Being flattered by the recognition and no doubt feeling that the alliance might be of mutual benefit in resisting the aggressiveness of the great foreign power of Assyria, Hezekiah showed to the emissaries all his resources of wealth and also his military equipment.

Although the king was beguiled into pride and coquetry with this foreign power, yet the prophet Isaiah remained steadfast to the one principle that ever dominated his life and that was that the only refuge for the nation was trust in
Jehovah without reliance on any worldly power. Thereupon when the messengers had departed, he came to the king and made inquiry, "What said these men? and whence came they unto thee?" Evidently feeling that he had transgressed somewhat, the king answers the least embarrassing question first and replies that the men came from a far country. Then Isaiah "makes another poignant inquiry, "What have they seen in thy house?"

It would seem that the prophet did not wait for reply; perhaps he would not embarrass the king further. Hezekiah no doubt already understood the underlying denunciation of his conduct. As says Skinner, "It was not necessary to specify wherein the offence consisted; king and prophet understood each other perfectly. The reception of an embassy from the sworn enemy of the king of Assyria was in itself an act of rebellion likely to precipitate a conflict which Isaiah strove to avert; and the childish vanity displayed by Hezekiah, his pride in earthly resources, and his readiness to enter into friendly relations with the powers of this world, were tendencies against which Isaiah's ministry had been a continuous protest. All these tendencies sprang from a single root, the lack of that absolute faith in Jehovah as the all-sufficient guide and protector of the nation which was the fundamental article of Isaiah's political program." But the prophet did warn him of what was to befall the nation in days to come. "Behold," he says, "the days are coming, when all that is in thy house, and that which thy fathers have laid up in store until this day, shall be carried to Babylon; nothing shall be left saith Jehovah.

While the announcement given had within it intimation of dire calamity, yet since peace and truth were to characterize his own days and moreover since to the Hebrew the delay of judgment carried with it the thought of its mitigation, the king made answer in words of resignation, "Good is the word of Jehovah." Thus we have brought to a conclusion the three historical incidents in which both prophet and king figure very prominently.

Spiritual Lessons

In reading these chapters one can but be impressed with the undaunted faith of Isaiah; he stood unmovable when the most powerful foe of the day was threatening at the very gates of Jerusalem; he faced the presence of death in the royal chamber with the same intimate understanding of the will of the Lord and he was not carried away with the vain flattery of a foreign nation of some standing. We could choose some suitable text from the chapters and bring out these three illustrations of Isaiah's faith. Moreover we can see in contrast the hope of immortality that comes with the Christian faith and the dark forebodings in the presence of death in the writing of Hezekiah. This again Would afford material for a sermon. Finally we might draw a character study by following the activities; and reactions of Hezekiah in these crisis.

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In the March Preacher’s Magazine Dr. Chapman asked for methods of advertising that have been used with success. Here is one that I saw once, and it appealed to me as being good.

A Salvation Army captain secured advertising matter from the merchants of his city with the promise that he would show them on the screen with the use of a lantern. He spread the sheet on the side of a prominent building in the city, high enough so that it could be seen by all, and then by use of a proper card showed each merchant’s advertising matter. While he was running through the list of advertising for the merchants, he very frequently ran one of his own, so that his own meeting was advertised every little while. His own advertising cards were of various wordings and some of them were unique. We do not remember just what he said in his advertising “but remember that he changed frequently. I think one of them ran the simple statement that he was having an evangelist speaking in his ‘hall that night, with an invitation to the meeting.

The advertising of the merchants gave a twofold help; there was some financial gain, and it helped keep the crowd looking while he advertised his own work.

We are not familiar with the working of lanterns that can be used for this purpose, but understand that some kinds are adapted to the use of picture post cards, or material of that nature. The advertising matter can be written or printed on the card, and thus projected to the screen.

This advertising was all out of doors, and contacted people idly walking the streets in the summer time.

For any extended advertising campaign of this nature it would be necessary to put on late flashes as part of the program or possibly some quaint or humorous sayings. Short poems, Bible verses, sayings of great men or advance weather news could be used to hold the attention of the crowd while the church did its advertising.

The Contact Method

Someone has said that we are a part of every man we meet. The idea is that there is an exchange of thought and information that comes from the contacts every man has with other men. If a man gains a thought -- or a feeling -- from communion with his fellows, then it follows that what he has heard, thought or felt during the period of contact will become his own, and he will be just so much improved or injured because of the experience.
Especially is the minister influenced by those he meets. As a student in a class in theology he is likely to try to see through the eyes of his teacher, to think as his teacher does, to express himself as his teacher does, and to gesticulate like his teacher. If he sits under a strong preacher he is likely to unconsciously imitate him in his own ministry. Probably this is because his young ministerial nature is like a sponge, trying to collect all it can for its future use.

But even grown-up preachers are greatly influenced by other preachers. I know one man, to my mind a truly great preacher, who seems unable to get back to himself after hearing other strong men preach over any extended period of time. I have known him to listen to Rev. H. C. Morrison, Uncle Bud Robinson, and other well known campmeeting preachers, and for some time afterward seem unable to free himself from their mannerisms, forms of expression, turns of thought, etc. Listening to him I could tell almost to a man whom he had heard preach last. This was because this preacher's exchange with these men had brought to him so much of them that he had difficulty in assimilating it. He had taken such a big mouthful that before he could get it all digested and part of himself he unconsciously copied the other man.

And it is not only preachers that wield their influence on the other minister, the laymen also have a great influence. The good, sound, common sense of the members of his church board will do a lot of good to a minister, if he will let it. It is good thing for a church to have a good church board, but it is even a better thing for a preacher to have one, and better still for the preacher to let the church board help make him. The minister who knows so much that the opinions of his lay brethren have no weight with him is likely to be dismissed from that pastorate in favor of a man who will listen at least a little.

One of God's methods of making men bigger is through the influence of other men, and so long as it is one of God's methods we ought to use it. It is to this end that our President surrounds himself with a cabinet of great men. He cannot possibly know it all, and in order that his own knowledge be supplemented as extensively as possible he advises frequently with the members of his cabinet or others who can be a source of help and information. It is not disrespectful to say that a President of the United States is quite largely made by his advisers.

When God gave king Saul to the Israelites He not only changed his heart and changed him into another man, but also surrounded him with a "band of men whose hearts God had touched." Saul needed some more making, and God used His regular method, and put him in contact with godly men who would help.

But this matter of human exchange can be injurious as well as beneficial. Many a good preacher has cooled off and lost his soul because he listened to the voice of flattery, or promise of financial gain. To listen to men of shallow religious experience or fanatical impression is not good, but to pay due attention to the sound, godly advice of men of God is always a help.
14 – TIMOTHY’S TEARS

Today I have been reading some in Paul's letters to Timothy. One of the things that impressed me as I read was the ruggedness of the warfare that was urged upon Timothy. To be sure there is a deep note of personal sympathy and friendship between St. Paul and Timothy, but without regard for Timothy's personal safety or comfort, St. Paul urges the rugged warfare upon him.

Another thing that impressed me was the timber, and the training, that went into the making of this young man Timothy. God began early to make His minister. His grandmother, and his mother furnished a good supply of natural endowments, and grace. The prenatal start toward a good ministry gripped me as affording unusual ground for ministerial ability.

But the thing that impressed me most was Timothy's tears. I wondered what he was crying about. Evidently it was something that St. Paul knew about, for in his prayers for Timothy he remembered his tears.

It occurred to me that with all of his natural endowments for the ministry the possibility that he did not want to preach, and had to have a spell of crying his way through to the place of obedience to the call was the cause of his tears. I could hardly bring myself to believe that such a choice young man would be allowed to enter the ministry unhindered by the devil. There was too much at stake. Visions of worldly fame doubtless were offered to him or at least suggested by the devil or some of his children. Or possibly a less rugged warfare would have been easier to choose. Anyway something made him cry, and his tears got into the prayers of St. Paul.

As I think about those early times in the New Testament Church I cannot help but think that the days demanded not only a rugged gospel but rugged preachers. Preaching in those days was no job for a tender dude. There were no soft berths in big churches. No two weeks vacation with pay so that the tender preacher could tour the mountains in his automobile. It may have been the very ruggedness of the ministry that made him cry.

Or it might have been a burden on his heart for the cause of Christ that brought on his tears. Surely there was much to weep about. The unsaved Jews, who were his friends, the dangerous condition of the followers of Jesus, the more serious danger that the Church would fail in the mission through the weakening of Christians under persecution, or the thought that he himself might fail to carry on in the big way that St. Paul had outlined. All these could have been cause for tears. It might not have been anything like any of those things that made him cry.
But anyhow he cried, and shed some real tears, and that is the main point that impressed me. There were tears -- TEARS in his ministry.

Tears are an indication of soul stirring. Without emotion of some kind there will be no tears that can get into the prayer of a man like St. Paul. It seems that every time St. Paul prayed for Timothy he remembered his tears. Surely something deep and important stirred this young man profoundly.

The present day generation is trying for a tearless life. Giving way to emotion is considered rude, and rather ungenerous to those around. Even at the funeral of a loved one extreme grief is seldom seen. Mostly grief is thrust one side under the guise of sensibleness. It is not sense to cry. Even the minister who cries while he preaches is considered nervous or too emotional. But Timothy had some tears.

We ought not be ashamed of tears. We should be more ashamed if we do not have them. Ministerial tears are not professional, but spring from the inner turmoil of strong souled emotion. Tears are God's way of releasing some of the inner things that stir the soul. The tearless soul is the soul that needs a deeper stirring.

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15 -- SILVER JUBILEE PASTORS AMMUNITION SHEET -- J. B. Chapman

The purpose of this Ammunition Sheet is to provide our pastors with material which will aid them in preparing messages and carrying out other features of the Silver Jubilee Anniversary program. We have no desire to prepare a cut-and-dried program which our pastors must follow, nor are we trying to put words in your mouths; but realizing that we have access to much material which many of our pastors do not have, we are sending this material from which you may gather such information as you may desire to use. Our only desire is that as far as possible you feature the special days outlined for the anniversary, but we realize that you know much better how these should be featured in your local congregation than we could ever know. So take what you can of this material and use it as you see fit.

The great aim of the committee in charge of this Silver Jubilee Anniversary Celebration is to assist the pastors and local churches in making this occasion a great blessing to their churches and communities. Too frequently, it is feared, that some feel our leaders at Headquarters have no particular interest in the pastor and his local church except as we can get them to give for General Budget purposes: This is a mistake, for we well know that our general church program cannot be made to succeed unless our local churches succeed. We have endeavored to arrange this program and plan our material so that this celebration will greatly benefit the pastor and local congregations. We have nothing "up our sleeve;" our purpose is to have a more spiritual, devoted Church of the Nazarene as a result of this anniversary celebration.
A Proclamation

The General Assembly of the Church of the Nazarene at its meeting in Wichita, Kansas, in June 1932, took cognizance of the fact that on October 25, 1933, the denomination will be twenty-five years old, and the General Assembly requested the General Superintendents to make arrangements for the proper observance of this anniversary.

Therefore we, the General Superintendents of the Church of the Nazarene, hereby proclaim the month of November, 1933, the special period during which to celebrate the Silver Jubilee Anniversary of the Church of the Nazarene in all of our churches.

We request our ministers and people everywhere to make November a month of special thanksgiving to God for His mercies in the past, and a month of special prayer for His continued favors upon us. -- James B. Chapman, Secretary, For the Board of General Superintendents

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16 -- OUR TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY

The entire Church of the Nazarene is engaging in a month's celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the union or wedding of the various smaller holiness churches of the East, West and South which formed the Church of the Nazarene. This union was begun in October, 1907, and consummated in October, 1908. It is our twenty-fifth wedding anniversary -- A Silver Jubilee Celebration.

Anniversary Program

   October 29 -- Special Rally Day
   November 5 -- Church Appreciation Day
   November 12 -- Deepening of Personal Devotion
   November 19 -- Missionary Anniversary
   November 26 Thanksgiving Anniversary Sunday

The Anniversary Slogan

The slogan suggested by General Superintendent Williams and adopted by the committee is, "Speak unto the people that they go forward" (Exodus 14:15).
We suggest that each pastor preach on this text, at least once during the anniversary celebration. He may be able to adapt this text to the theme suggested for each Sunday:

October 29 -- "Go Forward" in Sunday school attendance.

November 5 -- "Go Forward" in Church Appreciation and Loyalty.

November 12 -- "Go Forward" by Deeper Personal Devotion.

November 19 -- "Go Forward" in Missionary Zeal and Passion.

November 26 -- "Go Forward" in Thanksgiving and Liberality.

Let us keep the command to "go forward" prominent in the entire celebration. We can "go forward" in spite of every obstacle; the financial depression cannot stop us from "going forward" in spiritual things. Severe handicaps did not keep the early church of Pentecost from "going forward"; with the same blessing of the Holy Spirit upon us we may go forward.

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17 -- SPECIAL HELPS FOR THE PASTOR

Anniversary Posters

You have received copies of the Silver Jubilee Anniversary Posters. These posters have been especially arranged for this occasion. No doubt you have given them a very conspicuous place, either in the vestibule or at the front of your church auditorium. A special mention concerning them will call the attention of your people to them. Perhaps it will be well to post only the Silver Jubilee Anniversary poster at first, and reserve the Thanksgiving Offering poster until about the first Sunday in November. We have no desire to make our people "feel that this anniversary celebration is being held solely to get an offering. The offering is secondary, the spiritual results and benefits accruing to your local church are primary. So for that reason it will not be well to post both at the same time, but reserve the offering poster until about November first.

Newspaper Statements

You will receive newspaper stories covering this anniversary celebration. These stories or articles were prepared by an expert newspaper reporter and have been passed on by the city editor of one of America's leading newspapers. We advise that they be presented to your local newspaper in their original form, with each pas- " tor filling in the information required for local identification. If you have
additional material of local news which is to be added, provide this additional material on separate sheets and present them along with the articles sent you.

Please Note Dates For Release!

On each article there is a date for release. These release dates anticipate a daily newspaper, but where there are weekly papers they should be presented to that paper for the weekly issue of the release date. If you have not received sufficient copies of these newspaper articles, send for more, or have the entire story typed and presented to the local paper in typewritten form. Be sure to double space your typewritten material, for material presented in this form is more quickly received.

Thanksgiving Offering Envelopes

A large number of offering envelopes have been sent to you. The Woman's Missionary Society and the Nazarene Young People's Society are entering into a friendly contest to see which group can raise the largest amount of money for the General Budget during this celebration. Each of these organizations has sent offering envelopes to their local representatives. If for some reason either of these groups has not received envelopes the pastor will no doubt see that they are provided with a sufficient number to supply each member with an envelope.

The envelopes sent the pastors are for distribution to his congregation on Sunday, October 29. The purpose of these offering envelopes is to collect a coin a day during the entire celebration from each member and friend of the church who will take the envelope. The envelopes will be returned as a part of the Thanksgiving Jubilee Offering on November 26. Space is provided on the back of the envelope to keep a record of the money placed therein. A word from the pastor will encourage the people to fill in this record.

By taking advantage of this unusual celebration, and by pushing this offering, many churches will be able to raise their entire General Budget apportionment for the year, for the local church receives credit on General Budget apportionment for each dollar raised in the Thanksgiving Offering.

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18 -- SUNDAY, OCTOBER 29 -- SPECIAL ANNIVERSARY RALLY DAY

Sunday School Rally

A special project for this day is a Sunday School Rally, at which time we expect to have the largest number of people attending our Nazarene Sunday Schools that we have ever had. The minimum must be two hundred thousand. Dr. Ellyson and his corps of workers have provided splendid information for assisting
pastors and Sunday school superintendents in making this rally a success. This material is already in your hands.

Another special feature for the Sunday school on this day is "Pay Up Day." Each school is requested to raise an offering sufficient to pay up any obligation to the Nazarene Publishing House, or to other companies, for Sunday school supplies. Then to keep the Sunday school on a cash basis. Special reductions are given for cash on all Sunday school supplies. Why not have your school profit by paying cash?

N. Y. P. S. Rally

We are anxious to have at least fifty thousand young people in attendance at Nazarene Young People's Societies on this Sunday evening, Your District N. Y. P. S. officers and local officers are working to make this a success, Special information has been provided them from our general N. Y. P. S. office. The pastor will no doubt render much valuable assistance to the N. Y. P. S. officers in making this a success in your local church.

Introducing The Anniversary Program

The pastor will no doubt desire to introduce the anniversary program to his congregation on this day, You have received copies of The Preacher's Magazine, which has provided you with much information for this purpose. Special issues of our various periodicals have furnished some information to our people, but this is the big day for the pastor to fire the opening gun. Your General Silver Jubilee Anniversary Committee has outlined a program as a general guide for this anniversary celebration. Each pastor will outline his own program for his local church. There are no doubt special needs in your local program that can be worked out during this period of celebration. You can make this Rally Day the biggest attendance day in the history of your church. You can "sell" your local anniversary program to this large attendance in such a way that many will attend regularly at least for the period of the anniversary. The wide awake pastor will see in this celebration an opportunity to "sell" the Church of the Nazarene to his community or city.

You may emphasize the special features for each Sunday during the Anniversary Celebration. Also you may give special announcement to the special program of prayer, the days of fasting and prayer, the sunrise prayermeeting, the night of prayer. And then you have no doubt arranged something special for each regular midweek prayer service and will desire to take advantage of this service to emphasize these prayermeetings.

Much will depend upon the manner in which we introduce this anniversary. If we get it to the people in an acceptable way on this Sunday, the entire celebration will be a success.
19 -- ORIGIN OF OUR CHURCH -- General Superintendent H. F. Reynolds

Who can tell its origin, when tens of thousands of holy men and women were praying for the spread of scriptural holiness; when thousands of holy evangelists have been holding campmeetings, conventions and revivals from Newfoundland to Florida, through the great Middle States, and down the Pacific Coast, and with multiplied numbers sweeping through the great Southland; when hundreds of pastors who had the blessing were true to their pulpits, making it possible for the evangelists to do their holy work; when scores of holiness papers were being sent to hundreds of thousands of readers; when holiness books, booklets, songbooks and millions of holiness tracts were almost sown broadcast over this land -- who can give its origin? We cannot, but we may modestly state that, as one of the results of the above-named agencies which have been so signally owned and blessed of God by the constant presence and power of the Holy Ghost, is the holiness movement now known as The (Pentecostal) Church of the Nazarene, which has been made what it now is as an organized body by the coming together of several other bodies, known as "The Church of the Nazarene" of the West, "The Association of Pentecostal Churches of America" of the East, "The Pennsylvania Conference of the Holiness Christian Church," and "The Holiness Church of Christ" in the South. (From Nazarene Messenger, November 19, 1908.)

In 1915 the Pentecostal Mission, a holiness work founded by Rev. J. O. McClurkan in the Southeast; the Pentecostal Church of Scotland, a work developed under the leadership of Rev. George Sharpe, united with our denomination.

Gratitude is the fairest blossom which springs from the soul; and the heart of man knoweth none more fragrant. -- Hosea Ballou.

We cannot be loyal to the Head of the Church without being loyal to the body.

20 -- THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

The Sunday school is one of the most vital agencies of the church. It provides a medium of contact with the whole community -- there is no age limit, all may attend; there are no standards for membership, all may join. It is the church's great teaching agency for presenting the truths of the Bible to old and young.
The church schools of our denomination have had phenomenal success during the past twenty-five years. The enrollment has increased from 7,780 to over 225,000, with an average attendance of 132,606. Its work is supervised by the General Department of Church Schools working through district and local church school boards. Its scope includes Sunday Bible Schools, Week Day Bible Schools, Daily Vacation Bible Schools, and a Leadership Training Department. Literature furnished for this work by the Nazarene Publishing House includes two monthly journals, four quarterly journals, three story papers, and books of study for the Leadership Training Course.

We are but in the beginning of great things in this department. We must "Go Forward" to greater achievement. We are now beginning to write the history of the next quarter century. What will this history record for your local Sunday school work?

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21 -- NAZARENE YOUNG PEOPLE'S SOCIETY

The N. Y. P. S. has a prominent place in the work of our church.

Twenty-five years ago there were but few societies having only 523 members, today there are 47,727 members in all departments.

The primary work of the N. Y. P. S. is to provide spiritual activities for young Christians that they may "grow in grace." Their special interest at present is personal evangelism, under the slogan, "Each One Win One." Each member of the N. Y. P. S. is challenged to win at least one soul to Christ during this month of Silver Jubilee Anniversary celebration. Also they are entering into a friendly rivalry with the membership of the W. M. S. to see which group can raise the largest sum toward the Silver Jubilee Thanksgiving Offering.

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22 -- THE CHURCH OF THE NAZARENE -- 1908 -- 1933

Then -- and -- Now

Twenty-five years ago we had 135 church buildings. Today we have 1,534.

Twenty-five years ago we had 175 ordained ministers. Today we have 2,362.

Twenty-five years ago we had 96 licensed ministers. Today we have 1,047.
Twenty-five years ago our church and parsonage property was valued at $399,921. Its present value is $10,551,857.

Twenty-five years ago our church paid for all purposes, $106,087. Last year we paid for all purposes $2,931,826.

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23 -- SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 5 -- CHURCH APPRECIATION DAY

The pastor will at once see the importance of this day and will use it to advantage in endeavoring to bring his members, the friends of his church and his community to a greater appreciation of the Church of the Nazarene. It is his opportunity to let his constituents know that the Church of the Nazarene is a world-wide institution, and is not confined to the local church of which they know, or to the few churches within the immediate vicinity, or even to his district.

You have information concerning our history in the Manual, in the "History of the Church of the Nazarene" by Dr. J. B. Chapman, in the life of Dr. P. F. Bressee, and in this issue of The Preacher's Magazine. No doubt all of this material may be used to advantage. It is our endeavor to show the work of God in and through the Church of the Nazarene -- by emphasizing the heroic work of the people who laid the foundation of our church, by stating the comprehensiveness of the entire program of the church, by calling attention to our growth and development, and by stressing what the church means to the individuals who have been saved and sanctified through her ministry at home and abroad. The pastor may find an opportunity to so present the Church of the Nazarene to his people that will develop such appreciation for and loyalty and devotion to her, that it will mean a new day in the history of your local church.

After laying the foundation through a presentation of the history and progress of the church because of God's blessing upon her, what an opportunity we have to challenge our people to "go forward" in every phase of our work.

My Church

The Church of the Nazarene is worthy of my truest devotion and loyalty. She has been a great blessing to me for her message of truth has brought me to know Jesus Christ as Savior and Sanctifier. She has blessed my home in providing Bible instruction for myself and family and in the ideals she has upheld. She has blessed my community by her godly influence and example and by her passion for the salvation of the lost.

The purity of her doctrines, her uncompromising stand against evil, her evangelistic fervor, the comprehensiveness of her world-wide program, her blessed fellowship and her splendid ideals, challenge me to give my best to her and through
her to the lowly Nazarene whose example she endeavors to follow. Others may not have such appreciation to offer of her, but she is my church. She can do without me, but I cannot get along without her. I will endeavor to regulate my life by her standards, to give more time to my devotional life that I may be a better example of her teachings, to support her entire program at home and abroad, and to bring others into the light of the gospel as I have had it brought to me through my church. I believe by my loyalty to my church I may better show my devotion and loyalty to God.

The Church

The church is a divine institution; Jesus called it, "My church."

The church is a living organism with Christ as the head and the individual members or regenerated believers are formed by the Holy Spirit into His body.

The church is the habitation of God through the Spirit.

The church is the pillar and ground of the truth.

The church is God's agency for spreading the gospel throughout the world, bringing salvation to individuals.

The church is God's light to a world lost in darkness and sin.

The church presents God's standards for moral living to a generation blindly groping about for the right.

The church presents to the world the finest examples of righteous living. The message of the gospel propagated by the church is God's means for saving sinners, sanctifying believers and reforming society.

The church demands my best in service and life. Christ loved the church and gave himself for it. I should have such appreciation for Christ and the church that I may give myself for Him and His church.

The Church Ideal

All evangelistic agency for saving sinners and sanctifying believers; a potent factor for community righteousness; an inspiration for devotional living; a spiritual fellowship; a friendly household; a center for Christian service; a training school for Christian character; a power for God throughout the world; and an unfailing spring of inner refreshment and strength to all who attend.

The Church Of The Nazarene
The Church of the Nazarene is composed of those persons who have voluntarily associated themselves together according to the doctrines and polity of said church, and who seek holy Christian fellowship, the conversion of sinners, the entire sanctification of believers, their upbuilding in holiness, and the simplicity and spiritual power manifested in the primitive New Testament Church, together with the preaching of the gospel to every creature. -- "Manual, Church of the Nazarene."

The Church of the Nazarene is not a split from some of the older denominations. It was not organized around any particular ordinance. It was born out of a necessity to propagate and conserve the doctrine and experience of entire sanctification. It is founded upon the principle of holiness and exists for the purpose of evangelism.

Our church is the product of much heroic sacrifice. The godly men and women who laid the foundation for this movement were true pioneers. They were impelled by a positive conviction that holiness was a gospel essential and counted no sacrifice too great in order to bring this essential doctrine to the attention of the people. They were deprived of the necessities of life, ostracized by their former friends, persecuted by their enemies, despised by people whom they came to evangelize; as a result of their sacrifice many have gone to untimely graves, others have become invalids, while others with more rugged bodies have been able to continue on in the good warfare. Nothing could stop them in their efforts to "spread holiness over these lands." Our pioneer missionaries have been heroic; some have laid down their lives on the field, others sacrificed health and later died in the homeland, and still we have many recruits to fill these places made vacant. Such heroism commands our appreciation and demands that we to some extent follow in the steps of these who have given us our church.

Men in all ages have been impressed with the marvelous beauty and perfection of the Church of God. Her beauty is especially the beauty of holiness. It is the beauty of souls who have faith in God, and whose faith controls their being and life. Through the church has come the revelation of God, the transcript of His laws, the brightness of his wisdom, and the glory of His love. Christ reaches the world through His cleansed and Spirit filled church. -- Dr. P. F. Bresee.

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The first duty which I owe to the church, which is more of a privilege, is to be a thankful member of it, and to consider myself an integral part of the church to which I belong. -- Dr. P. F. Bresee.

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24 -- EVANGELISM AND GROWTH
The central theme of our church is holiness evangelism. The church was born in a revival, it has lived in a revival, the rapid growth of the past twenty-five years has resulted because this revival spirit has been kept alive. We seek a threefold result in the work of our ministry; the conversion of sinners, the entire sanctification of believers, and the edifying of the church. Holiness evangelism has been promoted through revival meetings, campmeetings, conventions, assemblies, and regular church services. Our chief objective in all missionary endeavor is the salvation of the people.

Education And Training Institutions

From the very start our church has recognized the importance of educating and training our own workers. The various smaller groups, which united to form the present denomination in 1908, each had some educational institution. At present we have six colleges, two Bible colleges, and one hospital and nurses training school for educating our youth under a holiness environment. " Sunday schools and N. Y. P. S. furnish training possibilities for our youth in local churches.

Missionary Enterprises

Holiness evangelism knows no bounds of nation or continent. Our church supports missionary work in twelve different nations. We have had phenomenal success in some of our mission fields. Our own missionaries have equaled in heroism and sacrifice any contribution made by missionaries of any other church. The Woman’s Missionary Society is an active agency for promoting missionary enthusiasm and study throughout our church.

Polity Unique

The polity of our church is unique in that we have avoided both extreme congregational and episcopal forms of government and have a representative form of government. The place of the ministry is respected, but the laity is given the privilege of participation in the government of the church. Our statements of doctrine are brief, but essential. We have what may be considered high standards for membership, but no higher than those standards placed in God’s word. Our form of worship is simple and informal.

Then -- and -- Now

Twenty-five years ago we had 228 organized churches. Today there are 1,963.

Twenty-five years ago there were 10,413 church members. Today there are 102,118.

Twenty-five years ago there were 7,780 enrolled in Nazarene Sunday schools. Today we have an enrollment of over 225,000.
Twenty-five years ago there were 523 members of Young People's Societies. Today there are 47,727.

Twenty-five years ago there were about 400 members in the Woman’s Missionary Society. Today there are 28,555.

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25 -- SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 12 -- DEEPER PERSONAL DEVOTION

The importance of a proper observation of this day cannot be overstated. If the Church of the Nazarene continues to write the history of God’s blessing upon her and His leadership through her, it will be because we are a praying and devoted people. Upon this day we desire to emphasize and practice deeper devotion to God. We have already mentioned the Sunrise Prayermeeting with which we will begin this day. You have no doubt made preparations for this prayermeeting and have urged your people to attend. Your general committee presenting plans for the Silver Jubilee Anniversary feel that this above all days should be made a success. Our slogan for the day is, "If the Church of the Nazarene will 'go forward' we as individual members must go deeper in God."

Let us make this a day of personal heart-searching, when each of us will be absolutely honest with himself and with God. As some suggestions for special prayer we offer the following:

Pray For --

A greater consciousness of God in our own lives.

A deeper personal devotion to Him and to His cause.

A richer anointing of the Holy Spirit and more of His power manifested in us.

A greater concern, or soul burden, for the salvation of individuals about us.

A broader vision of the work of the church in its world-wide ministry of evangelism.

A willingness to sacrifice more for the advancement of God's cause in the earth.

A closer fellowship with God and His people. The Church of the Nazarene stands today on the threshold of a new cycle. Twenty-five years of our history have been written. It is the record of achievement of those who with courage, faith and deep devotion of God have girdled the globe with the message of holiness. What
shall be the record for the next twenty-five years? Our present leadership and membership determine that through their devotion to God and their loyalty to His cause. We must enlarge our borders and reach out for greater achievements. In order to reach farther as a church, we as individual members must go deeper in spiritual things.

On this Sunday our church everywhere is emphasizing the importance of deeper personal devotion. We challenge each member to a wholehearted participation in this endeavor.

"Let me invite you all to come with me to the upper room, there to tarry until our spirits are touched anew with the pentecostal flame, that we may go out into the highways and byways, through the streets of our dries, from state to state, with hearts of flame and tongues of fire, until this whole land shall be touched with the light of God and the fire of Pentecost." -- A challenge to the newly organized church, from Nazarene Messenger, Nov. 19, 1908.

Helps To Personal Devotion

Consistent daily Bible reading and prayer and carefulness to observe family devotions.

Faithfulness in attendance upon the means of grace and as God's steward in supporting His Church.

Shun a spirit of aloofness, rather consider that we are each members of the body of Christ and therefore we must give fellowship to other members of the body as well as to look for fellowship from others.

Refuse to permit differences of opinion to produce coldness toward others and thereby mar the unity of the Spirit within the church and disrupt our fellowship.

On this day of special emphasis on personal devotion let us remove any hindrance by carefully following the scriptural injunction to be reconciled to our brother (Matt. 5:23-24) that the Holy Spirit may have clear channels through which He may work in reaching this generation with the gospel.

And when the present circumstances had been considered, they lifted up their voice to God with one accord, and said, Lord, thou art God, which hast made heaven, and earth, and sea, and all that in them is:

Thy power is unlimited, and thy wisdom is unsearchable. Thy love for us has been revealed in giving thine only begotten Son as our Savior and Redeemer.

Thou hast established thy church in the earth as an agency for spreading the gospel, and thou hast sent the Holy Spirit to make the gospel ministry effective.
And now, Lord, behold the spiritual decline in the church, the moral decay of society, the chaotic condition of the world, and the utter inability of thy people to cope with the situation;

Pity thy people, Lord, in their powerlessness and come thou upon them afresh with a renewing of thy Spirit, fire their hearts, increase their faith, and grant unto thy servants power and unction in declaring thy truth; work thou through them, that supernatural manifestations of thy Spirit may be apparent to this skeptical generation.

"And... they were all filled with the Holy Ghost, and they spake the word of God with boldness." -- Paraphrase of Acts 4:24-31.

Praying Our Problems Through

If "Prayer Changes Things," why not take advantage of this Silver Jubilee Anniversary period to pray some problems through? Let "prayer change things" for you as an individual. Enlist others to pray some of your local church problems through. Be sure to help us pray some of our district and general church problems through. A somewhat hesitant or backward church may be brought to the front because some members have prayed some of the problems through. Let us "Go Forward" by the route of "praying through" at this time.

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Praying is the clearing of the blocked road which is crowded with all sorts of worldly hindrances. It is the preparing of the way of the Lord. When I turn to the Lord in prayer I open the doors and windows of my soul toward the heavenlies and I open them for the reception of any gifts of grace which God's holy love may wish me to receive. My reverent thought and prayer perfects the union between my soul and God. -- J. H. Jowett.

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26 -- PROGRESS OF OUR PUBLISHING HOUSE -- (Instituted in 1912)

Then -- and -- Now

Twenty-one years ago we published three-fourths million periodicals annually. Today we publish eight million periodicals annually.

Twenty-one years ago our assets totaled approximately five thousand dollars. Today our assets total three hundred fifty thousand dollars.
Twenty-one years ago our Headquarters Building was valued at twelve thousand dollars. Today we have property valued at one hundred thirty thousand dollars.

Twenty-one years ago there were ten bound books and booklets of our own available. Today there are one hundred fifty available.

Twenty-one years ago our Publishing House employed ten people. Today forty-eight are employed.

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27 -- SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 19 -- MISSIONARY ANNIVERSARY

The purpose of the Missionary Anniversary is, to emphasize the foreign missionary work of our church. You may gather information from various books issued for study by the W. M. S., from "Glimpses Abroad" by Dr. R. T. Williams, "30,000 Miles of Missionary Travel" by Dr. J. B. Chapman, from copies of The Other Sheep, the October number of The Preacher's Magazine, and from special pamphlets issued by our Department of Foreign Missions. The history of the missionary work of the Church of the Nazarene is as glorious as our history in home lands. God has given us some of the most noble and heroic missionaries that have ever lived. Let us emphasize these wonderful features. Also give prominence to the work being done by the W. M.S. We may so observe this Missionary Anniversary that it will mean a new epoch in the missionary work of our church. Let us urge our people everywhere to "go forward" in missionary zeal and passion.

The Imperative Of Missions

Jesus Christ commanded "Go," in the imperative mood, present tense. It was His last order, given before He took His resurrected body to the skies (Matt. 28:19).

The disciples, without question, accepted the instancy of the command and started at once. Judea, Samaria, Galilee, and in a short time "unto the uttermost parts of the earth," they went. It is conservatively estimated that within twenty-five years the then known world was touched with the gospel.

The opportunity today is imperative; for people are, the world around, dying by the millions every week. This is the only generation we can reach. The one that preceded us is gone forever, the one to come will find us gone. Thus the imperative command rings out, "work while it is called today."

The need is imperative. Heathen folk need the gospel now. Their needs of yesterday are over. Their tomorrow's need has not yet appeared. Their sins oppress them now. Their hearts long for peace today. Their lot is, right now, sad, horrible
and sorely afflictive. It calls in clamant [clamorous; noisy] tones to God's children, "Come!"

Your very money has an imperative voice. It cries, "send me now. If you do not, I'll be gone -- spent for pleasure, for clothes, for food. The souls I can save in foreign lands, I must save today. Would you compel me to buy for you common, earthly, temporal things, when, by hurrying me to the mission fields I can buy for you souls? Send me now!"

The trend of the times imperatively warns: "Hurry! Now!" If, as it looks, these be the last days of this dispensation, we may expect any day to see the Master compelled to rise up and shut to the door of opportunity. Then we will knock in vain on heathen gates. Does not the Spirit whisper to God's people, "Hurry"? Does not the trend of events cry, "Hurry"? Does not the development of races in foreign lands ring out, "Hurry!"

The anguish of missionaries detained at home is imperative. They have served sacrificially, heroically and loyally; have returned home for a rest, and now long to go back. Detained here they grow rusty. The country over there rushes on without them, soon making them "back numbers." They are not content here. Their heart's anguish is an imperative call to the church to let them go.

The blessed descent of the Holy Ghost in revival powder on our missions sounds an imperative note. Thousands welcome our message. Hundreds kneel and seek God after attending a few inquiry services. This is harvest time "over there." Every faithful missionary is overworked. Thousands of natives would become converts if our weary, toiling, heart-aching group of heroes and heroines could but reach them. Can they not be garnered before they're lost?

The depressed, financially short foreign fields, constitute an imperative cry. Unless the church arouses its fighting spirit and rushes finances to the beleaguered missions, toil bought, blood purchased sacred interests will be lost.

The Desperate Need

Here is a plea fresh from a broken-hearted Nazarene missionary, to illustrate the very urgent and desperate need which confronts mission fields:

"Now I wish to give you something to pray about and something which may inspire you to give to the budget. Owing to the financial distress at home, our funds have been greatly reduced. At our assembly this year we took the total amount sent from home, cut out everything except salaries, schools and medical work; and cut the funds for schools 80% and those for medical work 66¼%. By dividing the money which remained for native salaries it was found that each preacher and teacher would receive $1.68 per month. The missionaries pledged enough to make the
amount $2.40 each. Anything which they receive above this amount must come from the natives. This will for some time be a great burden to the native churches which are largely composed of women and children, who have little means of making money and are so poor that many of them have only one dress in the world. Even the men, except in cities, earn very little money. Yet by prayer, patience and sacrifice we feel that the work of God may still be maintained. Help us all pray. After we so cut the funds for schools it left us with $25.00 on which to run this big station -- to buy clothes, books, what food is necessary (the gardens yield quite a lot but not sufficient) soap, paraffin, etc., etc., for the 78 girls who live here and also for other natives whose only home is dais station. You at once see that it would be impossible to meet all running expenses on $25.00 a month. All other schools are in the same boat, for the cut was proportional. Only God can help us to make ends meet, but, praise the Lord, He can. We believe Him. Will you not earnestly pray for your work in Africa? We beg of you, dear ones at home, do pray, pray, PRAY." -- A missionary.  

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28 -- CARRYING THE GENERAL BUDGET

The General Budget is the life line for foreign missions. When a church fails to raise its apportionment of the General Budget, it virtually takes bread out of missionaries' mouths, discharges trained native preachers, and causes the eternal death of souls. Don't fail to raise your General Budget. It's the missionaries' food line. If this line fails, all other things classed as specials fail.  

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29 -- SNAKES IN MISSIONARY HOUSES

Here is an illustration some of the difficulties which confront our workers "over there":

"Perhaps you would be interested to know that the snakes have taken a great fancy to us and our houses lately here in your Africa mission. A mamba, a very dangerous species, made its home for a long time in one of our houses. It often stuck its head out the crack, showed its ugly fangs, and laughed at us because it was too quick for us. However, after much effort and work it met with death. A 7-foot mamba was killed near the veranda one day while hissing at its would-be victim who would, if bitten, have died in a few minutes. Two others of the same kind were seen near the old veranda, but they escaped. One day last week, after prayer in the living room of our old house, I noticed something long and black at my feet. It was not yet good daylight, but suspecting what it was, I jumped back. Sure enough! It started to crawl -- where I didn't wait to see. One bound and I was out the back door in search of a brave soul. I'm a coward when a snake is near and I never lose any time trying to play the part of a heroine when I see one. One of the boys
happened to be near. He picked up a big stick and I followed him in to see the fight. It died. I was told that its bite would soon cause death. Again I thanked God for His protecting care."

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30 -- WOMAN’S MISSIONARY SOCIETY

The Woman's Missionary Society is one of the largest organizations of the church. Founded in 1915, it has made rapid progress.

At the close of the first quadrennium in 1919, hundreds of women had joined and $5,724 had been gathered in. At the close of the last quadrennium in 1932, 28,000 women had enlisted and $466,164.69 had been raised. Since the organization in 1915, $770,467.93 has been poured into the General Church Treasury.

Through the Prayer and Fasting League thousands of dollars have been raised as the prayer burden increased and the spirit of sacrifice prevailed.

The Literature and Publicity Departments have assisted in distributing thousands of pages of missionary literature and prepared a systematic study of missions.

The work among the Juniors and young women is thoroughly organized and is growing rapidly. The Relief and Retirement Fund has assisted our returned missionaries in securing the medical attention they so much need.

The W. M. S. is endeavoring to raise $25,000 in the jubilee Thanksgiving Offering and has entered into a friendly contest with the N. Y. P. S. in this endeavor.

The W. M. S. structure is being built. The "capstone" has not been set. Realizing the evidence of God's love and favor and with His promise to bless us still it is "going forward" in His name.

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To he a true steward of life means that the farmer will raise crops, the teacher will teach school, and the doctor will perform his duties with exactly the same purpose and fidelity as is to be expected in the case of the minister or missionary. -- Sel.

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God is interested in every sort of activity which makes this world a better place in which to live and no son of God has a right to invest his life in any activity which does not minister to his fellowmen. -- Sel.
31 -- THEN -- AND -- NOW

Twenty-five years ago we had mission work in six countries. Today we have mission stations in twelve countries.

Twenty-five years ago we had thirty-two missionaries on the field. Today we have seventy active missionaries.

Twenty-five years ago we had less than ten native workers and about twenty-five converts. Today we have about three hundred native workers and approximately twelve thousand converts.

Twenty-five years ago we had no organized mission churches, about eight main stations and no outstations. Today we have about three hundred organized mission churches, twenty-five main stations and over two hundred outstations.

Twenty-five years ago we had a very few mission Sunday schools, with less than one hundred enrolled. Today we have about 180 mission Sunday schools with about seven thousand enrolled.

Twenty-five years ago our native Christians contributed nothing for the support of their work. Today they are contributing over $20,000 annually.

Twenty-five years ago we had but little medical missionary work. Today we have two mission hospitals, eleven dispensaries, ten physicians, (including seven native doctors), 13 nurses, treating over thirty thousand patients annually.

32 -- THE BEGINNINGS OF OUR FOREIGN MISSIONARY WORK

When the groups of holiness churches of the eastern, western and southern parts of our country combined into the present Church of the Nazarene in 1908, each of these groups had its foreign mission enterprise in operation.

Those of the East were sustaining nine missionaries in Western India and Brother Diaz in the Cape Verde Islands. The Southern group had about a dozen missionaries in Mexico, and Rev. and Mrs. Schmelzenbach and Miss Etta Ennis in Africa. The people of the West, had three missionaries in Calcutta and two in Japan.

So when the (Pentecostal) Church of the Nazarene became nation-wide in the union at Pilot Point, Texas, on October 8, 1908, she had about thirty-two
missionaries in six fields. Three more missionaries were sent to Mexico in 1909, and five more in 1910.

The Civil War in Mexico in 1912 made it necessary for all our missionaries (then 27) to withdraw from that field. Since then our Mexican work has been carried on by Dr. Santin and Sister Santos Elizondo.

In July 1913, The Other Sheep made its first appearance with C. A. McConnell as editor and C. J. Kinne as manager. Its seventh issue, January 1914, first showed a list of our missionaries: Dr. Satin in Mexico, five in Japan, three in China, ten (and four of these had Indian names) in Eastern India, nine in Western India, one in Cape Verde Islands and three in Africa. It was about this time that Dr. H. F. Reynolds made his tour around the world in the interest of our missionary work. Indeed, some of those missionaries counted above had accompanied Doctor Reynolds. Some remained in Japan, where they landed January 2, 1914. Some went on to China. This was the opening of our work in China, an event in the year of 1914 of interest to Nazarenes.

Two mission fields, Cuba and Guatemala, were added to our list in 1915 by the union of the Pentecostal Mission, a work which centered around Nashville, Tennessee, and had been started by Rev. J. O. McClurkan. He went to his reward September 16, 1914. The Cuban work was closed in 1927 and missionary transferred to Guatemala. The Pentecostal Mission also had work in Western India and their coming to the church added six to our list there. Rev. and Mrs. H. A. Shirley, who had been working in Africa under the International Holiness Union, joined our Nazarene forces in 1913, but before the year closed Sister Shirley was called home to heaven.

In 1916 the Eckels were sent to Japan and Sister Cole to Africa. In 1917 Peru was added to our mission fields, for Rev. and Mrs. Roger S. Winans, who had worked there independently, were commissioned by our Board in this year. Eleven new missionaries were sent to fields already occupied.

Our work in Argentina was begun in 1919, in Syria and Palestine in 1921. In 1922 we reached our maximum of missionaries at the front, having a total of 109. In 1926 the British West-Indies field was added to our list. In 1925 the General Board found it necessary to call home twenty-one missionaries, some for a time, some permanently.

About the close of the year 1926 the Lord gave our mission in China a stirring revival, just what was needed to give our work the stability necessary to carry it through the Civil War, when it became necessary for all our missionaries to withdraw to the coast, and our work was left entirely in the hands of the native Christians. In 1930 our work in India was consolidated, closing the Eastern India field and transferring all workers in Western India to the vicinity of Buldana.
The work of medical missions has received considerable consideration. Dispensary work is carried on in most of our mission stations, and two mission hospitals are maintained by our church: The Raleigh Fitkin Memorial Hospital in Africa, dedicated in 1927, and the Bresee Memorial Hospital in China, dedicated in 1930. Our missionary work is primarily evangelistic, but along with the work of evangelism we maintain schools, and homes for native children.

We have thus far weathered the storm-tossed days of depression without any drastic retrenchment in our missionary force; not one missionary has been withdrawn solely because of the depression. However, our activities have been greatly restricted due to the lack of finance with which to expand. We have much in our missionary work for which we praise God.

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In the Christian life-partnership with God there is no separation between the spiritual and the secular. A man's spiritual conceptions will penetrate his secular affairs until all life is a harmonious, scriptural whole.

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A Christian steward is a follower of Jesus Christ who recognizes both in theory and practice the fact that none of the things which he has in his possession belong to him, but that he is administering affairs for God who is the owner of all. -- Sel.

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Every Mohammedan regards himself as a missionary; the majority of Christians think it is another man's work. -- Bishop Frodsham

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If we have not enough vital religion to share it with all the world, it is doomed at home.

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33 -- SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 26 -- THANKSGIVING JUBILEE SUNDAY

This is the closing day of our Silver Jubilee Anniversary Celebration. This day is recognized throughout the United States as Thanksgiving Sunday. We are combining the two ideas and are making this our Silver Anniversary Jubilee Thanksgiving Sunday.
It is our purpose to make this a day of praise and thanksgiving to God. We will not be at a loss to find something for which to render thanksgiving.

Let us forget the depression and its results for at least one day. Let us rejoice in the Lord. Let us render praise to Him for His love, for salvation through the Christ, for all the blessings of church and country. Let no one present an evil report on this day of thanksgiving.

We Are Thankful

For the goodness and mercy of God that have been extended toward us through our Lord Jesus Christ in bringing salvation to us, we are thankful.

For the privilege of living in this enlightened age with the open Bible and preaching of the gospel of full salvation as our heritage, we are thankful.

For the church, the body of Christ, and the fellowship of the Spirit it brings to us, we are thankful.

For the Church of the Nazarene, her glorious history, her purity of doctrine, her simplicity of worship, her aggressive spirit of evangelism, her comprehensive, world-wide evangelistic program, and for the blessing of God upon her, we are thankful.

For the privilege of participating in the spreading of the gospel of holiness, for personal and family blessings brought through fellowship with the people called Nazarenes, and for the joy of sharing by the giving of our means with which to assist in carrying on the work of the church, we are thankful.

For the privilege of participating in this Silver Jubilee Anniversary of our church, we are thankful.

The Thanksgiving Offering

The entire Church of the Nazarene around the world will observe this day by presenting a Thanksgiving Offering to God for the work of our general church. It is the expression of our gratitude to Him for our church in a real substantial manner. The goal set for this offering is one hundred thousand dollars, an average of one dollar a member. Each department of the church is assisting. The Sunday School, the N. Y. P. S., the W. M. S. and all church members have been gathering their offerings during the past month; today we bring these offering envelopes to the altar of our church.

With this offering the general church will be enabled to clean up all current obligations of the past twenty-five years and start the new cycle of twenty-five years with a clean slate.
It is an offering for Foreign Missions, for Home Missions and Church Extension, for the general work of Sunday Schools, N. Y. P. S., and W. M. S., for support of retired and worn out preachers, for the carrying on of our headquarters work. All of these items are included in our General Budget. The entire offering today is credited to the General Budget apportionment of your church.

Many cannot give large contributions. It will be the many small contributions that will enable us to reach the goal.

The Offering Imperative

Let us not treat the Thanksgiving Jubilee Offering with indifference. It is absolutely necessary that we make a success of this offering. Our general church financial condition is really precarious. In spite of greatly restricted expenditures our regular income has not been sufficient to meet the necessary current expense. Our missionaries are suffering because of a fluctuating dollar and a decreased income. It has been months since we have sent them a full monthly allowance. We must increase their payments to a full salary basis. It has been necessary to borrow from the bank to keep going. Home Missions and Church Extension interests have been compelled to practically cease operations. Monthly payments to our dependent preachers and widows have been deplorably cut. Only one thing can save us at this time. That is one hundred per cent co-operation on the part of our pastors and churches in this Jubilee Thanksgiving Offering. We have no other source of income except from our local churches. If a number of pastors are indifferent to our plea, all interests of the general church suffer. It will take one hundred thousand dollars to clear up the slate and give us a clear start for the next cycle of twenty-five years.

Please, pastor, pray about this. Present this matter to your people and make sure to reach your quota of an amount equal to one dollar for each member of your church. We are counting on you. Your faithful co-operation in times past encourages us to believe you will not fail us at this time.

Thanksgiving Scripture Reading

"The Lord hath done great things for us; whereof we are glad" (Psalms 126:3).

"Enter into his gates with thanksgiving, and into his courts with praise: be thankful unto him, and bless his name" (Psalm 100:4).

"O come, let us sing unto the Lord: let us make a joyful noise to the rock of our salvation."
"Let us come before his presence with thanksgiving, and make a joyful noise unto him with psalms."

"For the Lord is a great God, and a great King above all gods."

"O come, let us worship and bow down: let us kneel before the Lord our maker" (Psalms 95':13, 6).

"That I may publish with the voice of thanksgiving, and tell of all thy wondrous works."

"Lord, I have loved the habitation of thy house, and the place where thine honour dwelleth" (Psalm 26:7, 8).

"Oh that men would praise the Lord for his goodness, and for his wonderful works to the children of men!"

"And let them sacrifice the sacrifices of thanksgiving, and declare his works with rejoicing" (Psalm 107:21, 22).

"Offer unto God thanksgiving; pay thy vows unto the most High:"

"And call upon me in the day of trouble: I will deliver thee, and thou shalt glorify me" (Psalm 50:14, 15).

The Church Of The Nazarene

We are thankful for her positive program. We believe the Bible from cover to cover, we do not question its inspiration nor doubt its message. We are positive in our statement of doctrine and feel keenly that we are commissioned to preach the Christ of these doctrines to the whole world. We exist for the purpose of evangelism and this characterizes the entire work of our church.

We are thankful for the completeness of the organization of our church. It includes all phases of church work and brings each auxiliary organization into line with its major objective, that of evangelism. Its Sunday schools provide Bible instruction, its N. Y. P. S. provides expressional and training privileges to our youth, its W. M. S. sponsors the study and support of foreign mission activities.

We are thankful for the inclusiveness of the interests of the church. We have foreign mission work in twelve nations of the earth, our home church embraces all the English nations. We are engaged in spreading the gospel in home missionary work. We are interested in the support of worn-out and retired ministers, and the proper support of those who are giving their lives in leadership today.
We are thankful for the history she has made during the past quarter century because of God's signal blessings upon her. We are grateful for the heroism and sacrifice manifested by those who have laid the foundation for our church. We offer praise to God for His leadership in and through our church, and for the many souls who have been won to Christ in these years.

An Ancient Thank-Offering

"And Moses spake unto all the congregation of the children of Israel, saying, This is the thing which the Lord commanded, saying,

"Take ye from among you an offering unto the Lord: whosoever is of a willing heart, let him bring it, an offering of the Lord; gold, and silver, and brass, . . .

"And they received of Moses all the offering, which the children of Israel had brought for the work of the service of the sanctuary, to make it withal. And they brought yet unto him free offerings every morning ....

"And they spake unto Moses, saying, The people bring much more than enough for the service of the work, which the Lord commanded to make ..... "

"For the stuff they had was sufficient for all the work to make it, and too much" (Exod. 35':4-5; 36:3-7).

The Church Begins A New Cycle

With churches in every state of the United State, five provinces Of Canada, Scotland and England; and mission churches in twelve foreign nations.

With over 105,000 church members, 225,000 enrolled in Sunday schools, 47,000 N. Y. P. S. members, and 29,0(X) members of the W. M. S.

With about 2,000 churches, 3,400 ministers, and church property valued at $10,500,000.

With a Publishing House with total assets of $135,000 issuing over eight million periodicals annually.

With eight schools and colleges with property valued at $1,500,000 with more than 7,000 students enrolled.

With seventy-missionaries on the twelve mission fields, about 300 mission churches, 300 native workers, twelve thousand converts, and property valued at approximately $400,000.
What shall be written in the next twenty-five years? We will determine that by our devotion to God and His church.

Jesus Christ alone can save the world, but Jesus Christ cannot save the world alone.

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34 -- DAYS OF FASTING AND PRAYER

Each Friday during the Anniversary Celebration will be devoted to Fasting and Prayer.

We all recognize the importance of fasting and prayer. It was practiced by Jesus, suggested by Him as a means for overcoming difficult situations, and observed by the early Christian Church. We particularly desire that each church observe these days of fasting and prayer, urging our people to fast at least one meal and devote time to prayer. It is left to the discretion of the pastor concerning the better way to observe this fasting and prayer day, whether to call his people together in the church, in cottage prayer groups, or whether it is to be observed by each individual or family in their homes.

We would suggest that our people be urged to pray definitely along the following lines:

Friday, November 3rd -- In prayer render thanksgiving and praise to God for our church. Pray that God will make her a vital spiritual agency in the salvation of sinners and the sanctification of believers, and in helping to raise the moral tone of this generation; also that we may "go forward" with a more intensive spirit of evangelism.

Friday, November 10th -- Let each pray for a closer walk with God, for a greater appreciation for His Word, for a greater burden for souls, for more of the fervor and zeal of the Holy Spirit in our hearts, for more of the unity of the Spirit in our church, and for the success of the coming Sunday, the day on which special emphasis is placed on deeper personal devotion to God.

Friday, November 17th This day of fasting and prayer precedes our missionary anniversary. Let us urge our people to pray especially for our missionary work, for the missionaries mentioning them by name, for the native workers and Christians, for the needs of the various mission fields, for a greater missionary passion in our church, and for a great revival upon all mission fields.

Friday, November 24th This day of fasting and prayer precedes our Jubilee Thanksgiving Sunday. Let us urge the people to pray for a mighty, world-wide revival, for your local church and its needs, for the work of your district; for the
missionary work of our church, for all of the home interests and for our general leaders, and for the success of the Thanksgiving Offering on the coming Sunday.

Special Prayermeetings

We are asking that two special prayermeetings be held, these, of course will be in addition to your regular midweek prayer services.

A Sunrise Prayermeeting on Sunday, November 12th, the day on which we will emphasize deeper personal devotion to God. Each pastor may set the particular time which may seem most advantageous. We may challenge our people to show their loyalty to the church by attending this early morning prayer service, much like those of the Roman Catholic church attended the early Sunday mass. The purpose of this special early morning prayer service is through self-denial to draw closer to God in special prayer for a successful day of worship as we consider the matter of deepening our personal devotion to Him.

A Night of Prayer, Saturday, November 25th. We trust that our people will meet together in the churches for a night of prayer, at least until midnight. Perhaps you have some local problems with which they should wrestle in prayer. Encourage them to "pray their problems through" in this service. Especially pray that God will bless our efforts and give us a large offering for the General Budget in the Thanksgiving Offering.

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Things begun in prayer end in power.

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Unless Jesus Christ in Lord of all, he is not Lord at all.

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The church that forgets itself in its passion for others, will in that forgetfulness find itself.

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"And now I have told you before it come to pass, that, when it is come to pass, ye might believe." (John 14:29). Dr. Andrew Johnson, writing in God's Revivalist, says there were twenty-five prophecies regarding Jesus fulfilled during the last day or two of Jesus' life. Dr. Johnson says, "The fulfillment of prophecy is an unimpeachable evidence of the divine inspiration of the prophets and an unquestionable proof of the authenticity of the Holy Scriptures."
Believe And Pray

He who believes and prays away,
The bitter trials of life today,
Will help to pray and believe away,
A brother's trials another day.

Dr. Shields, the fighting Fundamentalist of Toronto, recently preached on the text, "Why gaddest thou about so much to change thy way?" (Jeremiah 2:36.) Addressing Christians, he says, "What a shame it is for us to go down into Egypt and turn aside into Assyria, for us to he found in other company than that of our Well Beloved .... Let the world mock if it will. Let the men of the world call you narrow and fanatical if they must; but so live your life before men that they must say, 'He may be narrow, he may be a bit fanatical, extreme, but one thing I know, he is desperately in love with his Lord. Many people may mock at you when they are well, but if there is any kind of spiritual distress they will know where to go if you have been true to Christ." Amen!

A Rich Woman Dies

Mrs. Edith Rockefeller McCormick, the youngest daughter of John D. Rockefeller, Sr., died last year. She was 60 years of age. She had been the leader of Chicago society many years. She was recognized "as the richest woman in the world." She died of a cancerous infection. She had all that immense wealth could buy. She had all the art treasures that gold could purchase. She had the finest country homes and town houses in America. And yet her life had been unhappy and her social achievements never added to her peace of mind. Says one, "In this democracy all are equal at the hour of birth. All are said to be equal at the ballot box, and the eternal law which is not man made sees to it that all are equal at the graveside." Peace of mind and happiness cannot be bought with gold, nor drawn from the bargain counter. Poverty may have its handicaps, but history records the facts that sons and daughters of poverty get just as much out of life "as those who have received the golden shower and tributes of Midas." It was brought out in the settling of her estate that Mrs. McCormick had employed two detectives to guard her day and night. She paid them exorbitant salaries. After all riches have their disadvantages and inconveniences.

THE END