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The Preacher's Magazine

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FROM the EDITOR

Neither talents, nor training, nor personality, nor "pull" will guarantee a minister's success, but—

It's the Spirit of a Man That Counts

IT IS TRUE OF ALL MEN, but much more especially with ministers—"It's the Spirit of a Man That Counts." Brilliance of intellect, personal charm, fluency of expression—these are all highly valuable in the life of a minister. But none of these are the final measurement of his success. He wins or loses in the final showdown by the spirit he displays in the crises. St. Paul knew it full well and, writing to the Corinthians (many of whom were gifted and talent-laden), he admonished, "Glory God in your spirit." 1 Corinthians 6:20. The Apostle knew it also—"It's the Spirit of a Man That Counts."

This is a matter of broad concern in the Christian ministry; we have ecclesiastical casualties at this point—all too many of them. My concern was given strong support when I was checking back on Preacher's Magazine editorial "firsts." In the March-April issue of 1948 I read with appreciation Dr. D. Shelby Corlett's editorial as he launched his editorship. The sudden death of Dr. J. B. Chapman placed Dr. Corlett in the editor's chair. What would be the theme of his first editorial? Having known Dr. Corlett for years and having read his writings with relish, I had more than usual interest in this, his first editorial. I quote from it:

The minister must guard his spirit jealously. He must not permit anything or anyone to tarnish his spirit in its steadfast devotion to Christ, and love or consistent goodwill toward others. No minister is successful as an individual, no matter what apparent success he may have with his congregation or what credit for success he may be given by church leaders, unless he guards his spirit.

OUR SPIRIT IS OUR SPIRITUAL THERMOMETER

A long time before a man breaks down morally, his spirit deteriorates. St. Paul knew it in his day. Every church leader today, be he bishop or superintendent, knows it in sadness. If the minister has become bitter, morbid, resentful, acidic, it is but the thermometer warning of a condition deeper and more desperate. Before a minister loses his moral balance he loses his spiritual buoyancy.

I visited with a minister in his study. He was at odds with his church, his district leadership, and with the general church program. And sad to say, I caught a hint that he was at odds with his wife. Deep within I dared to say what I feared was happening. He had spewed purple acid all over the study. Why was he not appreciated more? Why didn't his local church rally better
to his leadership? Why didn’t the
district superintendent give him a
better “break”? These questions had
come tumbling out, really not seeking
answers at all. They were but indi-
cations of a spirit worn threadbare,
even sick nigh to death. He was a
holiness minister only in name; he
had donned the garb of a Pharisee
and had become a carping critic. I
saw clouds looming on the horizon of
his life even as he spoke; and I went
away with a sad and heavy heart.

In a matter of months I heard the
sad news. That minister was dis-
covered in a moral involvement. I
went inwardly but confessed that was
exactly what I expected. I had read
the warning on his thermometer—a
fevered spirit. I was persuaded again
—“It’s the Spirit of a Man That
Counts.”

Our Spirit Is Our Real Coinage
What is a minister’s real value?
How will he keep himself in circula-
tion—keep his ministry in demand?
Will it be the fluency of his preach-
ing? Or the vigor with which he pro-
motes the general program? Or how
avidly he visits his parishioners? Or
how well he meets and mixes with
the community? These are most as-
suredly not insignificant factors; but
people still ask, “How about his
spirit? Is he calm and optimistic?
Can he smile through personal de-
feats? Does he exemplify Christ in
times of stress?” That is a man’s real
coinage.

Let me illustrate. I hold in my
hand a quarter-dollar. It looks
genuine. It has all the markings that
a silver quarter should have: the
right picture, correct wording, date of
mintage. It looks all right; surely it
must be genuine. But I can’t be sure
by looks, so I proceed to the next
test. I offer it across the counter in
purchasing a small item (and in our
inflated economy it is a small item).
The merchant does not hesitate.
He takes it readily, runs up the sale, and
deposits the coin in the till. Doesn’t
that prove the coin to be genuine?
Decidedly not. Counterfeit coins have
passed both tests—the test of appear-
ance and test of purchase.

Then what can I do to be sure a
coin is genuine? Drop it on the hard
surface and listen to the ring. The
ring of the coin as it falls on the hard-
wood counter or the concrete side-
walk—that is music to the ears of a
numismatist; that is the real test of
true coinage. The metal is not only
present in the proper amount, but
blended correctly. It rings true; it
is real, we say.

That is what I mean by a minister’s
spirit. The test of appearance is not
conclusive. He may dress in the con-
servative clothing usually considered
proper for a clergyman. He may even
wear eastern clerical garb. Still that
is not proof of his goodness.

Priests and monks in the severest garb
have been proved to be tragically
immoral. A man who was extremely
careful relative to standards of dress
proved to be a lecherous man at
heart, as vile as a libertine could be.

No, appearance is not the final test.
And a minister may pass the pur-
chase test for a season. His personal-
ity traits may stand him in good stead
for a time. He may be called to se-
veral pastorates in succession. He may
be circulating in the coinage and
currency of his denomination. Sev-
eral district superintendents and
church boards may accept him across
the counter, and ring him up on the
register as a real piece of money.

But just let him be dropped hard
sometimes. Then the ring will toll the
story. If he goes “thud—splat”—
watch out. Does he fuss, ferment,
and revile—he is counterfeit. God’s
Holy Spirit (the FBI of heaven) will
have him under arrest before long.
The ring of a man’s response when
dropped reveals the spirit of a man—
and that is what counts.

But glory to God, when he is
dropped he may react with a bou-
tesy and a tinkle that are music to
saints and sinners alike. Though
deeply disappointed he may be, yet
his spirit can be victorious and serene
throughout. The personal hurt of a
genuine man is likely as deep as that
felt by the counterfeit. But his inner
realness causes him to sing on the sid-
walk, and rejoice on the counter. Was
it an unexpected adverse vote by the
congregation? Or a refusal by the
church board to accept his plans?
The drop was hard. The church mem-
bers waited with well-tuned ear to
hear the ring of the coin. Thanks be
to God when it rings true—and it
usually does!

“I say: it still—‘It’s the Spirit of a
Man That Counts.’”

Quotes and Notes

1 in 20 Born in U.S.
Is Illegitimate
WASHINGTON—One child of
every twenty born in the United
States is illegitimate, according to
the government.

And one out of every five born in
the District of Columbia is illegiti-
mate, the Health, Education, and
Welfare Department told Congress.

The department also said the black-
market baby racket was flourishing.
An investigation in California showed
babies were selling for as much as
$6,000 to $7,000.

—Cleveland Press

Buddhist Priests Borrow
Christian Books

Angthong, Thailand—The church
library has found regular clients from
an unexpected source, Mr. and Mrs.
J. Toothill of the China Inland Mis-
sion have reported here. Buddhist
priests of the town have become reg-
ular borrowers. The favorite book
of the priests is Billy Graham’s Peace
with God, they said.

—Alliance Witness

Air Pollution—Tobacco-flavored

Regardless of whether we are en-
joying it, more or less, the fact re-
 mains that Americans are smoking
more.

This year a record 470 million
cigarette packs (23½ billion packs) will
go up in smoke. The total will climb to
530 billion by 1965 and reach 680
billion by 1975 according to Com-
merce Department projections.

These increases (13 per cent and
45 per cent, respectively) would ex-
ceed the expected population rise,
meaning that more and more people
will smoke more and more cigarettes
each day.

Signs of the Times

Aussie church opens night club for
teen-agers: A Methodist church in
Sydney, Australia, has opened a night
club for teen-agers. No liquor is sold.
“House Full!” signs go up almost
every night; popular teen-age mu-
sicians and singers are hired to en-
tertain the crowds; the young people
dress as they like, eat hamburgers
and sip soft drinks, watch television,
dance, play table tennis or billiards,
and in general “live it up.”
SERMON of the MONTH

In a day of heaped-up comfort and perennial complaint, it will do us good to look again at—

A Pauline Thanksgiving
By Bill Youngman

Text: Psalms 116:17
Concerning the Thanksgiving spirit of 1759 John Wesley wrote:

I believe the oldest man in England has not seen a thanksgiving day so observed before. It had the solemnity of the General Fast. All the shops were shut up. The people in the streets appeared, one and all, with an air of seriousness. The Prayers, Lessons and whole Public Service were admirably suited to the occasion. The prayer for our enemies, in particular was extremely striking: perhaps it is the first instance of the kind in Europe. There was no noise, hurry, bonfires, fireworks in the evening; and no public diversions. This is indeed a Christian holiday, a rejoicing unto the Lord.

Such Thanksgiving was meant to be, but such it had failed to remain. It still has the forms of religious observance, but it is popularly known as an occasion for family reunions, bountiful dinners, and gay festivities.

What really is thanksgiving? Is it merely a “One Day Special,” a backward glance with an infusion of gratitude? Should it not be an everyday attitude, a part of life and living?

A good illustration of what thanksgiving should be is found in the life of the Apostle Paul. In his thirteen New Testament letters Paul speaks of thankfulness or thanksgiving over forty times. Of his thirteen letters, only two fail to begin with a note of thanksgiving.

Paul’s idea of a thankful attitude is summarized in three of his statements:

I. Thanksgiving: A Lifelong Habit:
Be ye thankful (Colossians 3:15).

Everyone can be thankful, for we all have received blessings and benefits from God. Jesus tried to tell men that it wasn’t always just “luck” that granted them with good fortune. Rather it is God who has a controlling interest in men’s affairs. He explained that “he maketh his sun to rise on the evil and on the good, and sendeth rain on the just and on the unjust.”

Well, what is it that God has done for all people? He has given them the blessing of an adequate and orderly world in which to live. It is adequate because it supplies all man’s material needs. It is orderly inasmuch as similar conditions produce similar results. A necessity for life and progress!

Again God has given man life in His own image. This blesses men with privileges and potentials. They have the privilege of appreciation which gives enjoyment to life. Without this faculty joy would never be plucked and mountains never painted. God’s image in man also gives us the potential of Godliness. The fact that few partake does not diminish the potential; for we can by God’s grace “be filled with all the fulness of God.”

Thus Paul’s first principle of thanksgiving is that we should recognize the many blessings and benefits that come to all men from God, and in so recognizing, “Be ye thankful.” More of us should express the feeling of Roy Campanella: “It’s good to be alive.”

II. Thanksgiving: Regardless of Circumstances
In every thing give thanks (I Thessalonians 5:18).

Now what does Paul mean? Are we to be “thankful” no matter what the circumstances of life might be?

What about threatening adversity? The little community of Sunflower, Kansas, was for a time living under the expectation of a thirty-day notice to completely evacuate the area. The Sunflower Ordnance Plant was about to be closed, throwing hundreds of people out of their jobs and homes. This was casually mentioned to me one Sunday as I preached in their community church. The situation was naturally tense with uncertainty but spirits were calmed by the assurance that God still cared for His own. They were not sure of tomorrow but they were sure of God.

What about the loss of material possessions? The Scottish missionary Alexander Duff, on his way to India, suddenly found himself shipwrecked ironically at the Cape of Good Hope. All lives were saved but all possessions were lost, including Duff’s library of 800 precious books. On shore a sailor found the missionary’s Bible and hymnbook wrapped in a waterproof cloth. Promptly the survivors of the storm were gathered together for a service of praise and thanksgiving. “Oh that men would praise the Lord for his goodness, and for his wonderful works to the children of men!” (Psalms 107:8)

But what about the loss of life? The five young missionaries to the Aucas Indians of Ecuador planted the seed of the gospel with their own blood. Families and friends were left in sorrow and bewilderment. But the faith that had sent them was now the faith that sustained them. Upon hearing of the death of her husband one of the wives wrote, “The Lord has closed our hearts to grief and hysteria, and filled in with His perfect peace.”

Now some will say that it is unnatural to give thanks when adversity strikes. But notice Paul: “Be ye thankful” no matter what the circumstances. Yet even this can be difficult, and is impossible for unbelievers. Only the real Christian can pierce the veil of tears and see God. Only he who knows God can feel Him in the night of despair. To this one, God is “the God of all comfort.”

Jesus, being human, was not blind to the reality of life: “Ye shall weep and lament, and the world shall rejoice, but ye shall be sorrowful.” But Jesus also, being divine, was not blind to the reality of God. Thus He could say, “Let not your heart be troubled, neither let it be afraid.”

And so he who has a living, day-by-day fellowship with God can thank God in everything. He is firmly persuaded that “all things work together for good to them that love God” (Romans 8:28).
III. THANKSGIVING
A CHRISTIAN ATTITUDE

Thanks be unto God for his unspeakable gift (II Corinthians 9:15).

What is God's inexpressible Gift? Certainly we all benefit from God's general blessings, but this gift means much more than God's ordinary goodness. This is the great, original, unspeakable Gift—the Gift of Christ himself.

But many a man sees no reason to thank God for Christ. Many have yet to realize that, even with God's goodness, they are lost without God himself. They have yet to hear the angelic voices saying, "Unto you is born . . . a Saviour, which is Christ the Lord." An undefinable restlessness spurs them on in search of a haven of rest. Only when they have anchored in Jesus will their search be ended. This is why they should thank God for Christ: because "God was in Christ, reconciling the world unto himself."

These great truths dawned upon Paul one day. Looking back on his own life, his struggle with sin and his search for God, he cried, "O wretched man! who shall deliver me . . . ?" The answer was an expression of experience: "I thank God there is a way out through Jesus Christ our Lord" (Phillips). It was, because God "so greatly loved and dearly prized the world" that He gave His unspeakable Gift to redeem it.

To realize that God so loved me that He gave His only begotten Son, so that if I would put my trust in Him I could have eternal life, is yet beyond my understanding. I cannot understand this: While I was yet a sinner, Christ died for me. And yet I instinctively cry, "Behold, what manner of love the Father has bestowed upon me, that I can be called a son of God." Indeed how wonderful is love like this! Thus I am daily giving thanks unto God for His unspeakable Gift.

This is Paul's spirit of thanksgiving. And now in the words of the Psalmist let us all ask: "What shall I render unto the Lord for all His benefits toward me?"

In like measure let our answer be his: "I will take the cup of salvation, and call upon the name of the Lord. "I will pay my vows unto the Lord now in the presence of all His people. "I will offer to thee the sacrifice of thanksgiving, and will call upon the name of the Lord!" (Psalm 116:12-14, 17).

A Hundred Noble Wishes

A hundred noble wishes fill my heart;
I long to help each soul in need of aid.
In all good works my zeal would have a part;
Before no weight of toil it stands afraid.

But noble wishes are not noble deeds,
And he does least who seeks to do the whole.
Who works the best his simplest duties needs;
Who moves the world first moves a single soul.

—CHARLES FRANCIS RICHARDSON

Gleanings from the Greek New Testament

By Ralph Earle*

Romans 14:1-12

WEAK IN THE FAITH

Him that is weak" (v. 1) and "who is weak" (v. 2) are both present participles in the Greek. We might assume that by "weak" is meant worldly or indifferent. But the second verse indicates clearly that Paul has in mind the type of person who makes a major issue out of minor matters, one whose religion consists of being a vegetarian and observing meticulously man-made rules and regulations. This is not the freedom available to us in Christ. We are to be strong, robust Christians, enjoying doing what is proper and wholesome. Christianity is a life dominated by love, not law.

Goodspeed translates "weak" as "over-scrupulous." So does Williams.

DOUBTFUL DISPUTATIONS

The meaning of the last clause of verse 2 is not altogether clear. That is shown by the variety of ways it has been translated. The English Revised Version (1881) left it unaltered (except for "but" to "yet"). But the American Standard Version (1901) has "yet not for decision of scruples." Similarly, the Revised Standard Version (1952) reads, "but not for disputes over opinions," and the New English Bible (1961), "without attempting to settle doubtful points."

On the other hand, Goodspeed says, "do not criticize their views."

The Berkeley Version repeats this, only changing "their" to "his."

Moffatt has "but not for the purpose of passing judgment on his scruples," and Weymouth, "but not in order to pass judgment on his doubts."

Phillips says, "but not with the idea of arguing over his scruples."

Williams agrees with Goodspeed. Wuest reads, "not with a view to a critical analysis of his inward reasons."

The Greek is με εἰς διακρίσιας διαλογισμόν. The first two words mean "not to" or "not for." The noun διακρίσιας is "the act of judging, discernment." Thayer suggests that the clause means, "not for the purpose of passing judgment on opinions, as to which one is to be preferred as the more correct."

Arndt and Gingrich define the noun as "distinguishing, differentiation." They also note that in Polybius it seems to have the idea "quarrel." So they would translate this clause as "but not for the purpose of getting into quarrels about opinions."

The last word of the clause is the noun διαλογισμὸς, "a thought, reasoning, inward questioning." Thayer says that in Greek writers from Plato down it means, "the thinking of a man deliberating with himself." In the King James Version it is translated "thought" nine

*Nazarene Theological Seminary.
times and once each "reasoning," "imagination," "doubtful" (here), "disputing," "doubting." Vincent writes: "The primary meaning of dialogismos is a thinking-through or over. Hence of those speculations or reasonings in one's mind which take the form of scruples." A. T. Robertson thinks the meaning of the clause is this: "The 'strong brother' is not called upon to settle all the scruples of the 'weak brother.'"

Alford identifies the weak Christian as an overscrupulous Jew who had been converted, but whose "over-tender conscience" caused him to continue abstinence from meat and observance of days. Alford explains the two nouns thus: "disputes: in order to settle the points on which he has scruples." Denny writes: "The weak man is one who does not fully appreciate what his Christianity means." That is, he does not realize that salvation is by faith, not by scrupulous observance of legal regulations. In a similar vein Sanday and Headlam say: "Weakness in faith means an inadequate grasp of the great principle of salvation by faith in Christ." They paraphrase this verse thus: "Receive a scrupulous Christian cordially. Do not be contumaciously condemning him."  

**Verge of Servant?**

Verse two describes the "weak" person as one who eats "herbs." Recent translations agree in having "vegetables." That is the correct meaning of the Greek word phasanon, which occurs here and once in each of the Synoptic Gospels. A check of a dictionary will show that the two English words are not synonymous. The Greek word comes from a verb meaning "to dig."  

**What Kind of Servant?**

Six different Greek words are translated by "servant" in the King James Version. Diakonos, which is rendered "deacon" in Philippians and 1 Timothy, means "attendant." Doulos is a "slave." Therapon refers to a voluntary "servant." Oiketes, used here (v. 4), means a "house servant" (from oikos, house). Pánis may refer to either "child" or "servant." Hypereutes (literally, under-rider) emphasizes the idea of subordination.  

**Whose Servant?**

The King James Version of verse four reads: "Who art thou that judgest another man's servant? to his own master he standeth or falleth. Yea, he shall be holden up: for God is able to make him stand." The first thing that should be noted is that in the last clause the oldest Greek manuscripts have kyrios (lord) instead of these (God). But kyrios is the same word which is translated "master" in the middle of the verse. Furthermore, "another's" is probably an over-translation. The Greek simply says "another's." Wisely the Berkeley Version capitalizes this: "Another's." The Revised Standard Version has in the last clause: "for the Master is able to make him stand." With admirable consistency the New English Bible goes a step further. It reads: "Who are you to pass judgment on someone else's servant? Whether he stands or falls is his own Master's business; and stand he will, because his Master has power to enable him to stand." That is the correct meaning—at long last! Paul is not talking about "another man's servant." That should have been obvious to translators long ago. He is referring to the weak, overscrupulous brother, who is yet the Master's servant, not ours. So we have no right to condemn him.  

**Fully Persuaded**

The verb is plerophoreo, which occurs only five times in the New Testament (elsewhere in Romans only, at 4:21). It comes from the adjective pleres (full) and the verb phero (bear, carry). So its first meaning is "to bring in full measure, hence, to fulfill, accomplish." Then it comes to mean "to persuade, assure or satisfy fully." Arndt and Gingrich prefer here "fully convinced."  

**Esteem or Judge?**

"Esteemeth" (v. 5) is the common Greek verb kriow, which means "judge." That is the way it is translated in the third and fourth verses, as well as in the tenth verse and generally elsewhere. However that does not make the smoothest sense here. "Thinks" is the way it is translated by Goodspeed. The New English Bible has "respects." Williams and the Berkeley Version have "rates." This variety reveals the frequent difficulty of fitting the ordinary meaning of a common word into some contexts.  

**Regard or Observe?**

The verb is phroneo (v. 6). It comes from phros (mind). So it means "to think, to be minded in a certain way." Occurring some twenty-nine times in the New Testament, it is translated a dozen different ways. Here probably the best rendering is "observeth" (Arndt and Gingrich, Weymouth, Goodspeed, Berkley, R.S.V.).

**Set at Nought or Deny?**

The verb exousiazo (v. 10) is the same one which is translated "despise" in verse three. It means "to set at nought, despise utterly, treat with contempt." Here it may be translated "look down upon" (Weymouth, Moffatt, Goodspeed) or "despise" (R.S.V.). The last is perhaps the clearest.

**Judgment Seat**

Paul declares that we must all stand before the judgment seat of God (so the best Greek text). He is the Judge, not we. Therefore we should stop judging.

The word is bema. One can see it today carved on the wall where Galileo once sat on the judgment seat at Corinth (Acts 18:12; 16:17). It is used of the place where Pilate sat to judge (Matthew 27:19; John 17:13), and also Festus (Acts 25:10, 17). All these were Roman governors. So it refers to the official tribunal, where the governor could pass judgment on offenders or exonerate the innocent.

Paul uses the similar expression, "the judgment seat of Christ," in one other place (II Corinthians 5:10). It is clear that he had a keen consciousness that one day he, and all of us, must stand before the great Judge of all. No wonder he sought always to have "a conscience void of offence toward God, and toward men" (Acts 24:16).
Results of Adding New Members

By Mack Anderson

Acts 2:47 declares that "... the Lord added to the church daily such as should be saved."

This simple statement sets forth fundamental facts about the Early Church: they were winning converts, and they were making church members of those converts!

This is still the task of the church. This must be the ultimate goal of every sermon preached, every dollar raised, every convention held, every book published, every church built, and every missionary sent out. To fail here is to fail where it really counts. Failure can never be concealed under any sort of statistical or oratorical camouflage!

Our "Evangelism First" program has rightly given priority to winning the lost and bringing them into the fellowship of the church. The "Try Christ's Way" emphasis is aimed at winning men to Christ. The second thrust of the program is to recruit those new converts for the church.

It is my firm conviction that a vigorous program of winning new members will be of great benefit to any church.

I. THIS PROGRAM BUILDS STRONG CHRISTIANS

One of the secrets of the startling strength of the early Christians was that they were out to catch men for Christ and for His Church. Sacrifice, suffering, and persecution could not deter them. The jeers of the godless, the threats of the rulers, and the scheming of the hypocritical religionists only served to increase their efforts to recruit men for Christ.

Something like this will happen to Nazarenes when we begin in earnest to do this task.

Its influence will be felt in the prayer life of our people. We must have divine help if we are to make Nazarenes of new converts. There are many different problems to be met: the tobacco habit in many instances, difficult marital situations, membership in lodges, problems of dress, questions about the theater, etc. Dealing with such problems has a way of underlining our need of prayer.

Nazarenes who try to win others for the church become more keenly aware of their responsibility to be good examples. It is folly to talk with others about the doctrines and standards of our church if we are careless about them ourselves. We put ourselves squarely on the spot! This is good! Paul said, "Follow me as I follow Christ." We say, in effect, "Judge the Church of the Nazarene by what you see in us. If we can live by the Manual and be happy, victorious Christians, so can you." This is a demanding task, but demanding tasks have a way of building strong Christians!

II. THIS PROGRAM WILL REDUCE CHURCH PROBLEMS

It is axiomatic that where there are people there are problems. Since the Church is made up of people, it should not surprise us that churches have problems. This is true even in Georgia! Some of these problems will always be with us, I suppose, but many of them could be eliminated, or at least greatly reduced.

A vigorous program of evangelism will help materially at this point. For one thing, it turns the minds of our people toward a common goal. Most of our problems are of the little, petty variety: members judging the actions and attitudes of other members, little jealousies, hurt feelings, misunderstandings—these and countless others of the same type. Where these prevail, one thing is certain: that church is spinning its wheels for the most part. The people are not really concerned with our evangelistic responsibility. Lacking a consuming passion to reach the lost, the people turn their attention to themselves. The inevitable result is the catalogue of problems listed above.

The opposite is equally true. When a congregation turns its thoughts and directs its energies toward evangelizing these little petty things are forgotten, or at least ignored. If the program accomplished nothing beyond this, it would be infinitely worthwhile. But, happily, it does accomplish more.

III. THIS PROGRAM INSURES THE CHURCH'S FUTURE

A church, in some respects, is like any other organization. It must grow or it will die. Take a concrete example. A look at a city church in the South (with approximately three hundred members) for a ten-year period reveals that 17 members have passed away, 86 have transferred to other Nazarene churches, and 29 have been lost to the church by letter, removal, etc. This is a total loss of 132 members during this decade. If no new members had been received during this ten-year period, the church today would be 59 per cent smaller than it was ten years ago. If that same pattern continued, the church would be extinct in a few years.

Happily, the church has been able to more than recoup its losses. During this ten-year span 105 members have been received by profession of faith, and 93 by transfer and letter. The membership today is larger than it was ten years ago.

Adding new members also insures the church's financial future. Referring again to the above church, these interesting figures emerge. The church recently conducted its annual campaign to underwrite the year's budget. At last report the weekly pledges totaled approximately $475. Of this amount $291 per week, or 39 per cent of the total, was pledged by new members received during the period referred to above. This means that these new members will contribute some $15,000 to the work of the Church of the Nazarene during this assembly year. Adding new members pays financially!

What is true of this church is true of all our churches. Our future is insured only as we continually add new people to our church rolls.

CONCLUSION

We have noted three areas in which the recruiting of new members proves beneficial:

Such a program builds strong Christians.

Such a program reduces church problems.

Such a program insures the church's future.

May God help us as preachers to win the lost for Christ and bring them into the fellowship of the church.
The Preaching of John D. Saxon

By James McGraw

Pr eachers as well as motorists should remember that the aim is not to cover the ground, but to see the country— and seeing, to 'love.'

So writes David A. MacLennan in his book, Pastoral Preaching; and so will agree every thoughtful preacher of the Word. And so believed one of Nazarene's first-generation pulpiters and vigorous 'hewers of a spiritual kingdom,' John D. Saxon.

He covered the ground, he preached the Bible, he delved deeply into its great truths, he saw its beauty and its meaning—but he did not just cover the ground; he 'saw' and loved the country.' To him the great Book was something awesome and sacred, something beautiful and grand, something always fresh and exciting. He saw it, and he loved it; and those who heard him preach learned to love it better.

Born October 20, 1893, in Houston, Mississippi, John Davis Saxon was the son of Thomas Forster and Minnie Wilson Saxon. His father was a farmer, and his talented mother a schoolteacher and postmistress. His mother died when J. D. was about twelve years old, but her life made an indelible impression upon him in his formative years.

It was when John Saxon was twenty-one years old that he was converted in the Mount Zion Congregational Church, and his call to preach came soon afterward. He preached his first sermon in the Mount Zion Church, and he recalled later that its length was 'about nine minutes.'

The product of a generation of holiness preachers who did not have as many educational opportunities as are now available, and who did not place as much emphasis upon formal training as is now the custom, John D. Saxon was nevertheless a well-educated man. He was graduated with the Th.B. from Trevecca Nazarene College and also from Southwestern College in Memphis. Trevecca later conferred the honorary D.D., upon him in recognition of his contribution both in leadership and in the preaching ministry.

His schoolmate in Trevecca days, Miss Sara Conner, became his wife, and eleven children came to bless their parsonage home during forty years of ministry in the church. Among these eleven is a missionary, Miss Ruth Saxon, of Trinidad, and others in various types of Christian service.

John D. Saxon's ministry was busy and versatile. Within a year of his conversion and call to preach, he was serving as pastor of a small church in Mississippi. His ministry took him into Arkansas for a short time, and then in 1922, he assumed the pastorate of Dales Chapel in Nashville, Tennessee, to be the center for his activities for many years to follow. He pastored churches in Lebanon, Decherd, Springfield, and Memphis, and then served for a period of two years as field secretary for Trevecca Nazarene College from 1928 to 1930. Then he returned to Springfield for another term of six years, at which time he was elected district superintendent of the Tennessee District.

After his ten successful years as the Tennessee superintendent the work became so large that the district was divided in 1946. Saxon was chosen superintendent of the East Tennessee District. In 1949 he accepted the call to the superintendency in his native state of Mississippi, and returned there to serve until the time of his death seven years later.

John D. Saxon was a big man, and communicated strength wherever he went. There was something of excitement and adventure about him. He had run away from home when a boy of sixteen, and had thought ambitiously of making a fortune in oil-and-cattle-rich Texas. He wanted to become rich and return to help make his father rich. He met disillusionment in this venture but the spirit of adventure. It became useful in the organization of home mission churches and the evangelization of the small congregations under his supervision. His ministry reminds the observer of what Dr. Austin Phelps wrote in his excellent book, The Theory of Preaching: 'To create strength, you must give strength. Give to your preaching the vividness of lightning, and your people will not crave the phosphorescence of fireflies.' When J. D. Saxon preached, there was nothing that resembled a firefly type of phosphorescence. There was plenty of lightning, and thunder too.

Perhaps the most significant characteristic of his preaching ministry was its freshness and vitality. His daughter, Ruth remembers accompanying her father on visits to various churches in her teen-age years when he was district superintendent. On one occasion there were three preaching points on the schedule for the day. At the morning service Dr. Saxon preached an expositional message based on Psalm 23, the wonderful and beautiful 'Shepherd Psalm.' When the moment came for his next preaching he read the text that afternoon in another service, and he read the same chapter, his daughter recalls how she felt a tinge of disappointment, thinking she would be bored with the same sermon she had heard once already that day. But the content was new and different. The illustrations were different, the points of emphasis were changed, and the sermon was not at all the same. In the evening service, the third preaching point of the day, again the same chapter was used, but still a third approach was made and the sermon was not like the other two. This experience left the teenage listener deeply impressed that there was one thing about her father's preaching that was distinctive and different: he was unequalled in the ability of making an old sermon seem new and fresh, and in making an 'old text' just as interesting as a brand-new one.

Saxon's preaching was full of interesting illustrations, many of which were drawn from his own life experiences, and some from the experiences of others. This does not mean that he failed to preach the Bible—for he was a Biblical and a doctrinal preacher, rather than a topical preacher—but it means he made the old, old story seem new and fresh because of his skill in bringing it home to his listeners in terms of life. He loved life, he knew what it was all about, and he understood what the problems and the needs of his congregation were.

He was never bookish in his.
The Revival Call

By H. B. Garvin*

THE CALL OF THE prophet of old, "O Lord, revive thy work in the midst of these years," expresses a desparate need of our present age. And I am certain that if we as Christians feel this need as we should, God will hear us saying somewhat in the language of the prophet Isaiah: "Oh, that you would rend the heavens, that you would come down." We do not have revivals naturally, but supernaturally we do, and the heavens are full of revivals when we pay the price of hearing from God.

Mighty heaven-born revivals offer the only hope for the militant Church of the living God. The constant human drift has always been away from God and better things, and toward the base, sensual, and selfish things of life. The people of God must needs be continually stirred up spiritually. It has always been so in human affairs, and the Church must feel that there is a constant, conscious, and desperate need for revivals.

There are three necessary factors that must operate in bringing about revivals: (1) We must have God. He must "rend the heavens," and "come down." And if effective and permanent results are to be expected from human efforts, the atmosphere must be charged with His presence. (2) There must be the message of God—His mighty gospel, for it is the entrance of His Word that gives light. It is the preaching of God's Word in a holy atmosphere that will lead men and women to seek the face of God. (3) Human endeavor and human instrumentality and cooperation are also necessary factors in bringing about revivals. In this, as well as all other Christian work, we are "workers together with God." And of course this human element must operate in the realm of divine law if true revivals are to come.

There should always be genuine honesty, a deep and sincere humility, and a disposition to repent, confess, and make all possible restitution for wrongs committed. Such an attitude will enable the individual to hopefully meet God in reconciliation and restoration with his Maker.

Finally, there are always some very definite and gracious results that may be expected to follow in the wake of revivals. (1) What may be designated as spiritual obstructions, bones of contentions, and old grudges which work like festering sores in the soul are all borne away on the crest of the flood tide of the mighty revival, thus purifying the spiritual atmosphere. (2) There will be a breaking out on the right hand and on the left; for the fourth part of the deep will be broken up, and every valley and hill of human experience will flow with "living waters" that break forth from springs. Then the Church of the living God, being revived, will become attractive and active, and will go forth on its mission, "as fair as the moon, as clear as the sun, and as terrible as an army with banners."

*Evangelist.

November, 1901
The One Divine Three
II. Further Thoughts on the Trinity
By J. Kenneth Grider*

In Christian theology we do not start with the doctrine of man. To start there might well tend us toward Pelagius. We start with the doctrine of God. And the most elemental factor in the Christian view of God is that He is a Trinity, three Persons in one substance (as Dr. Wiley says) in one underlying ground of the activities of the three.

A God like this is no bare monad, no solitary individual, existing alone and aloof from all eternity. He is a perfect society, and humanity is not essential to His complete happiness. We do, however, come into the picture. Praise Him, we do! Charles W. Lowry, in what is perhaps the best book obtainable on the subject, calls the doctrine "... at once the ultimate mystery and the supreme glory of the Christian faith." He also writes, "The doctrine of the Trinity is the most comprehensive and most nearly all-inclusive formulation of the truth of Christianity. It is in and of itself a not inadequate summation of the principal teachings of the Christian religion."

As we consider some further thoughts on this doctrine, therefore, we are very close to the heart of the faith. The 1961 New Delhi meeting of the World Council of Churches is considering the recommendation of the WCC's ninety-member central committee that there be

adherence to the Trinity for denominational membership. Thus the World Council, at least while it considers this matter, will be engaged with what concerned the early general councils of Christians.

OVERLAPPING IN FUNCTION

It is altogether too oversimplified, too neat, to say that each Person in the Trinity does one thing, e.g., that the Father is the Creator, the Son the Redeemer, and the Holy Spirit the Sanctifier. The Son creates too, according to the prologue of John's Gospel; and the Spirit creates according to John 3:4, where we read, "The Spirit of God [who proceeds from the Father, that is] hath made me." For another example, they all three sanctify. In 1 Peter 1:2 the Spirit does; but God the Father does, according to 1 Thessalonians 5:23; and Jesus suffers outside Jerusalem's gate that He might sanctify the people, according to Hebrews 13:12.

THE THREE ARE PERSONS

It is well to be reminded that there really are three Persons in the Godhead. Many who consider themselves orthodox are afraid that they might tend to Tritheism if they understand that there are three in the Godhead—three egos, three centers of consciousness. Karl Barth, who is no modernist as such on this doctrine, and who can say that the Father and the Son love each other, says that the Holy Spirit is not "a third spiritual subject, a third I ...", but "a third mode of existence of the divine Subject or Lord."

No one member of the Godhead is called a Person in Scripture; but what each of them does is what a person would do, and each seems to be personally distinct from the other two. When we sing Reginald Heber's great trinitarian hymn, we are Biblical as we join voices to say, "God in three Persons; blessed Trinity!" Charles Lowry rightly speaks of "... three Divine Persons—faces or mediators of manifestation, and centers of consciousness." Lowry is Biblical and creedal when he writes, "He is a trinity of persons within a fundamental and absolute unity of being, consciousness, and will."

Actually, the threnody is probably spelled out more articularly in worship services than is the openness. When we repeat the Apostles' Creed, we enumerate the three but do not say that they are one. When we baptize, it is the same way: The three are enumerated. Those who sing the "Gloria Patri" list the three, not indicating that they are one. Yet it has been my finding over the years that persons who intend to be fully orthodox in the doctrine they espouse are often very slow to admit three centers of consciousness. This might be why there is often a switch of persons addressed in prayers.

JEHOVAH IS ALL THREE

And again, the Jehovah of the Old Testament is to be understood as any one of the Persons or as all three conceived as one. In his sustained treatise on the Trinity,

Augustine delineates such a view as this. A comparison of Isaiah 6:5-9 with Acts 28:25, for example, shows that the Holy Spirit is called "Jehovah, of hosts." In Exodus 17:7 we read, "They tempted Jehovah," and in Hebrews 3:7-9 this is applied to the Holy Spirit. Also in Jeremiah 31:35 we have, as Jehovah: "I will put my law in their inward parts, . . .." As this passage is quoted in Hebrews 10:15-17, the Holy Spirit is declared to have said it. We read, "Whereof the Holy Ghost also is a witness to us: for after that he had said before, This is the covenant that I will make with them after those days, saith the Lord: I will put my laws into their hearts, and in their minds will I write them." Some see an equating of Jehovah with Christ in a study of Exodus 23:2-21; Deuteronomy 18:15; Jeremiah 31:31-32; Acts 7:53; and Malachi 3:1. When the phrase "The Lord thy God" is found in the Old Testament, as in Deuteronomy 18:15, there might be instances of equating Jehovah ("Jehovah" or Yahweh) with the whole Trinity, because "God" is the plural Elohim. In the book referred to more than once already, Lowry says, "The Trinity as a whole is to be identified with the Jehovah of the Old Testament."

DENIALS ARE UNINVITING

Denials of the doctrine of the Trinity, whatever form they take, are really quite uninviting. The view that Christ was adopted as God's Son at His baptism; the view that Christ was the first being to be created but not eternally generated; the view that the three were not Persons but successive historical manifestations of the one Person—such views do not have the support of Scripture. Nor are they in harmony with the Church's holy tra-
diation in which Spirit-guided men have pooled their knowledge of Scripture and their experience. That German triumvirate, Kant, Hegel, and Schleiermacher, leave one cold. The most articulate recent opposition to the Trinity has come from Cyril C. Richardson of Union Seminary in New York, in his The Doctrine of the Trinity. Richardson enlightens the reader on many elements of the historic doctrine, giving a most scholarly treatment. But he makes it clear that he has no use for the view that God is three Persons in one essence. Often he calls the Father, the Son, and the Spirit "terms." Quite frequently also he calls them "symbols." They are for him, not Persons, not centers of consciousness. The distinctions are not three in number, for Richardson, but innumerable—immeasurable because they are God's activity, which is self- varied. This current impugner discounts the doctrine as "an artificial threefoldness." He says that it "engenders bewilderment instead of true faith." If you are a "thoughtful person" you are not supposed to believe in it. For his sake, and for the sake of those whom he influences, you regret that he dissociates himself from the Christian tradition on such a basic belief.

**A Supernatural Mystery**

There are natural mysteries, such as memory, and there are supernatural ones, such as the Trinity. This supernatural mystery is a most meaningful one to those who will to-do God's will and who thereby know of this doctrine.

Thomas Aquinas somewhere talks about the liberating effect of accepting by faith such doctrines as the Trinity which cannot be attained by reason. We, in Protestant conservatism, who begin employing faith in what is revealed much sooner than Aquinas did, certainly find ourselves joined with him on this matter of the liberating quality which faith has. If we deny such doctrines as that of the Trinity, and accept only what our reason finds more congenial to its processes, we are chained down indeed. The human spirit has the power to soar adventurously. It has the power not only of logicality but of opticity. Like the Old Testament prophets, we may all be seers. And when we are seers who see the revealed truth of the Trinity, we are "...in possession of a prize of rare and marvelous beauty."


Several things are necessary to restore Thanksgiving to its rightful place: a genuine sense of gratitude for America, a deletion of the infantile tendency that sends us crying to Washington for all our wants, a rebirth of the principles of our ancestors, and a willingness to say, "Thank you" to our families, our neighbors and friends and most of all to God, the source of light and life, and to His Son.—H. E. Westermeyer, Union-Bulletin.

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**A Spirit-filled Ministry**

By Dr. J. C. McEheeler*

The men who minister in the holy things of God are entrusted with a leadership that is far-reaching in influence. There is no group of leaders in society who need a more thorough training in mind and heart than the ministers of the gospel of Jesus' Christ. They are entrusted with confidences and are looked to for counsel and advice as no other group of men.

The influence of the minister of the gospel touches the whole gamut of human society, extending from the individual to the state. The minister may defy a Hitler as did Martin Niemöller. He may make thrones of trembling as did John Knox. He may change the destiny of continents as did Paul. He may head a spiritual revival as did John Wesley, destined to girdle the entire globe. He may champion the cause of an enslaved people as did Henry Ward Beecher, until three million slaves were set free. He may reach with the arm of faith into the bosom of God's infinite love, as did Dwight L. Moody; and become such an evangel of redeeming grace as to shake two continents.

There are unmeasured possibilities for a well-trained, sanctified ministry. The most urgent need of this hour is such a ministry filling the pulpits of our land. There is hope for civilization so long as the prophets of God stand as faithful and uncompromising watchmen on the walls of Zion. When the prophets and priests of God attempt to follow a course of appeasement with the world, tragedy is in the making for the nations in the form of wars and rumors of wars. When the atoning blood of Christ for sin is no longer preached in the pulpits, the way has been paved for the blood baths of revolutions and the shedding of blood in all manner of crime.

The spiritual apostasy that has been so widespread within recent years may be attributed to a very large degree to the type of training which many ministers had during the years of their seminary training. Many a young man, while studying for the ministry in the seminary, has sold his spiritual birthright for the mess of pottage of modernism which denies the miracles of the Bible, the Virgin Birth, the deity of Jesus, and the merits of His atoning sacrifice for sin upon the Cross.

When the ministry loses the note of certainty of the sense of divine authority, which comes from an uncompromising faith in the Holy Scriptures as the Word of God, spiritual decline is certain to ensue in the Church, and political, social, and moral decay ensues in the world. When the pastors who are entrusted with feeding the people give them a stone instead of bread, then, comes to pass the word of Jeremiah, who said: "Therefore thus saith the Lord God of Israel against the pastors that feed my people: Ye have scattered my flock, and have driven them away, and have not visited them: behold, I will visit upon you the evil of your doings, saith the Lord" (Jeremiah 23:2).

*By permission, the Herald. November, 1911 (493) 19
Where Are the Weeping Intercessors?

By Harold M. Freigh

Let the priests ... weep between the porch and the altar (Joel 2:17): There will be no sound of the rushing mighty wind denoting the Holy Spirit's coming in revival power until there is the sound of weeping heard between the porch and the altar.

It is impossible to have the power of Pentecost without its price. The familiar and oft-quoted promise of the outpoured Holy Spirit predicted by Joel (2:28-29) is preceded by the preparation of mourning, fasting and intercession. The priests must be found functioning in their appointed place before God will perform His work. "Let the priests ... weep between the porch and the altar" (2:17).

"Between the porch and the altar" is the place of mediatorship. The porch is where the populace assembles. The altar is where sacrificial offerings ascend to God. The priests stand between the two as mediators, representing God to the people and the people of God. Since believers are kings and priests unto God (Revelation 5:10), this call is to all of them.

"Come, Lie All Night in Sackcloth" (Joel 1:13).

"Between the porch and the altar" is the place of intercession. Joel called upon the priests to pray there because of imminent and dire need. God had found it necessary to chasten His people. A devastation of locusts had been sweeping over the land. The drunkards were summoned to awake because the grapevines were destroyed (1:5). The husbandmen were warned to howl because there were no harvests (1:11). But God's ministers, the priests, were exhortcd to mourn because of a higher, worthier motive: "For the meat offering and the drink offering is withdrawn from the house of your God" (1:13). God's cause was suffering an account of this plague, and God's people must lament: "Come, lie all night in sackcloth."

But the plague of locusts did not arouse God's people. Consequently, He sent a more severe affliction. In chapter two the prophet sees the coming of a still greater disaster. An army of warriors comes marching into the land. They practice the scorched-earth policy: "A fire devoureth before them; and behind them a flame burneth: the land is as the garden of Eden before them, and behind them a desolate wilderness" (v. 3).

This army is worse than the locusts; it spares neither crop nor lives. When God chastens He often touches our property first, and if we do not learn through the first stroke He touches our persons. It was so in Job's life. It was so with Joel's people. It is frequently so today. Chastening is God's call to repentance: "Therefore also now, turn ye even to me with all your heart, and with fasting, and with weeping, and with mourning" (v. 12).

It is a call to everyone—old men, children, and even infants. The bridegroom and the bride are also included (v. 16). The priests especially are included. They, of all persons, are expected to weep between the porch and the altar. Here they take their stand for the highest ministry—intercession: "Spare thy people, O Lord."

"Between the porch and the altar"—a place of mourning and intercession. But in the last days, what do we find? Conditions as in the days of Noah (Matthew 24:37-39): eating and drinking instead of fasting; rousing hilarity instead of a solemn assembly. Prayer in the Upper Room is the forerunner of power from on high. Deep humility of soul must prepare the way for the coming of the Holy One. This is the price of Pentecost. It will always be so.

Oh! Where Are the Weeping Intercessors?

Do existing conditions yet not alarm us? Misermking continues while helpless victims are being mowed down by the advancing army. Oh, where are the weeping intercessors?

If our youth conferences are to compete with Vanity Fair, it soon will be a race to see which can put on the bigger attraction to lure customers. Young people are entertained instead of challenged.

Lot, Chairman of the Banqueting Committee

There was a time when separation meant giving up even good things as well as questionable. Our Isaacs were hid on the altar. Our self-assertive, mocking Ishmaels were ejected. Our worldly-minded Lots were banished. But now Lot is made chairman of the banquet committee.

November, 1961

Ishmael is dressed up and brought in as the jovial clown to entertain the feasters, and Isaac is given the seat of honor and toasted and told what a good fellow he is.

Have our preachers' retreats resolved themselves into intellectual apsreads, garnished with a few discussions and unfeignedly seasoned with a little prayer? Can any minister carry a burden for others when he is pressed with the urgency of getting home from his services to relax? Is there any preparation for the Lord's day among children of God when their chief talk in the Sunday morning greetings concerns the entertainment of the week before?

Is the rally point of our summer conventions the lunch stand instead of the nightly prayer time? Fellowship over the teacup is becoming more fashionable than fellowship in prayer.

The repentance and the performance of the first works that accompany the first love are quite obliterated by feasting and frolic. "Hear the tramp; tramp! tramping..." Not of God's army, but of invaders: "Like the noise of a flame of fire that devoureth the stubble, as a strong people set in battle array" (Joel 2:5).

"Time for Tears—Not Trilling"

Tramp! Tramp! Tramp! It is no time for trilling but for tears. Let us seek intercession instead of indulgence. The urgency of the hour is enough to draw us together to God and to one another.

God's ear bends low. Does He hear the voice of weeping and the cry of prayer, "Spare thy people, O Lord?" Not till He hears that sound rising from between the porch and the altar will His Church hear the sound of the rushing mighty wind.
Pulpit and Parish Tips

A Holiness Preacher Must Read Holiness Books

By E. E. Wordsworth

In a recent preachers' meeting Senior General Superintendent Hardy C. Powers urged our ministers to present to be constant readers of distinctive holiness literature. He gave strong emphasis to its necessity and warned against a regular Calvinistic diet. He said, "We cannot be forceful and clear holiness preachers that will indoctrinate our people unless we fill our minds as well as our hearts with holiness truth, and this truth (Wesleyan and Pauline) is to be found in our holiness books." We believe these timely words should be emphasized, recognized, and observed by our ministers.

The Calvinistic press is flooding the market with its books and periodicals. We grant they have merit, but also danger. If a preacher, with vitamins, minerals, and proteins, is essential to physical health, the assimilation of fundamental holiness truth is indispensable to the holiness preacher. A carpenter cannot build a house without proper tools, and a holiness preacher cannot adequately present the cardinal holiness truths unless his mind is stored with doctrinal, experiential, and ethical facts about second-blessing holiness. A vast amount of holiness literature is available from the pens of writers of former generations as well as current authors. Our Nazarene Publishing House will gladly furnish a list of authors and their works upon request.

The reason why such men as C. W. Rith, Bud Robinson, C. J. Fowler, George McLaughlin, J. B. Chapman, R. T. Williams, H. F. Reynolds, P. F. Bresee, J. A. Woods, William McDonald, S. L. Brengle, A. M. Hills, B. Carradine, and a host of other preachers of holiness fame were such clear exponents of the doctrine and experience of holiness was because they knew their Bibles and were widely read on holiness lines. "Reading makes a full man," said Bacon.

The Editor Says, "Amen"--

Holiness preachers read holiness books! The truth of such an exhortation was never more apparent than now. The presses are turning out more and more books from the pens of Calvinistic and liberal writers. Our minds must be fed and fortified by holiness food if we would strengthen our muscles for the Wesleyan warfare. No holiness preacher can ever expect to read only holiness books. But neither can he afford to read only non-holiness books.

Here are two books recently released, both of which are meat for the mind and stimulation for the soul:

Sanctification and Its Synonyms, W. T. Purkiser (Beacon Hill)
(This is a careful study of the Biblical terms for sanctification.)

The Holy Spirit and the Church, Daniel Steele (Beacon Hill)
(SELECTED MATERIALS FROM WRITINGS OF STEELE DEALING SPECIFICALLY WITH THE LEADERSHIP OF THE SPIRIT IN THE CHURCH. MORE PERTINENT TODAY THAN WHEN THEY WERE FIRST WRITTEN.)

You wonder why church pianists turn over in their graves?

This may be the reason

Music in the Home Mission Church

By a Concerned Pastor

It looks like a piano. It just doesn't sound like a piano. This is through no fault of the craftsman or of the gentleman whose task it is to tune the apparatus.

I am under the impression if the keys were hit correctly in time with music that the noise which proceeds from the machine would be more palatable to the ear. The cacophony of sounds that are discharged from this box each Sunday are, to use restraint, raucous. I never quite realized before what an exacting instrument a piano is. It is as demanding as a fishwife. It will not give up its music unless each key is struck in the proper order. In this way it resembles its cousin the typewriter. I place my fingers on the typewriter in the orthodox manner. I write, "See the dog." Now I move my fingers over one notch. The movement is scarcely visible to the naked eye. But the result is "Drr yhr foh."

When I must select the hymns that are to be offered up in sacrifice to the brute, I get the same feeling that must accompany a man when he has to select from among old and dear acquaintances scapegoats for a pagan fertility rite. The heathen practice infanticide in India it is sufficed; I permit beautiful songs to be murdered by an unfeeling black box. As I look at the index, each number seems to try to shrink into the background and plead, "Please don't use me this morning."

On occasion, for variety, we use a teen-age girl to attack the mechanism. Her mother explained to me that she can play because she has taken music lessons. She must have taken lessons from Barney Oldfield, because if speed is a blessing then she is thrice blessed. With the alacrity of a cat in hot pursuit of a mouse she pounces upon the keyboard. The result is beyond description. "Nearer, My God, to Thee" sounds like the "Flight of the Bumblebee." It must be the influence of the space age; because while the congregation is still struggling to finish the first stanza, our heroine has flown through all four. Then, turning slightly to face her panting audience, she smiles like a Cheshire cat as if to say, "Ha, I beat you through."

I have considered several solutions.

I could preach a sermon pointing out that the Early Church did not have pianos and make a feeble effort to convince my people I had a religious conviction against the device. Or we could let the primary children play with the contraption until they wrung its wires like the neck of a chicken. My final thought has been that we are wrestling against principalities and powers and spiritual wickedness in high places. These dark powers are dedicated to the task of driving me out of the ministry via that demon in the corner. But like Job, I should my burden with the firm resolution that, though it slay me, I shall remain true.
The Pastor's Way of Saying "MERRY CHRISTMAS!"

At this holiday season . . .

Christ-exalting Christmas CARDS

EXCLUSIVE—original designs not sold to the open market, portraying the joys of Christ's birth

APPEALING—rich full-color—personal greetings and scripture selected with the pastor in mind

HIGH-QUALITY—heavy, linen-finish stock with a dignified style of lettering, French-fold

INEXPENSIVE—just 3½¢ a card so you may be able to remember all your members and personal friends.

Size 4¼ x 5½ inches—white mailing envelope included (60)

Choose from this outstanding selection

No. G-1043 Nativity
Message: "The miracle of Christmas, the Son of God in a manger, fill your heart with joy and hope now and throughout the coming year."
Scripture: Every good gift and every perfect gift is from above" (James 1:7).

No. G-1044 Candle and Bible
Message: "May Christmas make you abundantly aware of Christ's presence and the New Year be full of His love.
Scripture: "And the peace of God, which passeth all understanding, shall keep your hearts and minds through Christ Jesus" (Philippians 4:7).

No. G-1045 Three Wise-Men
Message: "May Christmas Day be truly one of blessedness for you and His presence abide with you in the year ahead."
Scripture: "And when they saw the young child with Mary his mother, and fell down, and worshipped him" (Matthew 2:11).

No. G-1046 Poinsettia
Message: "To greet you once again at Christmas and wish you rich blessings and deep inward peace, not only today, but the whole year through.
Scripture: "This is the day which the Lord hath made; we will rejoice and be glad in it" (Psalm 118:24).

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10 Don'ts for Preachers

By Dr. William S. Deal*

Preachers sometimes need to be reminded of things which are of vital importance to their ministry. The following ten things are in that category. These are the things which make or break men in the ministry, according to how they react to them. These points are presented in the negative form just for the benefit of effectiveness in stating them. Here they are:

1. Don't Fail to Prepare. The ministry is God's highest calling for men. Failure to make adequate preparation according to one's ability and opportunity is to disrespect the highness of that call.

For some young men, graduation is an academic tragedy. A college education is but a beginning of the really important preparation for the ministry. It provides only the tools with which to make the proper preparation. Adequate preparation must be spiritual, as well as academic, if the minister is ever useful to God and man. Moses and Paul, used of God to write more of the Bible than any other two men, had their greatest preparation for God's work after their academic preparation. Preparation for successful ministerial work is, in fact, never completed, but continues as long as the minister is useful. When preparation ceases, usefulness ends.

2. Don't Wait for an Opportunity. The world is filled with people who have never accomplished anything, but who continually whine that they never had an opportunity. Such people would hardly know an opportunity if they met one in the street face to face. The successful people of the world did not wait for opportunities to turn up; rather, they seized the initiative and made opportunities for themselves, by converting the smallest openings into larger possibilities.

Do not wait for the chance to preach to the multitude. Accept the prayer-meeting-talk challenge, put a message of power and blessing into it, and the crowd will soon call for your services. Make the small opening into the larger opportunity by utilizing it to its fullest extent.

3. Don't Force a Door Open. Look around for one that is already open. Often preachers are tempted to force the door of an apparently real opportunity. Never succumb to it. You will live to regret it. Take the really open door of the smaller place. Make it a success. The larger door will open of its own accord when you are ready for it.

If larger doors do not open, do not be too disappointed. Fill your place adequately and rejoice for what you have. Big opportunities mean great responsibilities. Failure there can ruin you for life.

4. Don't Capitalize on Another's Failures. Never be guilty of referring to the shortcomings of others to build your own success-image in people's minds.

Some men seem to stand by criticically awaiting the failure of another, to step into his place and really shine. Sometimes when in, they make big stock of the other person's weaknesses, to cover their own shortcomings. This is far beneath the dignity of the ministry. (Editor's italics.)

5. Don't Whine When Disappointed. One mark of true greatness is the ability to be dead in earnest to see a cause promoted, but to take it gracefully when someone else is appointed to this task.

When an outstanding pastorate or some office in which one believes he could offer successful service goes to another, some men whine so loudly that everyone is aware of their keen disappointment. This is a weakness to which no one should succumb. If God wishes you in this or that place, He will place you there in due season. If your zeal is misplaced, it is best for you that God in mercy does not allow your promotion. Always be prepared for disappointment, even when unjust and from carnal causes, by relying fully upon God to direct your affairs in life.

6. Don't Underrate Your Predecessor's Work. As a church administrator for a number of years, I have heard men so underrate the man they follow that you would think anything had ever been accomplished by anyone until their arrival upon the scene! This is a mark of littleness, to say the least; and, sometimes, of pure conceit and self-interest. However true it is that the situation was bad, it adds little to his spiritual stature, to be forever enlarging upon this fact. Pray, work, make your own record, then let it stand for itself. Keep the good qualities of your predecessor ever before you and others. Someday you will be followed by another. Act as you would wish your successor to act toward you. In other words, follow the golden rule. Remember, it is tragic, but true, that the golden rule is never more golden than when preachers live up to it.

7. Don't Overlook Children and Old Folks. Be wise, young man, make fast friends of the children, take a deep interest in them, and when you are older, you will never lack a place to preach, for they will be your friends forever. Children never forget their earliest benefactors and friends.

Older people are also much in your debt. They have left a good heritage. Never mind that they are fussy, contentious, and take up a lot of your time, trying to tell you what you may know better than they can tell you. Listen, be patient, treat them kindly. God demands it of you, and the public will never forgive you for your failure here.

Children and old people have a great host of friends in between. Make friends of them; take up time with them; show keen interest in them; and in doing so, you will win the love and admiration of that great middle throng, without which your ministry will fail. Everybody loves the minister who takes time with the children and cares for the aged.

8. Don't Run from Pressure. Learn early in your ministry to stick to the task until it is finished. Pray through to definite victory and get the leadings of the Holy Spirit. When He says stay, don't make any fuss about it; just remain put, and let Him take care of the consequences. Do not raise a fuss defending yourself. If you are in the right, God and the good folk will defend you. If in the wrong, discover it, make amends immediately, and leave the case with the Lord.

Never make a move, whatever the causes, just to get out from under personal pressure, to please yourself. Hold steady. Abide God's time. Trust Him for the outcome and remain where He placed you until He

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(507) 27
A service can be strangled to death by announcement-itis!

Worship Versus Announcements

By Leon Chambers*

Pastor, may I speak frankly with you?" "Surely," was the pastor's reply to a loyal layman. "Well, I don't know just how to say this, but you are hindering the worship service every Sunday." If these had been the words of a critical, unkind, or carnal layman, the pastor would have been hurt less. But there was a loyal member telling the pastor that he was hindering the worship service. This pastor was a superior pastor, a leader in his denomination, one who worked hard to center the service around the worship of God, a preacher of some reputation. What a shock to be told that he was hindering the service for which he had spent hours of preparation!

The layman continued, "You see, Pastor, we start a good, worshipful service with prayer. When you pray and invite God to come, He comes. The choir and people sing well and then it all changes. You are lost in details of announcements. You talk entirely too long." This good pastor was eroded by his foolishness. However, the pastor told me that this was a most helpful criticism and he did something about it.

Pastor, why not re-evaluate your Sunday services? Are you leading the people in worship? Could it be that you are carelessly hurting the services that you try so hard to help?

*Professor, Tremco Nazarene College.

Each pastor must find his own solution if he has not already solved the announcement problem. If you are working to make the service more worshipful, here are some things to remember in relation to announcements.

There is the temptation to enjoy the sound of one's own voice. A person likes to hear his name and voice. Because of this pleasure, there is the temptation to talk and talk.

Have the needed data in mind. State it clearly and to the point. Do not be ambiguous. Do not be embarrassed to have announcements written out completely. Read them without superfluous explanations.

Do not try to be a comedian. Keep an attitude of worship and this will give an atmosphere of worship.

Have all the announcements in hand. Little is gained by people speaking up from the congregation. With a little training they will communicate their needs to the pastor before the service.

Make only the necessary announcements. To emphasize everything is to emphasize nothing.

Give thoughtful consideration to the reason for an announcement and the way in which it should be given. The worship service is not an occasion for propaganda. Men and women come with their burdens and need to meet God. This is not done by long, needless talk.
And pure beauty God gives to His own.
It is easy to learn of His love and His care.
Just by seeing her God-guided life.
She is positive, proof there's a heaven somewhere,
And she is my pastor's wife!
To Mrs. James Hester, I pay tribute. Truly this is a portrait of a queen!

ROYAL COOKBOOK

Mrs. R. W. Hurn, the gracious wife of the Abilene District superintendent, received this recipe straight from the Hawaiian Islands. It is elegant enough for royally, economical-enough for parsonage budgets, enticing enough for a gourmet. It is called Hawaiian Meatballs. You'll love it!

Shape into 1 1/2 balls: 1 1/2 lbs. ground beef, 1/2 cups fine dry bread crumbs, 1 small minced onion, 1 tsp. cornstarch, 1 beaten egg, 1 tsp. salt, 1 cup milk, 1 1/4 cups dry breadcrumbs, 1/2 cup brown sugar, 2 tbsp. cornstarch, 1/2 cup water, 1 tsp. salt, 1/2 cup vinegar, 1 tbsp. soy sauce, and 1 cup pineapple juice. Cook over low heat, stirring constantly until thickened. Pour over meat and let stand ten minutes. Add 1/2 cup sliced green pepper, 1 cup thinly sliced onion, 1 cup pineapple chunks. Cook five minutes.

OVER TEACUPS

With her paper, "The Pastor's Wife as a Homemaker," Mrs. Milo Arnold continues with her practical advice: "The pastor's wife is in a great sense the custodian of the family estate. By the way she builds the home life, she determines the many intangibles as well as the tangible assets. By the neatness of her husband and children, the care of her own grooming, and the appearance of the family wardrobe she gives a reputation and an influence to her household and her husband. By the manners of her children, the graces of her husband, and the charms of her own social conduct she makes a place, large or small, in the community influence for her family, herself, and her husband. By her management of the limited finances of her home, she builds for the family and the minister a reputation which makes for success or failure. An extravagant wife can force a man out of the ministry, regardless of his ability to serve God and the church.

The home a wife provides in the parsonage is a community enterprise. Through this home, children will be won to the Sunday school, the church, and the kingdom of God. Through this home, young people will meet, will court, and will marry. Through the doors of this home, the poor and the lonely will come and go. This home will influence more people than any other home in the block. The way the minister's wife makes a home will affect every home in the church. She will wield a lasting and powerful influence on many."

BOOKSHELF WITH LACE

The book every parsonage queen has been searching for is now in print! The below book of our General Superintendent G. B. Williamson has written out of a wealth of experience and a heart full of love a book entitled Far Above Rubies. This book is divided into six sections: (1) Her Quest, (2) Her Responsibility to Her Home, (3) Her Responsible to Her Home, (4) Her Responsibility to Her Children, (5) Her Responsibility to her Parishioners, (6) Her Responsibility to the Community.
sibility to Her Church, (4) Her Responsibility Beyond Her Church, (5) Her Responsibility to Her Husband, (6) Her Responsibility to Herself. This book offers realistic advice and help. Each one of us who have entered the confines of a parsonage to live our lives, rear our children, and serve our God will find in this book a lift for the weary moments, light for the frustrating days, and inspiration for the monumental tasks confronting us. Be certain that your “bookshelf” contains a copy of Far Above Rubies. ($2.00, N.P.H.)

HER MAJESTY: A MOTHER

The breeze billows the curtains and caresses the cheeks of my two little boys as I, their mother, stand above them sending my petition to Thee, my God. I pray that Thou wilt enable me, when reserved and worn, to refrain from wrecking the frustrated worries of the day upon my children. Help me to speak in accents kind and sweet. They must see Thee in me!

I pray this night that Thou wilt grant to me the patience to restrain from angry, thoughtless reprimands that cut their cruel way across the bright happiness of my children. Help me to have tolerance and love in such dimensions that my children will never have to turn to others. Help me to earn the right to mold their lives. They must see Thee in me!

When they look at me wistfully and tell me their beautiful dreams of the wonderful, grown-up future awaiting them, help me to teach them that valorous deeds nor riches nor fame have ever sufficed. Only living for Thee is true romance, adventure, and joy. Oh, may I never have so much self-absorption and anxiety that I, for a moment, forget or ignore this, my children’s greatest need of me. Help them to see Thee in me. Amen.

HEART TALK

I sat out on the crisp green grass and gazed at the willow tree letting down her soft, green hair. A red robin hopped on the grass near me and suddenly opened up his heart in a tiny crescendo, crowning his song with an astounding chord which chimed like the tinkle of a heavenly bell. I raised my eyes toward the cobalt sky and reveled in the white, shining sense of peace that swept over me! All demands and pressures were put aside for the moment, dropped like an old bundle I had grown tired of carrying. There was no call for energy, talent, beauty, or charm. There was just a need for peace! And I sat on the pricking grass and was still—and thought of God. His peace flowed about me and through me—emptying my heart of fears, cares, hurries, rush and filling me with serenity and God.

In those quiet moments I heard Him whisper: “You are too worried about many things. Come apart awhile and rest with Me. Just be still and know that I am God. I am not concerned over the many things you can do for Me. You become so busy with doing things that you forget that you serve Me best when you have time to be. My way is not intensity and pressure. My child. My way is one of peace and joy. So come apart with Me and rest awhile.”

The robin flew to the maple tree in the gathering dusk, twirled three notes, and made a star. My heart was born upward on a gale of joy as I learned an important truth. “God wanted me more than my works. Taking time to be for Him was of infinitely more importance than rushing in many circles to do!” In quietness and confidence shall be my strength.

The Preacher’s Magazine

There is still a need, as Dr. Breesie said, for us to Christianize Christianity

Break Down Those Barriers

By Richard J. Ramsey*

The unsaved world today is using excuses of every description to fend off the Christian worker. Of all the many excuses, however, I believe the simple phrase, “I have my own church of another denomination that I attend,” is the hardest one to break down. At this point we are taught to use tact and diplomacy and with a few words of casual politeness take our leave.

I am thoroughly convinced that as a result of this action there are countless millions marching into eternity and a bottomless hell. The following incident impressed this upon my mind in a way never to be forgotten.

I was called to enter the ministry in the month of June, 1900. We were committed to be at the North Dakota District Assembly. We were feverishly packing our trunks and baggage, preparing to leave Hammond, Indiana. At that point we received word that our sister-in-law, Nancy Lewis, was ill again and was in the hospital at Michigan City, Indiana. We were grieved, but didn’t think of delaying our departure, as Nancy had been in the hospital twice prior to this in the same year.

Nancy was a young lady, the wife of my wife’s brother. She was twenty-three years old, tall, slender, with a personality that made her beautiful. She had a good husband, two wonderful children, and all the prospects of a beautiful life ahead of her. This, however, was never to materialize—Nancy had contacted a malignant disease. They spent their all on hospital and doctor bills, but the doctors didn’t give much hope. Every few months she would have to enter the hospital for treatment and medication. Nancy did not know the extent of her illness.

We had talked to the family about church and invited them to our church. They lived quite alone in the town itself. We were planning on paying her a visit before we departed for North Dakota. A few hours before visiting hours we received a phone call to come at once if we wanted to see Nancy alive. We hurriedly made our way to the hospital, after picking up Nancy’s mother-in-law.

When we entered the hospital room we could see that the angel of death was even then present and beckoning for Nancy to come. She had the face-type oxygen mask on to assist her breathing. She had just had a hard convulsion, but was now conscious and frantically fighting for her life.

I would have you notice at this point that the church barrier that she

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*Voila, North Dakota.
had thrown up was completely gone. As far as I know, she did not call for her minister once. She called for no one from her church. When we entered the room, her eyes fixed upon me and she began making a desperate attempt to cry out. The loved ones hovered close to distinguish what she was trying to say through the mask. Fighting like an injured bird caught in a firm entanglement of underbrush, she managed to say, in a choking, inarticulate way, "Richard, pray for me!" I immediately set about to do so. I prayed, my wife prayed, and we talked to her about her soul. We had her pray and we gave her the wonderful promises of God and implored her to plead His mercies. This she did, and after a time acknowledged that she had accepted Christ as her personal Saviour. Praise God!

She called each person—her sister, mother, mother-in-law, and Howard, her husband—to stand by her bedside. But she invariably called for me again until she could tell me to pray with her. As the evening wore on, it was decided that some of us should go home, because there were too many around her. She voiced her approval for everyone to leave but her husband and myself. She insisted that I stay throughout the night. Her sister and some of her relatives decided to stay also. We settled down at the end of the corridor to pass the long hours of the night.

Shortly after we had left Nancy's room, she began calling my name. The long-drawn-out wall of "Rich—ard" penetrated eerily through the dimly lit hall from her room to the waiting room. Each time she would start, I would hurry down to her. Again she wanted me to pray and console her. Each time her aunt and sister became a little more annoyed at my action. Finally the aunt came over and asked me if I would like to return to my home and said she would be glad to give me a ride. Considering that we were fifty miles from home, she was doing me a great favor. I politely refused, though, I told her I would stay all night. Nancy's sister finally went and spoke to the nurse about my going to her sister so much. The head nurse gently but firmly assured her that my presence was doing Nancy much more good than harm, and as long as Nancy wanted me there it was all right. Nancy finally settled down and went to sleep. Early the next morning Nancy's husband and I returned home.

The evening of that day my wife and I returned to the hospital. I can never describe the change that had come over Nancy. She was in a semisitting position, the oxygen mask was gone, and color had returned to her face. Most of all, she was completely at rest, with no pain, and the very picture of peace and serenity. The first thing I did was pray with her again and read the Bible and ask about her soul's condition. She told me in a voice filled with blessed assurance that all was well. Her husband was overjoyed and rejoiced in the hope of her recovery.

The next morning my wife and I returned to the hospital again. At this time I could see that Nancy was very close to death. However, she was still clear and conscious, and when we were ready to leave she requested that I come to the room alone and read the Bible and pray with her, which I gladly did. I read the twenty-third psalm to her and commented on what it meant to her at this time especially. We prayed together. Then she told me she was getting sleepy and thought she would rest now.

Nancy's husband stayed with her when we left. About two hours after we left, Nancy dropped off to sleep with a peaceful smile upon her face and awoke in the precious arms of Jesus. Praise His name forever!

How fortunate for us to get the opportunity to reach behind the church barrier: Praise God for letting her live long enough to accept Him as her personal Saviour! I say again and again that to be more effective in our soul winning we must somehow get beyond the barrier that the world throws up. There is a definite place for tact and diplomacy in soul winning, but there also exists a danger of using it as an excuse to render a feeble and shallow witness for our precious Lord.

"If It Were My Boy"

By F. A. Brunson*

Sitting at the feet of Jesus, clothed, and in his right mind. (Luke 8:35).

He had just stilled the storm and tempest upon the sea. Then when He came to land there met Him one that was possessed with demons. Mark tells us (5:5) that he reamed the mountains day and night crying and cutting himself with stones; and when they tried to help him by binding him with fetters so that no harm would come, he would break the fetters and run into the tombs. Such a picture of the man without God. He was unclothed. He must have been filthy, dirty. He must have had dried, matted blood all over his person. Such a picture! Matthew tells that there were two of these men, and they were so fierce that no one dared travel along that way for fear of them.

But Jesus came. He spoke: He commanded. His words were power. He spoke the man clean. And when the swineherds came back from telling their story and brought their witnesses along, they found the man "sitting at the feet of Jesus, clothed, and in his right mind."

If only the artist could picture all the tempest, the hideousness of the man, the condition he was in... put all of that in the background, and then right in front, have the man "sitting at the feet of Jesus, clothed, and in his right mind!" Such a picture! Such a background to bring out the beauty! To see that man now! Washed, clothed, e a l m e d, fierceness gone, clothed in peace, sitting... and especially if he were someone that we knew. That neighbor. My boy! Yes, the picture would be complete and beautiful beyond words if that man of the tombs, that had now returned to Christ, were my boy.

*Lynnwood, California.
Submitted by Duane Springer—

After nearly twenty-five years in the ministry, I confess there are some things that I would do differently if I had it to do over. However, there is one practice that I started that I find is paying increasingly high dividends. I don't remember where I picked up the idea (I am sure that it was not original with me). Early I went through my limited library, abbreviating the book titles to two letters, using the first letter of the first title word and the first letter of the author's name. Then using a Bible with a wide margin, I noted opposite each verse whatever I found in the book, by using the abbreviated titles and indicating the page on which I found it. I have constantly done the same with whatever I found in the Preacher's Magazine.

Today, within a matter of seconds I can avail myself of all that I have on the given verse and quickly glean from what others have written.

Submitted by Flora E. Breck—

People should feel as free to "call the minister" as they would the doctor—when help is needed. The minister of a western church expressed deepest sorrow that he had not been called by a parishioner the previous week when the preacher's advice and help were greatly needed. Following Sunday the preacher said: "Under such circumstances don't hesitate for one moment—just because you figure I'm too busy. I always have time for such important matters. That's what I'm here for." The parishioner had been overconsiderate, and the neglect to call will long be remembered with regret by the pastor.

As a result of this instance the pastor issued "A Letter from the Pastor." Among the thoughts included in it were the following:

1. It has been said that a minister who does not place a strong emphasis on counseling is only half a minister.
   The pastor of this church is always available to those who need personal or family help along the line of counseling. Counseling periods will be by appointment.
   And he listed the hours and days for this purpose. "This way you will be assured of a period of time which will not be interrupted." In urgent need or emergency the pastor may be called at any time, day or night. The counseling appointments will be held in my private office in the church building. Any help I can give is your right and privilege! The pastor is never too busy for this particular part of his calling.

Along this line, another minister described how a counseling session with a distraught wife and a discouraged husband (in jail) was the means, through God, of keeping the marriage off the rocks.

ONE MAN'S METHOD

For the Children

A noted doctor made this statement:
"When it comes to serious illness, something truly critical, the child who has been taught to obey stands four times the chance for recovery that the spoiled and undisciplined child does."

—Quoted by Rev. Philip J. Cleveland

"Children don't want to be told; they want to be shown. It takes years of telling to undo one unwiso showing."

—Eileen M. Hall

Why I Go to Church in Bad Weather

1. God has blessed the Lord's day and hallowed it, making no exception for hot or cold or stormy days.
2. I expect the pastor to be there. I should be surprised if he were to stay home on account of the weather.
3. If his hands fall through weakness, I shall have great reason to blame myself, unless I sustain him by my prayer and presence.
4. Whatever position I hold in the church, my example must influence others. If I stay away, why not others?
5. Bad weather will show what foundation my faith is built on; it will prove how much I love Christ. True love rarely fails to meet an appointment.
6. My faith is to be shown by my self-denying Christian life and not by the rise and fall of the thermometer—Selected from Cathedral Folders.

If Elected, I Promise...

The word candidate is derived from candidus ("white") referring to the white toga which all Roman office-seekers were obliged to wear for one year before the election—Selected.

SERMON WORKSHOP

Discouragement

The Bureau of Standards in Washington, D.C., tells us that a dense fog covering 7 city blocks 100 feet deep is composed of less than one glass of water. Sixty thousand million tiny drops make up this denseness.

"Glenn Eagle in his church bulletin at Bunda, Pennsylvania, has these pungent thoughts:
"He who spends much time in prayer will not have to tell it to others—it will tell on him.
"If life were as easy as we wish, most of us would sleep all through it.
"If you are not as close to God as you once were, you can be very certain as to which one of you has moved.
"A great many so-called open minds should be closed for repairs.

"Home, Sweet Home"

John Howard Payne, lonely, poverty-stricken, and discouraged, trudged along one night through the streets of Paris in a howling snowstorm, winding his weary way to his room in the garret. Suddenly a door opened and rays of bright light shone out on the darkened street. There was a burst of laughter; a little baby was pushed into a man's open arms; and a happy wife and mother waited the embrace of the loved one returned.

"The door closed, and with it the laughter and brightness were gone. The world never seemed so dark and lonely to John Howard Payne. Returning to his uninviting chamber, he sat down and wrote, "Home, Sweet Home," a song that, as one writer reminds us, "literally came out of a snowstorm."
The People's Thanksgiving

Not alone for mighty empire,
Stretching far off land and sea,
Nor alone for bounteous harvests,
Lift we up our hearts to Thee.
Standing in the living present,
Memory and hope between,
Lord, we would with deep thanksgiving
Praise Thee more for things unseen.

Not for battleship and fortress,
Not for conquests of the sword,
But for conquests of the spirit
Give we thanks to Thee, O Lord;
For the heritage of freedom,
For the home, the church, the school,
For the open door to manhood
In a land the people rule.

For the armies of the faithful,
Lives that passed and left no name;
For the glory that illumines
Patriot souls of deathless fame;
For the people's prophet-leaders,
Loyal to Thy living word—
For all heroes of the spirit
Give we thanks to Thee, O Lord.

God of justice, save the people
From the war of race and creed,
From the strife of class and faction—
Make our nation free indeed,
Keep her faith in simple manhood
Strong as when her life began,
Till it find its full fruition
In the brotherhood of man!

—WILLIAM PIERSON MERRILL

The Pilgrims made seven times more graves than huts. No Americans have been more impoverished than those who set aside a day of Thanksgiving. The more that we have to be grateful for, the less grateful we are. For some Thanksgiving is not a holiday but a hollow-day.

The Psalmist was conscious of having received abundant mercies from Jehovah; everything he possessed had come from God. He sensed too his obligation to express his thankfulness to God for all His gifts. And just as evidently he desired to find an adequate measure for the response he should make to his obligations. What is the standard of thankfulness to God?

By what standard shall we measure our response in thanksgiving? The average Jew of Jesus' day asked, "How much?" and the answer was, "The tithe." Zacchaeus adopted a larger standard and placed half of his goods at the disposal of the poor. But when Mary broke the box of ointment for the inothing of Jesus, she was prompted not by necessity or by generosity; she was prompted by her love for Jesus! This, then, is the finest measure of thanksgiving, a thankfulness which springs from love.—WILLIAM C. SKEATH, Today.

"Before theology comes doxology." John Bunyan thinks thankfulness is the term of religious response. The very fact that a man is thankful implies someone to be thankful to.—ELIOT PORTER, FORWARD.

Shakespeare called thanks "the exchequer of the poor." Let us thank God that He has made it possible for us to give something back to Him.—WILLIAM C. SKEATH, Today.

Thanksgiving was never meant to be shut up in a single day.—ROBERT CASPER LINTNER.

Thanksgiving Day, so distinctively American, is symbolic of a spiritual attitude toward life which makes a man superior to his environment. Gratitude depends not upon where a man lives or how much he has, but upon what he is. It has little to do with a man's outward circumstances.

If the Thanksgiving spirit depended upon physical or material well-being, then our first Thanksgiving Day should have had its origin in the Jamestown Colony in Virginia, which enjoyed marked comfort and prosperity, rather than in the Plymouth Colony in New England, which suffered untold hardship, misery, and destitution. Thanksgiving has more to do with a man's spiritual attitude than with his physical and material condition. The thankful heart is found as frequently among those who have little as among those who have much.—JOHN HOMER MILLER.

With our great heritage of freedom and spiritual strength, let us stand before the world as a people joining in Thanksgiving for a way of life dedicated to faith in our Creator.—GEORGE T. MICKELSON.

Gratitude is from the same root word as "race," which signifies the free and boundless mercy of God. Thanksgiving is from the same root word as "think," so that to think is to thank.—W. P. KING, Pulpit Preaching.

Thankfulness is a way of looking at life, and it brings its blessing even though it may be difficult. If Jesus could practice thanksgiving in spite of all the difficulties of His life, you and I will find reason for thankfulness in the commonplace routine of our private lives. Thus we shall find ourselves strengthened in spirit to meet the pressing problems that are everywhere. Today my step will be a little lighter because I have said in my heart, "Father, I thank Thee."—HUGH IVAN EVANS, Monday Morning.

Above quotations taken from The Treasury for Sunday School use, compiled by Paul Hanson, compiler. Copyright by Fleming H. Revell Company.
Topic: “God’s Handiwork”

Scripture: Ephesians 2:1-10

Frank Lloyd Wright was a master architect. He produced a new style in architecture so distinctly his that buildings of his designing are easily recognized. They do not need to be pointed out or “signed.” The workmanship bears the stamp of the worker, God, the Master Architect of human souls. His work and Wright’s are similar in only one point. Each piece of workmanship bears the imprint of the designer.

“In Matthew 5:3-12 is a description of God’s masterpiece.”

—LaSha Forinash
Lockhart, Texas

Theme: “Thanksgiving in Colossians”

1. Thankfulness for people (1:5, “Praying always for you.”)
2. Thankfulness for spiritual victory (1:12)
3. Thankfulness as a habit (3:17)
4. Thankfulness as part of the spiritual life (4:2)

—N. G. M.

Theme: “This Is for Sure”

Text: “Be sure your sin will find you out” (Numbers 32:23-25)

Introduction: Bring out obvious truth of this text.

Body:
1. Be sure your (choices) will find you out. (Genesis 13:5-15.)
2. Be sure your (words) will find you out. (Matthew 12:34.)
3. Be sure your (children) will find you out.
4. Be sure your (dreams) will find you out.
5. Be sure what you laugh at will find you out.
6. Be sure your (weakness) will find you out.
7. Be sure your (old age) will find you out.

—Leonard J. DeKinks
Terra Bella, California

November, 1961
The Preacher’s Magazine

II. The Crisis of Entire Sanctification

A. Potential—In the Cross (Romans 6:6). Actual, “have crucified,” by faith’s reckoning (Romans 6:10-11).
B. Painful experience—Reason for drug (Mark 15:23). Moment when “it is finished.” Illustration: No more Jacob.

III. The Cultivation of Spiritual Fruit

Fleshly lusts ended, the Spirit’s lust (holy, coveting) liberated, for a ninefold “harvest.”

A. Three fruits Godward—love, joy, peace.
B. Three fruits manward—longsuffering, gentleness, goodness.
C. Three fruits especially related to the world and the devil—faith, meekness, temperance.

—A. J. Low
Paisley, Scotland

A God-called Ministry

Scripture Reading: Romans 9:1-3; Galatians 1:11-12.

Text: Galatians 1:12

Introduction: A God-called ministry is different and distinct from all other earthly vocations. One that is called of God into the ministry is an example of the true grace of God. Here are some of the characteristics of a God-called minister.

1. A God-called Minister Speaks the Truth.
   A. He makes no apologies (I Timothy 1:12).
   B. He makes no compromises (Galatians 1:9).

II. A God-called Minister Has a Tender Conscience.
   A. A conscience that will bear witness for him (Romans 9:1).
   B. A conscience that is void of offense toward God and man (Philippians 2:15).
III. A God-called Minister Is Filled with the Spirit.

A. He has accepted the whole claim of the gospel (I Thessalonians 4:3-4).
B. He manifests this in his life and activities (I Thessalonians 2:10).

IV. A God-called Minister Has a Burden for Souls.

A. A concern for his household, friends, and heathen (Romans 9:2).
B. A compassion that is unsurpassed (II Corinthians 6:11).

V. A God-called Minister Is Willing to Forbear Suffering for the Gospel.

A. That it might be proclaimed unhindered (II Corinthians 6:3-10).
B. That it might produce newborn souls for the Kingdom (Ephesians 3:6).

Conclusions: We may get a glimpse of the true grace of God that will assist us in fulfilling our high calling.

—Henry T. Beyer

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Turbulent World, Tranquil God

Scripture: Mark 4:35-41.

Text: "And he arose, and rebuked the wind, and said unto the sea, Peace, be still ... and there was a great calm" (Mark 4:39).

I. Consider the Occasion on Which These Words Were Spoken.

A. A great storm. In the lives of men and women today there is a great storm because of sin in the human heart.
B. The waves beat into the ship. Symbolic of the anxiety and perils of mankind.
C. The ship was ready to sink; "it was now full." Christ arose in the nick of time.

II. Consider the One Who Spoke These Words: None Other than the Tranquil Christ.

A. Christ Jesus, the Lord of all life, the eternal, changeless Son of God.
B. Master of every situation.
C. "Same yesterday, today and for ever" (Hebrews 13:8). He calmed the mighty, raging tempest, which is a sign that He can calm the inner turmoil and distress in the hearts of men.

III. Consider the Question Put to Christ.

"Master, fear not, thou that we perish?" Don't forget that God answered.

IV. Consider the Quiet Peace of God.

Peace, peace, wonderful peace Coming down from the Father above.

Conclusions: We still have a tranquil God in a turbulent world.

—James R. White

Nampa, Idaho

The Meeting of a Lifetime


I. Vision—"seen the Lord.

A. Moses, Isaiah, Ezekiel saw the Lord in a vision.
B. Acts 26:19; Proverbs 29:18; a vision of Jesus.

II. Voice—"He had spoken to him.

A. Moses heard the voice of God in the back side of the desert (Exodus 3:5).
B. Isaiah heard the voice of God (Isaiah 6:8).
C. God hath spoken in these last days unto us by His Son (Hebrews 1:2).

III. Vocation—"Preached boldly.

A. God has a blueprint for every life.
B. Tell how God called you, or some example of a saint of the past.
C. A chosen vessel, he was (Acts 9:15; John 15:16).

Conclusions: Have you seen a vision of Jesus, and have you heard His words unto you, "Come unto me"? Then follow in His steps, for "this is the way, walk ye in it."

—James R. White

The Preacher's Magazine

November, 1991

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Christ's Answer, and Appeal to the Rich Young Ruler


Introduction:

A. The cry in the human heart for satisfaction.

I. The Approach to Christ.

A. Approach in haste (v. 17).
B. Approach in humility ("Good Master ")
C. Approach in homage (" and kneeld to him ")

II. The Answer of Christ.

A. Answered by asking a question (v. 18).
B. Answered by speaking of the goodness of God (v. 19).
C. Answered by quoting the Scriptures (v. 19).

III. The Appeal of Christ.

A. The appeal showed the love of Christ (v. 21).
B. The appeal showed the lack of the young man (v. 21).

Conclusions:

A. The young man's desire was good.
B. The Saviour's message was clear.
C. Disobedience brought grief.
D. Obedience will bring salvation and joy.

—Hugh Gorman

Glasgow, Scotland

The Heart-warming Experience of John Wesley

Scripture: II Peter 1:1-21.

Introduction:

A. Picture of England in the eighteenth century.
B. God was looking for a man.
C. Outline of Wesley's life and especially the following incidents on May 24, 1738:
1. 5:00 a.m.—There are given unto us exceeding great and precious promises ...
2. On leaving home—"Thou art not far from the kingdom of God.
3. At St. Paul's—"Out of the deep have I called unto you ...

4. At Aldersgate Street—"In the evening I went ....

I. He Was in the Right Environment.

A. He was in the right place—God's house.
B. He was with the right people—God's people.
C. He was listening to the right words—God's Word.

II. He Was in the Right Attitude—Seeking.

A. What was he seeking? God!
B. How was he seeking? Earnestly!

III. He Received the Right Experience.

A. He received a warm heart.
B. He received salvation.
C. He received assurance.

Conclusions:

A. You are in the right environment.
B. You are in the right attitude.
C. Then you can receive the right experience now.

—Hugh Gorman

Perfect Love

Scripture: 1 John 4:7-21.

Text: 1 John 4:18.

Introduction:

A. The love of God had no beginning.
B. Love is one of the cardinal virtues of the Christian Church.
C. The author of the Epistle:
1. John wrote much about perfect love.
2. John spoke much about perfect love.
3. John lived a life of perfect love.

J. Perfect Love, the Purpose of the Atonement (v. 10).

A. Because of love Christ came.
B. Because of love Christ died.
C. Because of love Christ saves.

II. Perfect Love, the Privilege of Every Believer.

A. Love in the unregenerate (v. 8).
B. Love in the regenerate (v. 7).
C. Love in the sanctified (v. 17).
III. Perfect Love, a Preparation for the Future

A. Blessed in life. “As he is, so are we in this world.”
B. Blessed in death (v. 17).
C. Perfect love—when you know that it is the privilege of every believer, you should seek it with all of your heart.

CONCLUSION:

A. Perfect love—when you realize that because of it Christ suffered, bled, and died, it should inspire you.
B. Perfect love—when you learn that it is the privilege of every believer, you should seek it with all of your heart.
C. Perfect love—when you know that perfect love will ensure your eternal joy and happiness, you should enter in and possess this blessing which Christ has for you.

—Hugh Gorman

Worry—Living with It or Without It?

Scripture: Proverbs 3:5-7

A. Man is famous for doing things backwards or wrong. In field of “worry” he is no less guilty.
I. What is Worry?
A. It is, first, a word not found in Bible. Two words in Bible are used for worry:
1. Fret: blaze with anger, zeal, jealousy
2. Fear: fright, dread, alarm, terror
B. The “worriers” builds exaggerated claims against God regarding each intrusion of reality as a threat. Someone has said, “Life is so terrible—it is so full of reality.” Worry is really a strategy of escape.
II. Worry Has Its Foundation in Our Inability to Change Life’s Events.
A. It is a defense of our weakness and helplessness.

B. English and English Dictionary of Psychological Terms defines it as “uncertainty of our own ability to prevent unsatisfactory state of affairs.”
C. Worry is “characteristic of heathen” (Matthew 6:25, 34).
D. Worry is escape from the Lord, for we are not trusting.
E. Our real defense of our weakness is His strength.

III. God is Three Things to Us (Psalms 46:1)
A. He is Refuge: a Sanctuary
B. He is Strength: giving us power to overcome
C. He is Help: Companion, Inspector

IV. Living with Worry.
A. Puts us in position of self-destruction, for we tear ourselves; we resist and seek to escape, damaging body and soul.
B. This leaves us unprepared to face the reality we fear to face.

V. Living Without Worry (Psalms 46)
A. We recognize the catastrophes of life (vv. 1-3), but also the “strength” (vv. 4-6).
B. We recognize the hostility of life (vv. 6-7), but also that He “uttered his voice.”
C. We recognize the testimony of grace (vv. 8-11) that the so-called affairs of men can be countered by God.
D. We recognize that we have a God:
1. By entering communion, finding rest from fretful and futile
2. Moses found himself when he found God.
3. Moses found the will of God in the mount.
E. We recognize the character of God (Matthew 7:9) and His ability to meet needs.
F. Further we know, from the parables, that lost sheep, lost coin, and lost son (Luke 15), that the Lord finds joy in meeting our needs.

G. We need not worry, for the “tide of life” turns on the hands of prayer (Exodus 17).
1. By lifting “rod” we stand with strength.
2. By accepting His lordship, we surrender.
3. Faith can sing, “Rest in the Lord, and wait patiently for Him.” As we delight in Him, He further reassures us.

—Delmar Stalter
Churubusco, Indiana

Jesus Would Speak “Are You Listening?”

Scripture: Titus 2:11-14

INTRODUCTION: Even as transportation failure causes many to die of hunger in the world, so failure of communications causes many to be lost for eternity. Jesus would speak, but there are many obstacles. Christian, may we communicate the gospel? Unbeliever, would you open your heart and mind to the truth of God?

I. Jesus Would Speak, but for Man’s Unbelief (Romans 11:16):
A. Faith is here defined as confidence that God exists and responds to a seeker.
2. Creation is adequate proof that God exists (Romans 1:20-23).
3. Paul Christian, I am challenged to so live that God’s power is revealed.
4. Unbelieving friend, I would search for a foundation for my faith and there is none better than the reality of God.
5. Jesus would speak but faith is essential!

II. Jesus Would Speak, but “I Already Believe Something”
Illustration: It is hard to understand the voice on the other end of the line when you think you already know what he is trying to tell you.
A. False teachings abound (II Timothy 4:3-4).
1. “No one is ever really saved now.” But I Corinthians 1:13.

CONCLUSION: The Holy Spirit comes with conviction, like pain comes as a warning that we have a need. We ought to welcome conviction and seek the Lord, who so kindly warns us in time of our need.

Has the Lord spoken to you today? Do you sense that He is trying to get through? Give the Lord a chance while you are able to do so.

—Edward J. Johnson
Osseo, Minnesota

November, 1981
THE MIND OF JESUS
William Barclay (Harper, 1961, cloth, 340 pages, $5.00)

To many of you the name William Barclay is synonymous with top-quality, conservative scholarship and also top-quality writing. This man, who is lecturer in New Testament language and literature at Glasgow University, has a reading public that circles the globe. His previous books—Letters to the Seven Churches, The Master's Men, The Promise of the Spirit, A New Testament Wordbook, More New Testament Words, and several others—have endeared him to ministers who wish to enrich their mental storehouse and also appreciate sparkling literary style.

In The Mind of Jesus, Barclay gives us his most substantial work to this point. Of this book the author himself says, "The aim of the book is to try to make it possible to understand the mind, and work and the meaning of Jesus a little better. The material on which this book is based is the material in the first three Gospels in the New Testament, and only very occasionally have I gone beyond that material. In this book I have not wished to argue: I have simply wished to set down the picture of Jesus as I see it, and to set out what He means to me. I can only say that in The Jesus of this book I have found the Jesus who is the Saviour of men and who is my Saviour."

You, perhaps, will not agree with every detail of the book, but you cannot read it without being strongly impressed that the wealth of background knowledge is tremendous. He's means to show how much he knows. There is a staggering amount of background knowledge of the times of Christ, which weaves itself into the total writing of this book. You will enrich your Christological and historical files immensely.

There is warmth of appreciation for Christ, for the meaning of the atonement, for the grandeur of His life, for the glory of His example. When you come to the closing chapters on the Cross, there is a reverence in the writing that is thrilling. Speaking of sermonic material, here it will be found laying everywhere. You can pick gold nuggets off the ground everywhere you look. Chapter twenty-four, "The Point of No Return," chapter eighteen, "The Appeal of a Royal Love," chapter nineteen, "The Wrath of a Pure Love," chapter twenty, "The Threat of a Demanding Love"—and thus one finds scattered throughout the book not only titles for great sermons, but a wealth of background material that makes these episodes in the life of Christ live.

This is mostly truly a capstone for the Barclay section of your library.

AND GOD SAID NO
Lael Capparelli (Augustana, 1961, paper, 144 pages, $2.00)

Here is the story of faith in God by parents whose two-year-old child was stricken with polio. When they prayed, God answered no. God did not deliver the child from polio, but brought the parents through to a stronger faith and a more vibrant Christian experience. It is the story repeated hundreds of times in homes where polio has struck sudden cruelty. Yet here is one home where God could say no to the parents and yet they clung to Him the closer and their faith became enriched.

November, 1961
IF WE DARED
Chester E. Surow (Broadman, 1961, cloth, 144 pages, $2.50)

Twelve devotional sermons make up this attractive book. There is freshness in the use of Biblical material and in the outlining of the sermons that will be provocative and stimulating.

These lend themselves to short series. The first four are entitled as follows: "Two Hopes," "Two Gardens," "Two Prayers." The next series, "Three Lights," "Three Who Passed By," "Three Crosses," "Three Calls for Tears." The last four have decided intriguing titles, "Are You Living Consistently?" "Are You Driving with Your Brake On?" "Can You Afford That Emotion?" "Are You Afraid to Die?"

The illustrations throughout are terse and taken from common, everyday life experiences of this minister, with broad experience. You will note at a number of places a basic assumption of his that Christians still live a life of perpetual sinning. This comes from a theological position very different from ours. But apart from this there is an evangelistic warmth that will be much appreciated.

FINDING GOD’S HEALING POWER
Gertrude D. McClevey (Lippincott, 1961, cloth, 176 pages, $3.50)

In recent years there has been a renewal of interest in God’s healing power. This has been the case with the large denominations of Protestantism as well as some of the smaller sects. Finding God's Healing Power is written by the wife of a Methodist minister. She has become a well-accepted free-lance writer. The book reveals true writing art.

There are six sections: "Healing Through Your Doctor," "Healing Through the Church Service," "Healing Through the Power of Prayer," "Healing Through the Church Clinic," "Healing Through Pastoral Counseling," and finally, "Think on These Things," in which she discusses two questions: Why does God allow suffering? What can I do to be healed? This book is a middle-of-the-road, sympathetic study of the power of healing through prayer and spiritual means. There will be found in it reports of successful ventures in healing through prayer, conducted by a number of denominational groups. It is fact reporting with a strong sensitivity to the place of God in physical healing.

THE MAKING OF A MINISTER, the Autobiography of Clarence E. Macartney
Clarence E. Macartney (Channel, 1961, cloth, 224 pages, $3.00)

Clarence E. Macartney has for long years been one of the most favored authors among evangelical ministers. His many, many books of sermons, many of them built around Bible characters, have been best sellers for decades. Previous to his home-going, Clarence E. Macartney did the basic work in this autobiography. There are many distinct values in this book, one of which is coming to know better the man who wrote so prolifically and so well for ministers.

But there is a historic factor of value in this book. It was Macartney who was one of the outstanding leaders of the fundamentalists' wing, who carried the warfare to the very gates of such modernists as Dr. Harry Emerson Fosdick, back in the 1900's.

There has been no more lucid account given of this historic struggle than will be found in this book. Read it, and you will discover that the fundamentalists were not the stereotyped obscurants that they have so frequently been accused of being.
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NORMAN H. ORK, Editor

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G. B. Williamson
Samuel Young
D. J. Vanderpool
Hugh C. Barr
V. H. Lewis

FROM THE EDITOR

Take your choice; but at Christmas and, yea, even all year long it is either—

Taxes or Tidings

You may not ask anyone if he plans to visit Bethlehem; he can't avoid it. None can bypass that town, for it stands squarely in the path of every son of Adam. Mankind all arrive there sooner or later. It is but a tiny town but utterly unavoidable. For Bethlehem and the Divine Babe of Bethlehem stand as the eternal watershed of history.

Yes, Bethlehem's Babe is the watershed of history—the perpetual "Either—Or." You say that you don't like anyone holding the "Either—Or" club over your head? Ordinarily I feel the very same. But to be honest, the "Either—Or" of Bethlehem is not hard to decide. It is either taxes or tidings.

So—back to Bethlehem! Caesar Augustus decreed taxes; God Almighty offered tidings. That is more than an incident of history; that is earth's eternal choice. It will always be taxes or tidings; and the Babe of Bethlehem stands as the eternal Referee in the arena of choice. Taxes or tidings; it is one or the other. And now lets visit the ancient hill village of Nazareth.

Taxes Symbol of Satanic Oppression

Caesar Augustus demanded taxes. There was no congregational vote on the matter. Taxes he needed; taxes he would have. "Make out the document. Put it on good parchment. Now hand me my quill and stand back while I sign it, I'll see that none escape it. There, it's done. Now be sure it is sent by special messengers. And be sure a copy gets to Galilee." Yes, he sure a copy gets to Galilee.

The little village of Nazareth in Galilee must know that Caesar decrees taxes. It is ever thus: the whiplash of tyranny relentlessly drives a world already reeling under oppression. Fear, heartache, affliction; and innocent all the while! If it is not Caesar it is Satan who seeks to throw those with broken hearts, those "great with child," bearing the burdens of the centuries. Is there no pity? Caesar's document arrives in Nazareth by hurrying messenger. The decree falls on all alike: a man weary from the carpenter bench, an espoused wide pregnant and approaching her time. Ah, friend, have you not felt at times that your address was Nazareth—Galilee? Taxes were so cruel: This was not punishment for those who had been disloyal. Merely this: Rome would make a census—flex its muscles. And a head tax must be paid by each man at his tribal city. No proxy—none must appear in person. So to Bethlehem from Nazareth; beset with apprehension, long, trudging miles, but afternoons that brought the cool of evening all too slowly. Didn't Caesar care? It was so easy to dream up this tax device, in the marble halls of Rome; a far different thing when it is shouted out on the dusty streets of.
And would you note as well the significance of the place of announcement? Caesar's men trod every mile of dirt road from the glitter of Rome to the most distant hovels of the empire. Yes, they strode into tiny, sleepy Nazareth with the dolorous demand that taxes must be given.

But the bringers of tidings sang from a heavenly place: Their startling song bade men to look up, to lift tear-stained eyes to the skies: Heaven was swinging wide the broad doors of grace. Not to class or color or level of achievement, but unto all who hear, a Saviour was born. They need not plod to a distant city to dole out taxes; they need but to look and live.

Caesar's taxes; satanic oppression! Heaven's tidings; unearned blessings! And, Bethlehem's Babe is still the watershed of history; the eternal "Either—or," and we are faced with the choice.

Christmas, 1961. Not too different from hundreds of others that have sprinkled the years. But across the thirsty lands of earth the decree goes out again. This time it is Khrushchev and not Caesar. Thousands will be taxed this Christmas who a year ago were free from the yoke of communism. Hearts will be crushed, minds forced into an atheistic mold by a man from Moscow, squat of body, shrouded of soul. Messengers, furtive, slippery, walk the streets at night. A light knock on the door, dread pronouncement, families divided, fate worse than death! Moscow's miserable-taxing goes on, even two thousand years since the time of Caesar Augustus. O Lord, how long?

Christmas, 1961. Much like the scenes of others: family circles united, laughing children, glittering eyes. And above the excited cries of children I hear another voice: "I bring tidings!" Hear it, O huddled earth! Vienna and the Kennedy—Khrushchev discussions; Cuba and its firing squads; Berlin and its long night of fear. Tidings, you say? Angelic voices? Have they been stilled by the cracking decree of dictatorship?

He still brings tidings, that Babe of Bethlehem. I reaffirm it this Christmas. He strikes the hills of earth, this Conqueror of Bozrah. His shall be the last decree of earth. When Genghis Kahn, and Napoleon, and Hitler, and Stalin and Khrushchev and Castro with their times of tears, have marched into the oblivion of history to be recalled only by hate-filled memories—He shall reign from shore to shore.

Till moons shall wax and wane no more.

The choice is taxes or tidings. This Christmas of 1961 I'm glad I chose tidings!

A Plea for Help—and How!

A Plea for Help—

Subscribers to the Preacher's Magazine: I need you; believe me, I do. I could no more produce this magazine without your help than a housewife could feed her family without the grocery store. There is no argument here; you are not an option or a luxury to me as editor. You are an essential. I need you—and how!

And How? Here's How—

In sending in contributions there are a few simple suggestions that will make the entire editorial work much better for both of us. You hate to have your material all marked up with a blue pencil. And to be honest, I don't like to do more of that kind of thing than I have to, either.

1. Double-space all your writing. Even sermon outlines should be double-spaced. It is extremely difficult to edit, proofread, and typeset from single-spaced pages. Thanks!

2. Uniform Sermon Outlining. The following outline pattern is generally the most acceptable and makes for uniformity in our outlines:

A

1. a.

3. Abbreviate scripture references. Ministers know I Thess. as well as they do I Thessalonians and it saves much precious space. Thanks!

4. Check scriptures carefully. I know that we preachers like to quote scripture from memory. But our memories fool us so badly at times. So better check with the Bible before you finish. Accuracy means correct capitalization, punctuation, and spelling. If you quote from some version other than the King James, please include that information in parentheses after the quotation. Thanks!

5. Margins. Allow an inch margin on both sides, top and bottom. This gives room for any notations and helps us estimate quantity of material much more easily. Thanks!
Evidences of Revival on the Local Level

I. F. Younger*

In our analysis of evidences of a revival resulting from our "Evangelism First" program, we are aware of the need of unanimity of thought in our definition of revival. Too often the criteria of a revival are varied and sometimes obscured by personal opinions and biases. I am sure there are some grounds or evidences of the need of revival that are universal and continuous. The spiritual needs that were prevalent in John the Baptist's time, in Luther's day, in the days of Wesley, continue in our times, namely, a cold, dead formalism; mechanical, passionless preaching; a neglected or rejected Bible; Sabbath desecration; lack of a burden for souls; empty pews; lack of spontaneous, sacrificial giving; barren altars; resulting in no accessions by profession of faith. I am sure we would all agree—these are evidences of the need of a Holy Ghost revival.

The church characterized by revival fires would consist of a Spirit-anointed, compassionate pastor, fruitful altar scenes, a congregation aglow with a unity of spirit; fired by a faith in a living Christ, and challenged by the needs of an apostate age, sacrificial giving to further Christ's cause around the world; a people who are able to rejoice because the unsaved have been influenced by their lives and are in attendance to hear the life-giving messages from God's Word. This, I'm sure we would all agree, would encompass the definition of revival. We feel that some of these evidences of revival have resulted from the "Evangelism First" program.

Many district superintendents contacted have reported that the "Evangelism First" program is resulting in a deepening of the spiritual life of pastors and people.

Nearly all district superintendents I have contacted express dissatisfaction with the number of pastors participating as well as the percentage of the laity that take part in the quadrennial program. As I have toured my own district, I have sensed a deepening compassion for the lost and an urgency to "work while it is day." Many have testified to the wonderful benefits of an all-night prayer program, some participating once a month.

I listened to the pastor of College Church relate how one of his young married ladies who had been backslidden for a number of years, prayed through, and a burden for the soul of her Catholic neighbor became paramount in her life. She finally succeeded in influencing the Catholic neighbor to go to church. At this service a visiting song evangelist testified and sang of a personal relationship with Christ. The Catholic lady, being tired of answers from her priest about the "traditions of the Church," became obsessed with the desire to know this Christ of the Nazarenes and was later gloriously converted in a regular Sunday morning service.

It has been thrilling to receive reports of Mormon conversions, confirmed alcoholics praying through, of wonderful altar scenes, with one pastor reporting the conversion of a condemned criminal. As I have sensed the warmth of a spirit of evangelism, witnessed sacrificial giving by our people, I am convinced that the "Evangelism First" program is a vital part in bringing a revival and of keeping us spiritually alive.

Revival should characterize the Church of the Nazarene. We have too long labored under the thought that revivals are seasonal and dependent on the arrival of an evangelist; that the months of September, October, November, February, March, and April are revival months and the other six months of the year are simply promotional and functional in our church life. People die all months of the year, and it is most gratifying to hear enthusiastic pastors report wonderful altar scenes in their regular services. The "Evangelism First" program has pinpointed the fact that the outpouring of the Holy Spirit and the winning of souls is not seasonal or exceptional—that the plan and program of Christ is a continuous seeking of the lost.

We praise God for the discernible results of the "Evangelism First" program! The hundreds of thousands of calls and witnesses of the "Try Christ's Way" soul-winning program will continue to bear fruit, and the "Shining Lights on Sunday Nights" of this past year are but evidences that encourage us to press the "Evangelism First" program throughout the remainder of this quadrennium.

The "Four-Edge" Bible, which was first introduced into England in the seventeenth century by Samuel Morison, book-binder to the king, has unique decorations on the edge of the volume. A skilfully concealed picture of Christ was painted by an artist in such a way that it became visible only when one took up the book and started to open it. The picture was made by painting a design on the front edges while they were fused out and clamped in a slanting position. When the Bible was closed, with pages tightly shut, the art work could not be seen, but when the pages were flexed as one began to open the book, the likeness of the Savior was plainly evident. Beneath are the words of Jesus: "It is I myself; handle me, and see."

The artist is suggesting that we can never see Christ in an unused Bible. But if the Book is opened by people with expectant minds, Christ will appear to them in such a way that they will see Him not only as the Jesus of history but as a living Lord who seeks to be the daily companion of His disciples.

—WALTER DUDLEY, CALVARY, Ours Is the Faith

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*District Superintendent, Idaho-Oregon District.
The Preaching of Seldon Dee Kelley

By James McGraw

Bound to rise," may be said of Mr. Kelley, with his brilliant mind and oratorical gifts. He has keen appreciative powers, and he thinks for himself, When he's gone, we won't forget. These were the words the editors wrote under the picture of the handsome graduating senior in the class of 1924, in Olivet's yearbook, the Aurora. These words and many others like them are not usually taken very seriously at the time they appear, but in the case of Seldon Dee Kelley they seem now to have been strangely prophetic. He did rise—in the esteem of his fellows, in the character of his Christlike spirit, in the magnitude of responsibilities and burdens of the Lord's work—and, in the achievement of results for the kingdom of God. He did rise; he made his eloquent voice heard; and now, that he is gone, it is certain he will not be forgotten.

Born in Lansing, Michigan, on August 6, 1867, Seldon Dee Kelley was brought up in the atmosphere of Christian parents who believed in honoring God with their lives and in training children in the way they should go. His father, William Kelley, and his mother, Harriet Cunningham Kelley, left an indelible impression upon his life during his formative years.

He was converted early in life under the ministry of the saintly Ed- ward Mierus in Lansing, Michigan, and he was sanctified a short time later in the First Church of the Nazarene there. One sees the gracious hand of Almighty God in arranging for the Spirit-filled life of Rev. Edward Mierus to bring about the influences that set the course for the future ministry of Seldon Dee Kelley. It was later that same year he was called to preach, and was encouraged to attend Olivet College.

Supporting himself, without much help in financial aid from home or convenient scholarships, from the school, he was graduated from Olivet in 1924. He later attended Lane Theological Seminary in Cincinnati, and received the M.A., B.S.T., and M.S.T. degrees from Boston University. In 1935 he did research work in Egypt and Palestine, and in 1936 his alma mater conferred upon him the honorary degree, doctor of divinity.

Although noted as a prominent leader in church and administrative affairs, Seldon Dee Kelley was always at heart a pastor. His first pastorate was a student charge in Pitts- feld, Illinois. After his ordination in 1924, he assumed the pastorate of the Norwood Church in Cincinnati. After serving this church five years, he accepted a call to the Malden, Massachusetts, church, where he was the pastor for nine years. He then served a very fruitful term of ten years as the preacher of Detroit First Church, until the time of his election, as president of Olivet Nazarene College in July, 1948. It was just nine months later—nine busy months, happy months, exciting months, successful and promising months—that death claimed him before his fifty-second birthday. Few preachers have made more lasting impressions upon as many people in so short a ministry.

Here in the life and ministry of Seldon Dee Kelley was an example of a talented man who remained humble, and a gifted man whose abilities were fully and completely committed to God. In appearance he looked the part of a successful man. He had dark, wavy hair, which took on touches of gray as he matured. His sharp features, his flashing eyes, his facial expressions, his physical bearing, all contributed to a general air of dignity and power. He looked like a man of ability. Yet he never seemed aware of all this. He did not fall into the snare of which men of ability and grace sometimes find themselves victims. He did not rely on his personal charm or his natural gifts. He knew that it is "not by might, nor by power, but by my spirit, saith the Lord."

His voice was one of his great assets as a preacher. It was rich and beautiful, and he had trained himself in the art of using it. There was music in it when the contents of his message touched upon the beautiful, and on the other hand there were virility and force expressed in it when his preaching was on stern or militant themes.

His average sermon was about a half hour in length, although there were exceptions when he preached longer. He used full notes, but seldom made use of a manuscript. The exceptions were on such occasions as commencement addresses. He was at his best in extemporaneous preaching.

He was an avid reader. One of his favorite sources was John Wesley's translation of the New Testament. He admired Wesley as much as any Methodist, and he grasped the heart of Wesley's teachings as accurately as the best of his followers.

Seldon Dee Kelley loved to preach as well as any preacher ever loved the task of proclaiming the good news. He would have agreed vigorously with G. Ray Jordan, who wrote in his book, You Can Preach: "There is no way for a man to learn to preach until he falls in love with preaching. This will make study a joy; prayer a happy privilege and the hour of worship a glorious chance to direct others to the source of all power." Kelley found stimulation in studying; he found power in prayer; he found joy in expounding the Word of truth. He enjoyed his own preaching. No wonder those who heard him preach enjoyed listening.

Dr. J. F. Leist recalls how Kelley's own passion would catch fire with his congregation. In the first months of his administration as president of Olivet, there was an acute need for a large sum of money to retire a debt that was due. In a small farm church, where an offering for the college

Author's note: This is the eighty-seventh article of its kind to be written by this scribe since the first one appeared in the Preacher's Magazine in January, 1954. It has been a joy to study the lives and ministry of these preachers—some well known, some not so well known; some great and profound, but just as good. The readers' comments have been encouraging, and have been appreciated. It seems that the long series has served its purpose; therefore this will be the last article. It is the hope and prayer that the information contained in them has contributed something to the desire in the hearts of preachers to preach better sermons, and to be—better preachers. So be it (L)
might be expected to be $200 or so, the congregation responded to Seldon Dee Kelley's appeal with an offering of some $7,000. "He didn't beg," says Leist; "he just preached. It was the gospel message, together with his own soul passion, that caught fire with the audience, and they gave."

Seldon Dee Kelley's preaching was like that. Not only in situations where the appeal was for money, but more important, in services where the appeal was evangelistic, his own passion was communicated to the congregation again and again. The results were usually quick in coming.

As a pastoral preacher, Kelley seemed understanding and approachable. He loved his members and they knew it. Young people especially responded to his warm heart and his genuine friendliness. He had a gift of getting close to his listeners. He felt with them, thought with them, stayed with them. Therefore they stayed with him. An example of this was the occasion of his message to the Olivet students in the college chapel one morning. Halfway through the sermon he lost the attention of the students when a cat walked through a window and crept along a ledge in the chapel. But his audience was not lost to him long. He said, "Now look at that cat." (They were doing that very thing, to be sure.) "Watch him! That cat can do something you can't do. You can't walk a ledge and jump through a window like that." As the cat went out the window, he had his audience with him with keener interest and attention than before.

Professor R. L. Lunsford remembers Kelley's dramatic illustrations, which were always appropriate and relevant, and were from many sources. An example of the type of illustration he often used is cited by Lunsford as the story of Robert Bruce of Scotland, who died on the battlefield. Few leaders were able to stir their soldiers to action as was Bruce. His followers took his heart in a golden casket into battle with them, and were all but invisible because of their love for their hero. At one point in a certain battle the lines were breaking and the foe was about to prevail, when the commanding officer took Bruce's heart and threw it into the midst of the enemy and commanded the Scots to go get it. They did, and the victory was won. In the telling of such dramatic events, feats of courage and strength, and vivid examples of bravery and heroism, Seldon Dee Kelley was at his best. He was a man of action, and he stirred his listeners to action.

He had a unique ability to take a paragraph of scripture and bring an unusual message. Somehow, truths that had never been noticed before sprang to life as he preached the Word. Always these truths were practical and down-to-earth. They were real to the preacher, and they became real to the hearers.

David A. MacLennan in his book Pastoral Preaching makes the significant observation that "hereas has slain its thousands, but monotony its tens of thousands." Indeed dullness is the unpardonable sin of any preacher. There was never anything monotonous and dull about Seldon Dee Kelley's preaching. This has to be one of the reasons his churches grew and thrived under his preaching, and the college youth loved to hear him every time he spoke.

In his inaugural address, November 22, 1948, less than five months before his illness and death were to cut short his ministry, one can sense the intensity of his feelings and catch the spirit of his heartbeat, and perhaps see something of the greatness of his preaching ministry. He said on that occasion:

"...I hear in your voice, the voices of the alumni, the voice of the students' parents, the voice of 60,000 Nazarenes welcoming me to high honors of service and labor and charging me to be faithful to the duties of this consecrated office. I take up this weighty charge with a deep sense of insufficiency, but yet with a degree of hope and good courage. High examples will lighten the way...I pledge myself to this sacred task."

He kept his pledge, and he left an example in Christ-centered preaching that every minister would do well to follow.

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In this highly interesting translation of I Corinthians 13 the author has set out to do two things: let the verb tenses show that Paul is speaking of growth in the sanctified life, and to let the vivid word pictures shine through.—Editor.

The Supremely Excellent Way

(A free translation)

By Neil E. Hightower*

And I show you a supremely excellent way.

"Suppose I should have the ability to speak in the oratorical phraseology of men and angels, but do not possess perfect love, I would sound like an echoing brass instrument or a clanging cymbal. And suppose I possess a prophetic gift and an insight into every mystery and deep wisdom about all things that exist; and suppose I possess wonder-working faith so that I could remove big issues; and do not possess perfect love, I am absolutely zero spiritually.

"Further, suppose I nourish the needy with my abundance of things, and suppose I deliver my body that it may be burned in martyrdom, and do not possess perfect love, I am not profited.

This perfect love is long-suffering; it is gentle in behavior.

"This perfect love does not play the braggart, is not stuck up; does not behave in an indecent way; does not seek its own interests; does not show a sharp spirit, does not keep a ledger on evil deeds done to it, does not rejoice at the triumph of evil, but does rejoice with the triumph of truth.

"Perfect love builds a roof over every insecure person; believes implicitly in the worth of all things; sees the bright side of everything; carries on as a good soldier in the face of everything.

"Perfect love survives everything else; but where there are prophetic gifts, they shall be made idle. Where there are gifts of language, they shall finally cease of themselves; where there is a gift of deep wisdom, it shall become idle.

*College Park, Maryland.

(Continued on next page)
"For now we see things as in an opaque piece of glass, but when spiritual maturity shall have come we shall see things as they really are. Now I know only a portion of truth, but then I shall fully know even as also I was fully known.

"But when all is said and done, there are three abiding qualities: faith, hope, perfect love. And the greatest of these is perfect love."

**Gleanings from the Greek New Testament**

By Ralph Earle*

Romans 14:13-17

Translators differ in their treatment of these words. We find "obstacle or stumbling-block" (Webb and J. B., N.E.B.), "stumbling-block or hindrance" (Moffatt, R.S.V.), "hindrance or obstacle" (Goodspeed), "hindrance or a stumbling block" (Berkeley). In spite of this variety of translations, Paul's meaning is clear. He is warning the meat-eaters not to do anything that would be a spiritual hindrance to the vegetarians. In other words, we should not selfishly glory in our religious freedom in such a way as to cause a weaker, over-scrupulous brother to stumble and fall. True love will put the interests of others before our own. It is the same principle that Paul set forth in answering the question of the Corinthian Christians about eating meat offered to idols. To them he wrote: "But when all is said and done, there are three abiding qualities: faith, hope, perfect love. And the greatest of these is perfect love."

*Professor, Nazarene Theological Seminary.

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*Abbott-Smith, op. cit., p. 272.

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sage here, “if your brother’s feelings are hurt because of food.” But they note that λυπεῖν can also mean “injury, damage.”

The translations differ rather widely: “is pained” (Weymouth), “feelings are hurt” (Goodspeed), “feels pained” (Berkeley), “is outraged” (N.E.B.), “is hurt” (Williams). It would seem that the best rendering would be “is being injured” (Moffatt, R.S.V.).

**Destiny or Perish?**

No less than ten Greek verbs are translated “destroy” in the King James Version. The one used here, ἀποκαταστάσεως, means “destroy utterly.”

But the thing that interests us is that this word is used frequently in the New Testament of sinners perishing without salvation. So here the idea is not of the weak brother having his reputation ruined or his life wasted in this world. The peril is that in causing him to stumble by our own selfish liberties we may be responsible for his soul perishing forever. That danger should always act as a deterrent to any thoughtlessness of others on our part. We may say that it is nobody’s business what we do. But no one can hide behind that deceptive alibi. How we live does affect others, whether we want it to or not. In a very real sense every one of us is his brother’s keeper.

**Evil Spoken Of**

The Greek word (v. 16) is blasphemeo, from which comes “blaspheme.” Its earliest meaning was “speak profanely of sacred things.” Then it came to mean “speak ill of to the prejudice of one, slander.” In the King James Version it is rendered “blaspheme” seventeen times and “speak evil of” ten times. Clearly the latter is the meaning here. While we have limited the use of “blaspheme” to speaking irreverently of God, in the Greek the word refers also to slandering men.

It is not enough to do what we feel is right. We must guard against doing anything that could cause criticism from others. Of course this is not always possible. But the principle holds good nevertheless. We should be concerned about the impression we make on others, as well as the relation of our own conscience to God.

**Meat and Drink**

The discussion of whether or not to eat certain foods becomes the occasion for Paul making a profound statement of truth: “For the kingdom of God is not meat and drink; but righteousness, and peace, and joy in the Holy Ghost,” (v. 17).

The Greek word for “meat” is βρῶμα. It is from the same root as broma in verse 15. But the latter means “food” (not “meat” in American English!) while the one here means “eating.” Likewise the Greek word for “drink,” ποίεσ, means “drinking.” So the correct translation here is “eating and drinking” (Weymouth, Moffatt, Berkeley, A.R.V., N.E.B.).

The principle is clearly stated, though too often forgotten. The kingdom of God, or true Religion, is not a matter of externals—how we dress or eat. It is rather righteousness, peace, and joy in the Holy Spirit. Those who major on externals are prone not to show a right spirit, nor to maintain peace. And too often their lives do not radiate the joy of the risen Christ.


Haldell and Scott, Lexicon, 1, 317.  
*Hbd.*

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**SERMON of the MONTH**

The “depths to which He went to save us from the depths to which we had gone stagger our minds**

**God’s Lowliness: Man’s Greatness**

(A Christmas Message)

By J. C. Mitchell*

Glory to God in the highest... The babe lying in a manger (Luke 2:14, 16).

**God condescended to become man** that man might become Godlike in thought, word, and deed. His great love for us led God to give His only begotten Son for us. Angels proclaimed, “Glory to God in the highest.” But it was the lowest, too, for the Babe was to be found “wrapped in swaddling clothes, lying in a manger.”

This “holy child Jesus” who later would speak of the glory He had with the Father before the world was, entered the world in inglorious circumstances. He who was in the form of God took upon Himself the form of man. That is what Christmas means—God in His greatness clothed in lowliness for our redemption. His being born in a lowly manger tells us that God’s compassion touches life’s lowly threshold.

**He came to redeem man from sin.** In those days the people looked for redemption from Rome. In Rome and her power men and women placed their confidence. How misplaced was their confidence! Augustus in his gilded palace, with all its pomp and splendor, cared nothing that within his empire there were millions of slaves.

Women were despised. The people lacked faith in God. It was a day of moral corruption and spiritual decay, yet God did not break into these conditions as a God of might and power. He came in the form of a little child, wearing no robe of earthly might. In Nazareth, He lived in an earthly home, was subject to human parents, worked in a carpenter’s shop; then after thirty years He went out into the world to tell people why He came “to seek and to save that which was lost.” “To give His life a ransom for many.”

It startled people to wonder and adore, and angered those in authority, when He proclaimed that He “who, being in the form of God, thought it not robbery to be equal with God...made Himself of no reputation, and took upon Himself the form of a servant, and was made in the likeness of men.” Though He was cradled in lowliness, He embodied all we know of God. His greatness and His love.

*Liverpool, England.*

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He deigns in flesh to appear,
Widest extremities to join;
To bring our vision near,
To make us all divine.
And we the life of God shall know.
For God is manifest below.

II. HE redeems when we seek Him
IN LOWINESS OF MIND. Jesus said,
"Except ye... become as little children,
ye shall not enter into the
kingdom of heaven." Whet we approach
Him in true repentance, willing to
acknowledge Him as Saviour and
Lord, we become the possessors of
His redeeming power. Mankind will not
be saved by revolutionary move-
ments. True progress in a Godlike
direction takes place only when
Christ has His way in the human
heart, in the home, in business, and
in the whole of national life. God's
human life began in a manger cradle.
One of the great needs of our day is
to bring the cradle and God's truth
and way together.

I once heard a man say, "The greatest
thing my mother did for me was
to teach me the Lord's Prayer as soon
as I could understand it." It is a
child's birthright to learn early in life
of Jesus as Saviour and God as Fa-
ther. The nurture of the child de-
termines the nature of the nation.
Godlike thought and concern at the
cradle would help to save the nation
from being overwhelmed and bruised
by evil purpose.

Bethlehem and Nazareth have
made it infallibly clear that parental
c-operation with God is the soul and
promise of human blessedness. Chi-
Children taught of the Lord become
creative citizens. Juvenile delin-
quency too often means parental in-
difference to Christian teaching.
Viscount Montgomery asserts that
"the youth of Britain are suffering
from a spiritual malaise. The cure
must begin in the family. Home

Teaching must be based on a proper
sense of religious truth."

O Holy Child of Bethlehem,
Descend on us, we pray.
Cast out our sin, and enter in;
Be born in us today.

Mankind must come to under-
stand what God means by condescending.
It means for God to become one with
us in human form. We gather round
the Bethlehem cradle and, looking
into those dancing-baby eyes, see the
face and the purpose of God. Then
the days of tyranny and wrong will
pass and men with true Herodian
spirit will no longer fill our hearts
with fear. Dynamic lowliness through
Christ is humanity's need.

III. THE WORLD WILL FIND SALVA-
TION WHEN THE HUMAN WILL IS RULED
BY THE DIVINE WILL.

My will is not my own.
Till Thee last made it Thine;
If it would reach a monarch's
throne
It must its crown resign;
It only stands unshaken amid the
clashing strife
When on Thy bosom it has
rested
And found in Thee its life.
Life will only work one way and
that is God's way. We cannot have
security without righteousness. God's
incarnate Son was to lift every life
and human and state to the power
and freedom of His will. He came for
that, "God was in Christ, reconcil-
ing the world unto Himself," and in that
reconciliation all the relationships
of life will become sacred and strong.

God and good will stand together.
It is God who makes the will good.
It is His supreme achievement in the
soul of man. The human will moti-
vated by human good has proved to
be the mightiest and most powerful
factor in human life. When man feels
within himself the answer to the
sublimest thought of His freedom.
Our wills are ours to make them
Thine," he becomes invincible in God.
The holiness of God makes His will
the perfect rule of life. Against all
dogmas and systems that engender
ill will, God has decreed creative good
will through His eternal Son.

"Unto us a child is born."
"Of such is the kingdom." Here is our saving
hope. God with us in the home,
making it "inherited in a people's
moral and security.

God with us in industry, as in Naz-
arene carpentry, making it vocational
in character and to public good.

His Spirit alone can bring the na-
tions together in unity to conserve
international honor and universal
peace. "Glory to God in the high-
est, and on earth peace, good will
toward men." Survival now is in
Christ alone. Possessed by the mind
of Christ, we can make life dynamic
with good will. The message of Beth-
lehem can defeat the power of Babyl-
on when our wills are ruled by God's
will.

We hear the Christmas angels
Their great glad tidings tell,
Oh, come to us, abide with us,
Our Lord Emmanuel.

The Voice of Christmas

I cannot put the presence by, of Him, the Crucified,
Who moves men's spirits with His love as doth the moon the tide;
Again I see the life He lived, the Godlike death He died.

Again I see upon the Cross, that great soul-battle fought,
Into the texture of the world the tale which is wrought,
Until it hath become the well of human deed and thought—

And, joining with the cadenced bells that all the morning fill,
His cry of agony doth yet my inmost being thrill,
Like some fresh grief from yesterday that tears the heartstrings still.

I cannot put His presence by; I meet Him everywhere;
I meet Him in the country town, the busy market-square;
The mansion and the tenement attest His presence there.

Upon the funneled ships at sea He sets His shining feet;
The distant ends of empire not in vain His name's repeat—
And, like the presence of a rose, He makes the whole world sweet.

He comes to break the barriers down raised up by barren creeds;
About the globe from zone to zone like sunlight He proceeds;
He comes to give the world's starved heart the perfect love it needs.

The Christ, whose friends have played Him false, whom dogmas have belied,
Still speaking to the hearts of men—though shamed and crucified,
The Master of the centuries, who will not be denied!

—Harry Kemp

December, 1961
The Significance of the Sacrament

By David J. Tarrant

When the modern Jewish family gathers around the table for the Passover meal, the youngest son asks, as he has done in succeeding generations for more than 3,000 years: "What means this feast? Why is this night distinguished from all other nights?" And then the father tells the old story of God's deliverance of His people from Egypt's bondage.

There is, of course, much in common between the Jewish Passover and our Communion service. Let us then suppose that one of our youngest Christians, attending for the first time, the observance of this Christian sacrament, is permitted to ask similar questions: "What means this feast? Why, in this service, is the table spread with pure white linen? And what is the meaning of the bread and the wine upon the table?" It now rests with the minister to give an answer to these questions; and a thoughtful meditation upon them at this time may lead to a deeper appreciation and richer enjoyment of the sacrament by minister and laymen alike.

In the first instance, the sacrament took the form of a simple meal—just the barest elements of a poor man's supper were on the table. But the presence of Jesus transformed it into a feast; consider how wonderfully this happened 'in the house of Cephas at Emmaus. Over the years the material element in the feast has been reduced to the smallest possible proportions—just a fragment of bread and a sip of wine—so that the enjoyment might be entirely on a spiritual level. This feast is a feast of the soul!

A Feast of Obedience. The number of specific commandments given by Jesus to His disciples was not large. But the injunction to perpetuate the Last Supper was one of them. "This do in remembrance of me" (Luke 22:19). To a loving child, obedience is a delight. Jesus said, "I delight to do thy will, O my God." And if we love Jesus, we shall delight to obey Him. Let us impress this truth upon the minds and hearts of the believers who make up our congregation. Willful neglect of participation in this sacrament indicates a lack in our love for our Lord and Master. To say, "I am not good enough to receive the sacrament," is not a valid excuse for a believer to stay away from the table. Let us urge upon our Christian people that the sacrament is a means of grace designed to help us to be better Christians; and that—if we are members of the family of God—attendance at the family table is one of our filial duties.

A Feast of Thanksgiving. Matt. 26:27 reads, "And he took the cup, and gave thanks, and gave it to them, ..." The word translated "gave thanks" is eucharisteo, from the familiar title for the sacrament is taken—Holy Eucharist, meaning holy thanksgiving." We meet together at the Lord's table at the appointed season to join in a special act of thanksgiving to God for His many mercies, but especially for His so great love in redeeming us. We allow our thoughts to dwell on the wonder of Calvary and our hearts well up in grateful adoration. Every truly thankful Christian will desire to be at the Lord's table, where hearts are melted together in loving worship of the One who, though He was rich, yet for our sakes became poor, that we through His poverty might be made rich. Wonderful Saviour!

A Feast of Remembrance. One of our greatest failings as human beings is that we have pitifully short memories, especially for kindnesses received; and deliverances wrought for us by God. For this reason several memorials were ordained of God. The Passover was the most outstanding memorial of the Old Testament days; and mention may be made also of the articles contained in the ark (the tables of stone, Aaron's rod, and the pot of manna), also the heap of stones beside Jordan. Now Jesus Christ, the Church, this one great remembrance, the Lord's Supper. Its purpose is to bring back our thoughts to the centrality of the Cross in the gospel message. Lest our preaching should get taken up with little side issues, the sacrament comes periodically to say, "This is the heart of revealed truth. Here is the corn of wheat cast into the ground to die. Here is the fountain opened for sin and uncleanness." Is there a Christian so devout that he does not need this reminder? Who, as he takes the morsel of bread, does not need to whisper to himself, "Jesus' body was broken for me?" Who, as he presses the cup to his lips, is not the better for telling himself, "Jesus shed His blood for my redemption, for my cleansing?"

A Feast of Testimony. "As often as ye eat ... ye do shew ..." Here is the vital element of testimony. Here is a delightful object lesson, instructing all who witness it. Here is a company of people outwardly demonstrating their faith in Jesus Christ, and their reliance on His sacrifice for their salvation. Here, too, are a company testifying to their oneness in Christ; for all who partake are "one bread." This testimony must be confirmed, of course, in the social exchanges of the workaday life and the church's program of service and fellowship. The people who witness at the table to their identification with the crucified and risen Lord must be seen, in their life outside the church, to be "dead to the world and all its toys, its idle pomp and fading joys." And the words, "How these Christians love one another," must be spoken in sincerity, as they were of the early Christians, and not in sarcasm.

A Feast of Communion. The wonder of Christian communion or fellowship is that it is at the same time both horizontal and vertical. Walking in the light, we have fellowship one with another; and truly our fellowship is with the Father, and with His Son, Jesus Christ. The Scriptures follow with emphasis this fellowship. Of fellowship on the human level we read, "How good and how pleasant it is for brethren to dwell together in unity!"; "Keep the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace"; "Be ye kind one to another;" "Bear ye one another's burdens, and so fulfill the law of Christ." So as we gather around the Lord's table, we do so "with one accord," like the disciples in the Upper Room after the Ascension. How all barriers are down. The invitation is given: "Ye that do truly and earnestly repent of your sins, and are in love and charity with your neighbours, draw near with faith and take this holy sacrament to your
In paradise it was conceived,
A perfect dream of God;
"Twas fed and nourished
Within the shelter of His arm.
It gently stirred; then growing,
Flushed for life till dawn.
When angels bore the gift to earth
And in a manger
Love was born.
—EDITH HAZZARD, Fiat Lux

CHRISTMAS, 1961!

1. In 1961 Christ is still busy building His Church.
2. In 1961 Christ is still central. Dictators come and stay for a little while, etc.

—N. G. M.
The Preacher's Magazine

How about your church roll? Is it clean or padded?
Here is a serious, substantial study of the problem of keeping the church roll intact.

I. Are There Souls in Our Statistics?

By Dwayne Hildie*

In Sunday School

All of us have become familiar with the repetition of the somewhat trite expression made relative to numerical goals in the church schools, reminding us that we are not interested in merely reporting personality-less digits in our Sunday school attendance figures—there are or should be souls in our statistics. Spoken with regard to Sunday school figures, we have come to accept and appreciate the statement; for barring the exceptional, unethical superintendent or pastor who reports more than he actually counted “to allow for those who were missed in the count,” for every number reported in Sunday school there was actually a person present to receive the enrichment and inspiration of the Sunday school hour.

How About Deadwood?

One wonders if the same principle of souls in statistics would hold true in our reported figures for church membership. Although the personal acquaintance with the statistics of individual churches on the part of the writer of this article is admittedly limited, such acquaintance as he has had would lead him to the conclusion that there is a substantial portion of church membership reported annually at the district assemblies who are “digits without a personality.” In almost every district assembly within the recollection of the writer, at least one pastor or reported a “back-door removal” or a “roll purging” or a “tree pruning,” all terms designed to imply that by action of the church board a greater or less than substantial percentage of the reported membership of the church had been dropped. On inquiry we usually learn that the so-called “deadwood” thus trimmed out of the branches falls into two or three categories:

1. Those people who have moved out of the community and with whom we have lost all contact. We have no address at which to write to them, and in some cases no one now in the church seems to remember just who they are or were.

2. Names on the membership roll of people who have died, or have transferred to some other church, and for one reason or another were never removed from the record.

3. People who are living in the community of the church, probably backslidden in heart, seldom or never attend services of the church, and

*Pastor, Edmonton, Alberta.

December, 1961

(547) 19.
make no contribution financially or otherwise except as they may be pressed into service as a political move of a minority group in the church to cost their vote, which is usually negative.

Why is the Wood Dead?
When we look at the splendid folk who comprise our present active membership, our happy countenances, and hear their glowing testimonies, we wonder what happened to cause the now "deadwood" to die. Before moving to a consideration of what should be done about them now, it would be well to give some attention to the cause behind our "soulless statistics."

There is a fairly simple explanation, I believe, for the presence of names on our roll of people who have joined other churches or have passed into the glory world. Many of my brethren in the ministry share with me an intense aversion to details of bookwork. Keeping records is to them, as it is to me, one of the things we could most easily do without. No doubt there are many times when, either in the pressure of building program or in other demanding interests of the Kingdom, we have failed to subtract from our rolls one who has left us in death. Or in other instances, one of our members moves to another community where there is a Church of the Nazarene and is taken into membership, without the formality of the church letter, which would terminate membership in the previous church connection. In the course of a pastoral change or two, it is not too difficult to see how a membership record can become inaccurate in this regard. It would be my feeling that the numbers on our church rolls which would fall into this classification are negligible. In somewhat the same manner the names of people who have moved from our community and of whom we have lost trace may remain on our records. At the time of their move no request was made for transfer, it being entirely possible that they moved to a city in which there was no sister church. Or again, it could well be that the pastor of the church they were leaving was too busy to write to the agency at Headquarters which would have notified the pastor nearest them of his move into his neighborhood. Before any kind of action was taken concerning them, the pastor who knew them transferred to a different assignment, leaving their names on his record. In churches where the list of membership is not annually published, along with current addresses, the lay folk of the congregation may not have occasion to know that these former members are still recorded; thus no one in the congregation is in position to suggest or raise a question as to the status of the record.

It is really the third group mentioned in the earlier paragraph about whom the greatest concern need be shown. It would be impossible to hazard an estimate as to their numerical strength; for they exist in and around all our congregations (unless we have just concluded one of those "back-door revivals" and have not had time to accumulate a fresh supply). There was obviously a time when they were "spiritually on top", and of sufficient promise as to be taken into fellowship with us. Before considering what we should do with them now, it would be well to examine this "deadwood" to see if we can determine how, in a church such as ours, so many have drifted from what must at one time have been a position of fervent warmth, to this present state of frigidity.

(To be continued)

If we would make more prominent use of the Bible in our pulpits we would discover afresh that the Bible is-

The Book of Power
By Ronald D. Moss

MARK TWAIN once said, "If I were a heathen, I would erect a statue to energy and fall down and worship it."

Today energy or power is symbolic of the American way of life. Power in industry and the sciences has become the vital concern of our government for the country's welfare. Power is a necessity in the Western civilization's fight for survival.

While the world is quickening its pace to obtain and increase its power, perhaps the minister has failed to use the greatest power at his disposal in his fight against sin—the Word of God, for "it is quick, and powerful, and sharper than any two-edged sword."

I am not attempting to say that he has failed to preach the Word, but rather he has tended not to use it to its full advantage. He has failed to realize the impressiveness of the Word and the authority it gives to the one who stands behind the sacred desk.

It has become the tendency for some ministers to read the text from the Bible and lay it aside, never to be touched or opened for the remainder of the sermon. Others take notes alone to the pulpit and never use the Bible. This is a betrayal of one's self-dependence. This self-dependence is based upon vocabulary, fluency, and personal appearance—a reliance upon self as the authority rather than the Word of God. Nothing can give the man of God authority during his message as the opened Bible. With the Bible opened before him he appears as a shepherd leading his sheep after he has spent the week conversing with the Great Shepherd of the whole flock.

One cannot doubt the power of the silvery-tongued orator. The impressiveness of the man who is adapted to good phraseology and alliterations is not to be disputed. The persuasiveness of a clear, logical outline, is not to be denied. The effectiveness of a well-placed gesture must be realized. However fluency, phraseology, alliterations, logic, and personality must give way to the Word of God for authority. The soldier goes into battle never to forget that his ultimate victory or defeat depends upon his weapons and defense. Using his sword, he goes forth conquering to conquer. So let the minister use the authority and power of the open Book, going forth conquering and to conquer sin.

*Pastor, Highland, Michigan.
December, 1981
Pulpit and Parish Tips

Preaching, Edifying,
Soul-strengthening Messages

By E. E. Wordsworth*

Dr. F. B. Meyer, Bible expositor of international fame, author of many devotional classics, renowned pastor of a great London church, said, "If I could begin my ministry over again I would preach more encouraging messages." Please note his word "encouraging." It is a weighty word for the pastor. It was the general procedure in the pulpit ministry of Dr. Bresee to so minister as to bless, uplift, and inspire his congregation. An aged pastor said, "I would like to begin my ministry over again so that I could preach more comforting messages to my people." Again note the meaningful word "comforting."

My dear friend of years ago, Rev. W. G. Schurman, pastor of Chicago First Church for many years, was under much pressure to preach a sermon on the following Sunday morning on carnality, for it was true many members of his flock were carnally-minded. But, being a man of much prayer he heard the Spirit whisper to his inner consciousness, "Preach on, Calvary next Sunday morning." He did so, and when he gave the altar call many of those needing inner cleansing from sin sought and found deliverance from the carnal state. A severe, scolding sermon would have failed, but Calvary won.

Pastor and evangelist too, it is a misconception of our office to assume that our specific task is to "dig into people, peel the hides, lay them on the fence," denounce and excoriate a congregation. I am not pleading here for a "gushy," soft, sentimental, milk-and-water, soft-pedaling type of sermons. No! This is sickly, nauseating, and repulsive. But on the other hand the preacher must be tenderhearted, kind, considerate, and understanding. We can catch more flies with honey than with vinegar.

If you want your congregation to dwindle and leave you, then be sure to abuse them every Sunday morning; scold, rebuke, and expose all weaknesses and shortcomings. Go after them without mercy. Pass about everything. Let the people know you are the "voice of authority." Make them toe the mark: Preach your notions, not the gospel. Have your way though it empties the church, kills the prayer meeting, stops revivals, defeats payments of district and general budgets, sends souls to hell. Be sure to drive; don't lead your flock by holy example, devotion, tears, and warm affection. Put the pressure on and put yourself on the back for being brave.

Listen, pastor, your congregation is hungry for the precious Word of God. "Preach the word," Paul admonished Timothy. "Feed the flock," he said. "Feed my sheep," the Master told His disciples. The psalms are rich in devotional material. The Gospel of John and the Epistles have a great wealth of truth awaiting your grasp. The prophecy of Isaiah is a veritable gold mine of evangelical messages. In fact, all the blessed Word of God, when spiritually interpreted and proclaimed, under the anointing of the Spirit, will lift the congregation into the "heavenly places in Christ."

Dr. Bresee once said, "No scripture is more than three feet away from Calvary." I advise you, dear pastor, make much of the Blood in your ministry. And honor the Holy Ghost. Dr. J. H. Jowett advised all preachers to preach the great fundamental doctrines of the Bible and exalt them to heaven. John the Baptist said, "I must decrease, but he [Christ] must increase." "Thou blesst Rock of Ages, I'm hiding in Thee."

Wanted: A Cyclone!

By G. D. Watson*

If God should let a red-hot John the Baptist sort of man burst upon society—a man that would strike as much terror to the dead pulpits of the Church as to the dens of iniquity, it would be the thing we need. In the revival I want, sin is not repressed but torn out root and branch; a revival in which no one ever rises for prayer, but where people fall to their knees and pray for themselves and weep and mourn under holy conviction for their sins; a revival that will make preachers forget their manuscripts and burst out and weep in the pulpit; a cyclone of mysterious Omnipotence that when it strikes a church or a community, or a nation, every shop becomes a pulpit, every home a sanctuary, and every heart becomes an altar, and every lip is touched by the flame of God's presence.

I declare in the presence of God and His hosts, I am ready for such a moral scene. Nothing is so alarming as the utter absence of alarm in church. Nothing is so dreadfully terrible, in my mind, as that sinners have no terror! O, that God would so baptize with fire a thousand people as to render them incomprehensible amazements of powers! O, for a few men so dead to all things but God, and so filled with Him, as to make them more than a match for the rest of mankind!

O Thou Triune God of Sinai, Calvary, and Pentecost! Art Thou not nursing under the horizon the lightning and thunder and rain of an amazing holiness revival? Lord, let it come! Let it strike our nation, though it may blow our abominable church pride in the dust; blow entertainments out of our churches; though it would confound all the wise ones and be understood by no one but Thy Divine Self—let it come! Thou art the Master of Thine own tempests; O, send us a storm from the Holy Ghost before Thou sendest the storm of judgment.

* Taken from Revistol.

December, 1961

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The Preacher's Magazine  December, 1961
"QUEEN of the PARSONAGE"

May she who in the parsonage dwells be radiant, poised, serene;
And every moment of each day be every inch a queen!

By Ruth Vaughn*

Portrait of a Queen

Her voice is delicate and free, soft as the sound of stars commingling in the wind. Little-feathered wings are fitted to her shoes and the air is vibrant where her feet have been. The work of her hands are the majesty of colors, while flutes of love drip splendor on her deeds. A shy and silver mirth enameles her days; her heart is filled with sonatas of divine harmony. God gave her a wondrous, hallowed grace and made her soul as clear and softly singing as a sparkling spring's.

Mrs. Raymond Hurn, the mother of two lovely girls, the wife of a busy district superintendent, the gracious queen of the Abilene District parsonage, leads a life of rare beauty and reverent strength. There is a fragrant atmosphere of serenity and peace surrounding her, an air of complete self-conceision—so that instantly you feel that here is one who has participated in the life of God until His greatness permeates her being, fills, and overflows.

As a young, inexperienced wife, she first entered the parsonage in Hays, Kansas. There she learned to manage an income of $18.00 per week. To look over her old budget books is as exciting as reading fiction—but through her skillful handling of finance, the couple made ends meet and both gave all of their days and nights into full-time service to their charge.

From her first moment in the parsonage she has maintained a career of giving herself away. To the young mothers, the elderly, the sick, she is always on hand with a cheery smile, words of love—and small gifts. In each area of church work she works constantly behind the scenes, pushing others—and giving them credit even for tasks which she has done. To ever-increasing, greater responsibilities she always rises to the demands joyously and buoyantly—never for a moment thinking of complaint.

"The kingdom of God is within you," said Jesus. This is a perfect description of Mrs. Raymond Hurn: The inner happiness and holiness within her soul are so real that they flow like artesian waters in outer love and harmony. She is never tense or hurried in an attempt to manufacture ideas, strength, or love. Instead she is open, unresisting channel through which God's ideas, strength, and love flow bringing the kingdom of Heaven, in all its exquisite beauty, to earth. The invisible spirit of Christ is made visible through the multicolored splendor of her life.

Truly this is a portrait of a queen! To Mrs. Raymond Hurn, I pay tribute!

*Lubbock, Texas

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ROYAL COOKBOOK

Fruitcakes are the order of this season. For a novel, delicious twist to this common standby, try the recipe below. Easy on the pocket-book; easy on the timing; easy on the bake; sooo easy to eat!

Cream 3/4 cup butter and 2 cups sugar; add 4 eggs. Sift together: 3 cups flour, 1/2 tsp. allspice, 1/2 tsp. cinnamon, 1/4 tsp. nutmeg. Add to mixture with 1 cup buttermilk and 1 tsp. soda. Fold in, 1/2 cup pineapple preserves, 1/2 cup cherry preserves, 1/2 cup apricot preserves, 1 cup chopped pecans, 1/2 tsp. vanilla. Use two small loaf pans or one large angel food pan. Bake 1 1/2 hours in oven at 325°. Let cool in pan fifteen minutes before removing.

OVER TEAUPS

For the past several months Mrs. Milo Arnold has been giving the answer to the request for "a definition of my task as a minister's wife and an outline of my responsibilities." We conclude Mrs. Arnold's paper in this issue. We are grateful for her thorough and enlightening answer.

"The woman who dares to marry a minister must be brave, for she is still given the God-assigned task of making a home but it is to be done amid very unusual circumstances. She must make a home where the job she does is seen by everybody: where her success or failure is seen by all, and where more lives are touched by it than is true of any other woman. She is a woman—very human—having the same flesh and blood as other women. She marries a man who is also flesh and blood, and they bear children who are—like them—human; but their situation is charged with responsibility and exposed to hardship. God believes in women, however, for He trusts them with His biggest assignment; and believes in ministers' wives especially, for He charges them with the greatest responsibility."

BOOKSHELF WITH LACE

The most worthy gift you can give to those special ones on your list is a book which will be a helpful source of direction for earnest lives. Such a book is Hannah Whitall Smith's The Christian's Secret of a Happy Life, which has been a guidebook to many for eighty years. Excellent for your "bookshelf" list. (N.P.H., $1.75—cloth; 95¢—paper.)

For those "parsonage queens" on your Christmas list—or those preparing for "queenship"—be sure to give them Far Above Rubies, the wonderful book of guidance written by our beloved Mrs. G. B. Williamson. (N.P.H., $2.00.)

HER MAJESTY: A MOTHER

Of all the "royal" assignments given to a parsonage queen, the greatest is the awesome bigness of being a mother. This is a job which demands our finest selves, our dearest gifts, our highest aspirations.

A mother is beauty with a scooky cutter, gentleness swabbing a dearth, vibrancy bending a salk, alertness singing a kallaby, devoutsness with laughter in her eyes, and joy with an understanding heart.

A mother's smile is as bright as a campfire on a bleak, wintry night. It is as warm and comforting as a mother's love as is fathomless as the deep, mystic depths of the sea. It is as strong and lovely. A mother's soul is as great and immortal as the lofty drifts of cloud in the sky. It is as inspiring and humbling.

A mother spends her life covering cobbler's, children, and kittens; caring for babies, puppies, and tramps; stiffening white collars, canes, and backbones; cooking for scouts, picnics,
and pets; cleaning the cellar, the attic, and tiny ears; reveling in the glory of God, nature, and scrubbed floors. A mother never spares understanding, gentleness, or the rod; she never criticizes family, animal, or toys. A mother never complains of imposition, noisy children, or worn dresses; she never fails to wipe noses, rub cold feet, or kiss good night.

A mother loves beauty, God, and the Bible. She teaches daily by example the wonder of salvation, the truth of God’s Word, and the meaning of true love. Love clings to a mother like the breath of a rich perfume. Love is a mother!

HEART TALK

In the midst of the icy blue darkness of the night, I watch a cold wind swagger through the yard, shouldering the young hemlocks with their boughs sloped beneath the load of snow, saluting young spruces standing bolt upright, refusing to recognize or heed the white weight upon their twigs. I see the multicolored lights of the Christmas tree dancing through the window of the house, and I know that Christmas has come!

Christmas comes under loomings of gold tinsel, under the flicker of red and green candles. Christmas has come with a joyous bound and a gladsome song. To this world of cold, still beauty, Christmas has come!

Christmas is so many things—all of them wonderful—each of them precious. Christmas is the gentleness of a mother singing her baby a lullaby, the awe of a little girl beholding her first snow scene, the warmth of a father holding his pajama-clad children on his lap as he tells them a story. Christmas is the excitement of happy secrets held close to the heart, the emotions of selflessness which dart and rend throughout the atmosphere, the sweetness of a child’s first gift. Christmas is the reverent strength that ties loved ones together with letters which distance or time cannot destroy. Christmas is the sweet glow of starlight, the deep loveliness of midnight, the magic ecstasy of dawn. Christmas is the singing of warmly wrapped carolers, the chiming of bells, the cantata rendered by the church choir.

Christmas is the birthday of the Babe in the manger, the time when selflessness flies and the living Spirit of God’s first, greatest gift pervades the universe. Christmas is the mightiest messenger of God’s divine love. Christmas is the majestic joy of salvation.

Christmas has come!

You tell yourself by the friends you seek,
By the very manner in which you speak,
By the way you employ your leisure time,
By the use you make of dollar and dime.

You tell what you are by the things you wear,
By the spirit in which you burden bear,
By the kind of things at which you laugh,
By the records you play on the phonograph.

You tell what you are by the way you walk,
By the things of which you delight to talk,
By the manner in which you bear defeat,
By so simple a thing as how you eat.

By the books you choose from the well-filled shelf;
In these ways and more, you tell on yourself;
So there’s really no particle of sense
In an effort to keep up false pretense.

—The Lighted Pathway

The Preacher’s Magazine

How Does Your Church Prepare for Christmas?

By William Dufer, Jr.*

Christmas has special significance for every church, but many churches are already planning many special events which offer many variations on the Yuletide theme. Here are a few of which to make especially interesting reading indeed.

One church for example feels strongly that the most precious Christmas gift a member may present to his church is the bringing into the fold of another member. In consequence this church conducts a pre-Christmas membership campaign during the month of November and initial several weeks of December. Every young and adult member of the church is asked to bring at least one new member, preferably more, into the church during this period. Results have been especially significant since most people unaffiliated with churches feel an awakened spiritual interest in joining a church at this season of the year.

The same church also believes that Christmas ought not to be a seasonal affair, but that it should be enshrined in the heart of every church member all the year round. The church asks that every member of the church, young and old alike, contribute something to the “Christmas for the Missions” boxes prepared in September.

Every member is asked to bring for inclusion in these boxes something he or she has personally put time and effort into: perhaps a specimen of art, needlework, leather or copper tooling, or a home-workshop-inspired pair of book ends. Even a hand-carved painting or a color photograph of a most unusual landscape effect can be included.

Children can give a personally constructed model airplane, a customized tiny car, a toy some boy or girl overseas will enjoy immensely. With children the important thing to remember is that they will take pride in knowing that their handmade gift will find its way into the possession and the heart of some child in a foreign clime.

But this is not all. Every member of the church is asked to write a short Christmas letter to the missionaries at an outpost overseas or in a domestic area, letting them realize fully that the church member is sincerely interested in the progress they are making. Such letters from the home front do much to cheer up those who toil in God’s vineyard, far removed from their very own home surroundings.

Another church prepares a very special list of shut-in, invalid, and house-confined or hospitalized church members. This list is posted in the church and other members are urged to bring in any contribution they feel suitable for personalized Christmas baskets intended for just such individuals.

*Endicott, New York.
December, 1961
More to the point, the church appoints a committee of church members to work and visit such individuals and be their "gift shopper and gift wrapper." Such committees also arrange to do the gift wrapping and purchasing for those who cannot do their own. Such activities do very much to reassure the individual who cannot get out to personally handle Christmas gift selecting and handling chores.

In this church the pastor also believes that Christmas cards should be a highly personalized affair. Every card he dispatches to members of his church flock contains a group photograph of himself surrounded by his family. Every member of his family—children included—personally autographs each and every such greeting card, making the card one which will be treasured by friends, relatives, even acquaintances, locally and throughout the nation.

Moreover, this church believes that its Christmas party for its children should be a little more than the conventional affair. For this reason every child attending is urged to bring a guest: a child who perhaps may not have very much to look forward to Christmas-wise, or a child not belonging to a church who might be very much interested in sharing a Christmas party.

At least one church issues a Christmas annual, a publication issued yearly in November. This contains stories, articles, essays, scriptural interpretations, all tinged with a Christmas flavor—and all contributed by church members. Artwork is also solicited from children as well as grownups. A Christmas message from the pastor, and from other church officials, is also included.

The cost of publishing this Christmas annual is underwritten by selling copies to church members for their own possession and also as an ideal Christmas gift to transmit to friends, relatives, even acquaintances, locally and throughout the nation.

These, then, are a few of the ways the churches of today are planning well in advance of the Christmas season in order that this Christmas will prove to be a heart-warming and spiritually uplifting affair indeed.

**Prayer for the Church**

_by Emily May Young_

Thy poor, bewildered children, O Lord God, Who plod the woeful paths, where wars prevail, Now seek to learn the way Thy Son hath trod, The way of love where hate does not assail.

Show us, O Lord, how to erect Thy Church Well founded on the Christ, His rock and rood, Supplying needs for which mankind may search, Where souls may find the Bread of Life for food.

Help us to build a Church against which hell's gates Shall not prevail—which, like a tree Planted by living waters, indicates A dream fulfilled. Throughout eternity May it ever banish doubts and fears As it spreads enduring truth year after year.

**Writing Letters**

By Flora E. Breck

_Some people “hate like sin” to write letters, they declare; and yet by taking time out,” letters can be a real blessing—that is, if they aren’t stiff, and if the writer writes as he talks._ Some people find it really difficult to get away from the stereotyped phrases which deaden a letter. If such letter writers could only know what a glow a letter gives—if it is interestingly different—and sincere!

Recently I sent a little spiritual book to a minister. He was assistant pastor of a large church, and I felt a little reticent at the idea of sending such a person a book, and still I had recently heard him speak on the same general theme as the book covered, so I sent it. I told him not to bother to acknowledge receipt of it, but the genuine appreciation he sent pleased me greatly. I was specially interested in the closing phrase of his letter.

He wrote:

"SINCERELY YOURS AND HIS"

*Portland, Oregon.*

**Purse and Person**

When a person is truly converted his purse will be also.

—E. WAYNE STAHL

December, 1961

*The Preacher's Magazine*
SERMON WORKSHOP

Prepared by Nelson G. Mink

What is Evangelism?
It is the sob of God.
It is the anguish of Jesus as He weeps over a doomed city.
It is the sob of Paul, "I could wish myself accursed from Christ for my brethren, my kinsmen according to the flesh."
It is the sob of Moses, "... if not, blot me, I pray thee, out of thy book which thou hast written."
It is the sob of John Knox, "Give me Scotland or I die."
It is the declaration of Wesley, "The world is my parish."
It is the prayer of Billy Sunday, "Make me a giant for God."
It is the sob of parents in the night, weeping over a prodigal child.
It is the secret of a great church.
It is the secret of a great preacher and a great Christian.
—WILLIAM T. HALL.

Reflection Also Changes Things
"The tendency to feel that life ought to be easy and secure, suffering to be avoided, whenever possible, and grief to be denied rather than transcended... does not correspond with our experience. Many a man looks back upon his own early struggle with relief and satisfaction. The times of our lives which held the deepest meanings were the ones when we were face to face with problems too great for our strength."

What To Do With Your Bible:
Know it in the head, Stow it in the heart, Show it in the life, Stow it in the world.
—NAZARENE BULLETIN, San Diego, California

UNIQUE CHANGE
We sold our old building to the small new Baptist congregation in our town. The first Sunday we were in our new building, as we drove by the former place of worship, we saw that the young pastor had this insertion in the outside bulletin board:
"Sane Boss
New Manager
Welcome!"
(This is my own experience, here in Connell.)

PUNICENT THOUGHTS
"A good sermon helps people in different ways. Some rise from it greatly strengthened. Others wake from it refreshed."
On his way to the office every morning the late Congressman Sol Bloom would habitually drop a coin in the street. Asked why, he replied, "Oh, somebody is sure to find it and be happy the rest of the day."
"Reading furnishes the mind only with materials of knowledge. It is thinking that makes what is real ours."
A new definition for love: "Love is the doorway through which the human soul passes from selfishness to service, and from solitude to kinship with all mankind.—Selected.

INVENTORY
A wife, a child, a friend, a pet; These be my treasured store.
And if God spare me, gross or net, A table, with a loaf to set.
A shelter from the storm and wet, And love that may not Him forget—
How could I ask for more?
—A. L. MARKS
Edmonton, Alberta

The Preacher's Magazine

December, 1961

With the Christmas Season in Mind

A CHRISTMAS PRAYER FOR YOU
1. May you have the gladness of Christmas, which is hope.
2. May you have the spirit of Christmas, which is peace.
3. May you have the heart of Christmas, which is love.

It was close to Christmas time in the wooded mountain territory of the Northwest. There was a great deal of excitement among the citizens and ranchers of that area—a five-year-old boy was lost.
More snow fell as the searchers looked frantically in every cave and on every mountainside. But no Bobby could be found. As evening came, the weary, heart-tickled father turned back home. Dejectedly he kicked at what seemed to be a log in his path. But when he snow fell in, a small boy stretched, sat up, and exclaimed: "O Daddy! I've found you at last!"
Now—who found whom?
The bleeding heart of the older man knew that—it was he—and not Bobby—who had done the searching and the finding.
"During these Advent days— as we hasten toward Bethlehem with accelerated steps—sometimes talk about finding God. Learnedly, they speak of the search for God and the discovery of the divine."
"But it was not God who was lost; it was we!
Nor was it we who found God;
It was God who found us. He found us outside, and He brought us into the fold of His grace and forgiveness through the Christ child of Bethlehem."
"Today, as we ponder the wonder of God's love as revealed in the Christmas miracle, we thank Him for having found lost mankind and for having brought us into the warmth and light of Bethlehem's manger."

THE STAR that shone on Judean hills years ago would have failed if there had been no shepherds to see the star, then seek the newborn King in Bethlehem. Success for the star was assured only by human channels present to carry its message. Human eyes caught the shining light and reflected its bright story through the world to men. Tens of millions of Christians have caught that light reflected into their hearts by other humans.
—RUTH W. RUPPEY, P.E.O. Record.

Go down the road to Bethlehem.
It's quiet there.
Except for angel-songs in lofty key.
Outsourcing for the shepherds' jubilee.
It's wondrous there.
Where wise men kneel, their endless journey through;
And rise, how changed! The heavens and earth are new!
It's holy there,
As Mary whispers, rapt in prayer, in fear.
"The riddle of the world lies answered here!"

Go down the road to Bethlehem.
It's God who there!
—Church World Press, Inc.

God has no birthday. Every human being has a day he can look back to as the time of his beginning. With God there is no beginning. With God there is no ending and no ending, so we cannot think of His birthday. Yet, in a beautiful way, He has made it possible for us to celebrate the day when His love showed itself in human form—the birthday of Jesus.
This is the deepest meaning of Christmas. Everything else stems from this central fact that it is the birthday of the Son of God. "Love came down at Christmas," wrote Christina Rossetti.
God's love was shown in Jesus, who was born of a human mother, and wrapped, like any tiny baby, in swaddling clothes and laid in a manger, because there was no room in the inn.
—Pathways of Prayer.
A while back I griped out loud that I never could find what to give people for Christmas. My pastor friend overheard me and next day sent me this list:

To your enemy, forgiveness.
To an opponent, tolerance.
To a friend, your heart.
To a customer, service.
To all men, charity.
To every child, a good example.
To yourself, respect.

—Owen Arnold,
"The Head Man," Bluebook

THE CHALLENGE of simplicity is a magnet to the human spirit. Much of the beauty of Christmas lies in its challenge to look further, deeper, until we find its secret in the heart of God.

—Dale Evans Rogers,
Christmas Is Always

CHRISTMAS 1941

"Christmas is a time, when a sort of divine alchemy transmutes our mean gifts of common days into gold for the King. Even if our gold be only kindness, only kindness... They will be done on earth... Aid on earth peace, goodwill."

—Episcopal Church News

"SOME PEOPLE'S idea of celebrating the holidays is to have a Christmas they'll never forget and a New Year's day they can't remember."

—Chaplain Maurice Seiber

AS AT BETHLEHEM under a star, so today wherever we are, the little Lord Jesus brings us a mood, a music, and message that never shall cease their strange stirrings of life and wonder in our hearts.

—Christian Evangelist

The Preacher's Magazine

December, 1961

A miser must have a wretched time at Christmas, for Christmas is primarily a time of generosity. God set the example when He gave His own Son; the wise men followed it, when they gave their gold to the Christ-child; and in proportion to our share of the Christmas spirit, we are walking in their footsteps today.

—John T. Fairs

Dear Innkeeper:

I was a guest at your inn a few weeks ago. My visit to your city was unpleasant—the Romans were enrolling me for another of their miserable taxes. And the stay in your hostel did not improve matters. I am a patient man, innkeeper. One must be if he is to be a merchant. I can forgive you for many inconveniences. I can overlook the fact that your wine was poor and your bread stale.

But, innkeeper, there are several things I cannot forgive. For my private room, you charged an unreasonable price. And it was about as private as the marketplace. For march from the stable was unbearable.

No sooner had I fallen asleep than I was awakened by shouts of "Hallelujah, the King is born!" I saw a group of shepherds in front of the stable. I could see them by the light of bright stars. I ordered them to be quiet, but they paid no mind. At long last, they disappeared into the stable and it was quietly again.

Five minutes later, I was awakened again, this time by the crying of an infant. Strangely enough, the cries came from the stable. I looked out again and, through the open stable doors, could see the infant and its mother. I yelled down to keep the baby quiet, but apparently they did not hear me.

I could not sleep for the rest of the night. It was the most miserable night of my life—and all because of those people in the stable.

If you are going to permit your high-paying guests to be disturbed by those who pay less and are less, then I hope you are prepared to suffer great financial loss. You will never get anything from shepherds and a family which had to be housed in a stable.

With great displeasure, I remain,

Silas of Jerusalem

—Michael Daver,
"Letter to an Innkeeper," Together

It is such an easy matter to criticize the innkeeper. But have we made room for Jesus? What shall we say of our Christmas preparations? How will we observe the coming day of Jesus' birth? The tree, lights, ornaments, gifts, parties, and all the other outward observance of the holidays no doubt will be there. But is that all? Where is Jesus? Remember: "There was no room for them in the inn..." 1960 years ago. Is there today, when your heart is in the inn, and you the innkeeper? There will be many who in the next few days will say to their Saviour: "True, Christmas first of all is a festival in honor of Thy birth. But, I am sorry to say, in my heart there is another room. The inn of Christ is first in Christmas. What part will He play in your Christmas? Will there be room for Him in your heart? Will you find time to worship Him in a service of your church? He came, to bring-heavy gifts to you—forgiveness of sin, eternal life, and salvation. These are expensive gifts. They cost Him His life. He left the court of heaven, took on human form, was tempted, became a man, died, was buried, and rose again because of your sin. He is the Saviour. He is the Second Person of the Trinity."

December, 1961

Hat Springs (South Dakota) Star
IV. THE WONDER OF THE POPULACE AT THE ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SHEPHERDS
(Luke 2:17-18)
A. They told of the angelic announcement.
1. They had received that announcement in fear and awe and wonder.
2. Don't make divine and holy things profane.
3. Never let sacred places, things, or offices become so common to you that you fail to sense a worshipful attitude within just by being in their presence.
B. They told of the actual fulfillment of the saying of the angels.
1. They went immediately.
   a. Would have missed the event if they had waited.
   b. Announcement sent them to a stable.
   c. Next morning Joseph, Mary, and the Babe would have found a house. (Remember, wise men came to a house, not to a stable.)
2. Be obedient quickly when God speaks.
3. In a manner they say the King of Kings.
   a. Angelic revelation plus sight brought faith.
   b. God giving enough aid so faith possible.
   c. Not said to have worshiped, but shepherds did go out to spread the news.

CONCLUSION:
A. "Mary kept all these things... in her heart."
1. Every mother has a drawer or desk where precious things are salvaged and saved.
2. Every mother has a secret chamber in her heart where precious memories are harbored, never to be forgotten. Mary had such a chamber.
B. "Mary kept all these things... in her heart."
1. She sifted through them in delight because of the truth of Christ's Saviourhood.
2. At this Christmas time, is this Saviour yours?
   a. If so, you have much to think about.
   b. As you think, be thankful.
   c. If not, His coming was that He might be your Saviour this Christmas.

"For unto You"

SCRIPTURE: Luke 2:11

INTRODUCTION:
A college professor in psychology was giving a word-suggestion test to a class of twenty or more. Among the words given was "Christmas." When this word was pronounced each one was asked to write down the first thought that came to mind in connection with "Christmas."

When the professor collected the slips of paper, not a single person had written down "Birthday of Jesus." A number of the class admitted afterwards that this connection would have come to them on second thought and in fact did occur after they had written the first word, but as only one word was permitted in the test, the reaction was exactly as stated.
Among the words written as having been prompted by Christmas were: trees, presents, holly, shopping, plum pudding, and others down the line that were stimulated by many personal experiences.

Now the point to be considered in this connection is not so much the various reflexes indicated by the text, as it is to show that Christ being born into the world is not the first and outstanding thought in the minds of many persons when Christmas is mentioned.

"For unto you a child is born," Isaiah said. Representative characters of that day, seeking—

I. The Shepherds

"Never should a Christmas Day come round without our remembering it was to simple workingmen, busy about their monotonous opening air duties, that the good news came first" (W. T. Ellis).

Angels appear—hosts of angels.

A. They were Jews ("My Saviour was a Jew").
B. They were proud men.
C. They were common men.
D. They were negligently.
E. Angel appeared—whole host appeared.
F. Their attitude—"Let us go"—they made haste, they saw, they told the good news.

II. Simeon

A. Dwelt in Jerusalem.
B. A just man (toward men), devout (toward God).
C. Looking for Israel's Deliverer.
D. Promised he should see the Deliverer.
E. Holy Spirit led him to Temple at right time.
F. His attitude—wrote, saw, embraced, confessed—was then resigned to die.

III. Wise Men

A. They were gentle.
B. They were scholars.
C. They were far removed.
D. They were rich.
E. They were wise: disclosed by:
   1. The object of their seeking.
   2. The act of worship.
   3. Their spirit of giving.
   F. A star appeared unto them.

IV. Three Classes of People, Dealt with Differently

A. Common people: devout ones, wise men.
B. Angels, Holy Spirit, and star.
C. He is for us, no difference who or where (Col. 1:27).

Conclusion:
The Christ of Christmas is the Christ of all men, whether one belongs in the category of the simple-souled shepherds, the devout Simeon, or is counted in the company of the wise men. The final importance is to find Him.

Dr. W. E. Albea
(Submitted by Mark E. Moore)

Note: This sermon outline is from the files of the late Dr. W. E. Albea. It is typical of the freshness and warmth of his spirit. One of the amazing abilities of Dr. Albea was his ability to write clearly and very small. On one sheet of note paper (3½ x 6¼) were five illustrations written out in full—71 words.

In Remembrance of Him

Scripture: Matt. 26:26-28
Text: this do in remembrance of me (I Cor. 11:24).

I. Communion Brings Recollection of the Crucifixion of Christ.
II. Communion Brings Realization of Commitment to Christ.

III. Communion Brings Reconciliation Between Creation and Christ. But let a man examine himself, and so let him eat of that bread, and drink of that cup (1 Cor. 11:28).

IV. Communion Sealed.

—W. M. Lynch
Duncan, Oklahoma

If I Had But One Year to Live

Scripture: Isa. 38:1-5
Text: Set thine house in order (Isa. 38:1).

Introduction: Very few people know when they are going to die. Everyone knows he is. We are here on this earth to get ready for eternity, and to help get others ready for eternity. Remember, all are eternity bound! Bearing this in mind—

I. What Would You Do If You Had Only One Year To Live and Know It?
A. The way you answer that question depends upon your spiritual condition.
B. With some there would be no change of pace.
C. With others there would be a complete about-face.

II. We Have No Assurance That We Have Another Day.
A. God keeps our going a secret, ordinarily.
B. Death is certain—only the time is uncertain.
C. What will the judgment mean to you?

III. What Will Your Answer Be When You Stand Before God Unprepared?
A. Will not be able to say you had no time to prepare.
B. You cannot say you had no opportunity.
C. You cannot say you did not have the light.

Conclusion: What will your answer be?

—William C. Summers
Washington, D.C.
**BOOK BRIEFS**

**SORRY: SO SORRY**

I begin our "Book Briefs" today with an apology. In the November, 1961, "Book Briefs" section I gave an enthusiastic review of the book *The Mind of Jesus*, by William Barclay. As a result of that review I think a number of our members have purchased that book. If you have, you will not have read it through without discovering the author's position on the virgin birth of Christ is far, far away from orthodoxy. He denies it unequivocally. He even goes to go out of his way to make a case to prove that the writers of the New Testament did not believe the Virgin Birth to be a necessary tenet of their faith.

Here's a case of a too hurried review of a book. I dipped into it and found some splendid material. I had read much from the pen of William Barclay previously, and liked his writing, and too hastily and without sufficiently careful and discriminating reading this book was given approval. We draw this to the attention of our readers to let them know that the book has a distinct hazard.

This is a good point for an explanatory note. Your book editor must review hundreds of books each year. We try to be cautious and careful in all reviewing; but there will from time to time be errors such as this, and we merely ask for your patience and prayers that we may do our best. When any error is brought to our attention, we will gladly make adjustment.

**Nazarene Ministers' Book Club Selection**

**CHRIST IS ALL: THE GOSPEL IN GENESIS**

*Henry Law* (Brunner of Truth Trust, 188 pages, paper, $1.00)

Christ is All is a series of twenty-four inclusive, brief sermons, all taken from the Book of Genesis. Each sermon is Christ-centered and excellently written. They read almost like fiction, yet have a wealth of expository gems and insights into the Scriptures.

This book was originally printed over one hundred years ago, but it has long since been out of print and this is the first reprint. Henry Law would not be classed as Wesleyan, but a thoroughgoing evangelical. The evangelistic warmth of these messages compares with Truett, Spurgeon, or P. F. Bresc. In his poignant discussion of Gen. 8:21 ("The Lord smelled a sweet savour"), Law says:

"We catch one glance, and all is seen. The cross is raised, and clouds of prevailing odour pierce the skies. This image is a bright jewel in the Bible-treasury, because it speaks the language of every class, in every age, in every clime.... Just as one orb contains all light, so this brief word is the whole Gospel of reconciliation. The children of Israel were taught in the twilight-rites the fulness of the work of Christ. The flowing blood proclaims all forgiveness.... So, too, when the Apostle uplifts the cross, he proves its power by the same emblem. 'Christ also loved us, and hath given Himself for us, an offering and a sacrifice to God for a sweet smelling savour' (Eph. 5:2). This is the magnifying medium, through which we see, that the dying of Jesus is the garden of God's sweetest perfumes. His one sacrifice is eternal and unbounded fragrance."

Another of the sermons, "The Guilty Clothed," is alone worth the cost of the book. Here are twenty-four well-written sermons in an inexpensive, paperback book. It's true the book will be worn out by the time you've read it and marked it, but we believe you will have preached enough from it that there will be tucked away in your soul a wealth of material in a more permanent storage place than even in a paperback book.

**HERE'S HOW TO WIN SOULS**

*Gene Edwards* (Soul Winning Publications, 82 pages, paper, $1.00)

The book takes as a basic thesis that the average Christian does not know how to witness well and is poor in the business of winning souls. This thesis would be accepted at its face value. The author deals with many important phases of personal soul winning, especially emphasizing scripture memorization. A fine point is made by the urgency with which he insists on the soul winner's striving for a decision. It is a thought-provoking booklet, readable, attractive in design. It is especially helpful for pastors who teach soul-winning classes, although Christians reading it for themselves will derive definite challenge and benefit.

**THE GROWING MINISTER**

*Andrew Blackwood* (Abingdon, 1960, 194 pages, cloth, $3.00)

The author of this book considers the pertinent problem of how a minister can maintain his effectiveness through the years. The factors of increased demands and the quickened pace of modern living are frankly faced.

Blackwood asserts that the best way possible is for the minister to grow in Christlikeness and become a stronger person spiritually and intellectually.

The reader is disappointed to discover in the book some very casual statements which even seem to place approval upon such worldly amusements as motion pictures. The Calvinistic background of the author reveals itself in his feelings that any deviation from the perfect will of God is sin.

The chief appeal is the thesis that a minister can and must continue to grow. This can be done by personal discipline and the grace of God.

—WILSON R. LANPHER

**MAN, THE BIBLE AND DESTINY**

*Lloyd L. Eerdmans* (Eerdmans, 1961, 110 pages, cloth, $2.50)

This book is an attempt on the part of a Christian lawyer to deal with some of the age-old questions connected with man's life on earth, his relation of God, and his destiny. He does this by the raising of familiar questions, and then answering them quite fully by related scriptures, with a few comments.

The author is undoubtedly a sincere, fundamental, evangelical man. He is writing to refute humanistic philosophy.

His orthodoxy is much more pronounced than is his ability to maintain a readable style. One gathers the impression after reading the book awhile that here is a sincere man who is "wading in 'way over his head."

The book has a sense of random wandering and is too largely devoid of unity and purpose. —WILSON R. LANPHER.

December, 1961
The Story of the Christ Child
by LEON MORRIS
Excellent reading for putting you in the mood of the season, but more especially a gold mine of illuminating material for your pre-Christmas preaching.

Using the Nativity stories in Luke and Matthew, Dr. Morris puts aside the questions that would be of interest to the specialists to tell what he himself sees as he has read in "the greatest story ever told" in the original. Taking these ancient writings as they stand, he reveals what they have to say to us today. 124 pages, cloth board. (EE) $2.00

God—Here and Now!
by GEORGE K. BOWERS
For every minister who will take the time, here is some rich, rewarding reading. In thirteen brief messages you will be reminded of the unswerving strength that comes through the ever-present God whatever the circumstances—hard times, major decisions, and even death.

So, too, a page is turned without discovering some striking quotation or sparkling illustration.

One of the great values of this book is the well over one hundred choice quotations, fresh illustrations, and thought-provoking titles. 144 pages, cloth board, (WA) $2.95

The Cost of Discipleship
by DIETRICH BONHOEFFER
"When Christ calls a man," this young German author says, "he bids him come and die."

Dietrich Bonhoeffer was a martyr many times in his brave stand against idolatry before he was hanged by the Nazi SS Black Guards at thirty-nine years of age. This gripping book is a commentary on the price he paid.

Here ministers will find some scholarly material deserving serious thought. "In the last resort, what we want to know is not, what would this or that man, or this or that church, have of us, but what Jesus Christ himself wants of us." 265 pages, cloth board, (MM) $4.00

Finding God's Healing Power
by GERTRUDE D. MCKELVEY
In keeping with the renewed interest in the subject, this careful account of healing as practiced by the larger Protestant denominations has been written. Strong emphasis on the divine may be seen as the author discusses, "Healing Through Your Agents", "The Church Service", "The Power of Prayer", "The Church Clinic", "Pastoral Counseling", "Think of These Things" concludes the book, answering two important questions, "Why Does God Allow Suffering?" and "What Can I Do To Be Healed?" Dr. Harvey S. Goldzwig, member of the Healing Study Committee, says, "the best book available at the present time in this field." 172 pages, cloth board. (LP) $3.50

READ a BOOK-a-MONTH
Let One of THESE Be Your Next

NAZARENE PUBLISHING HOUSE